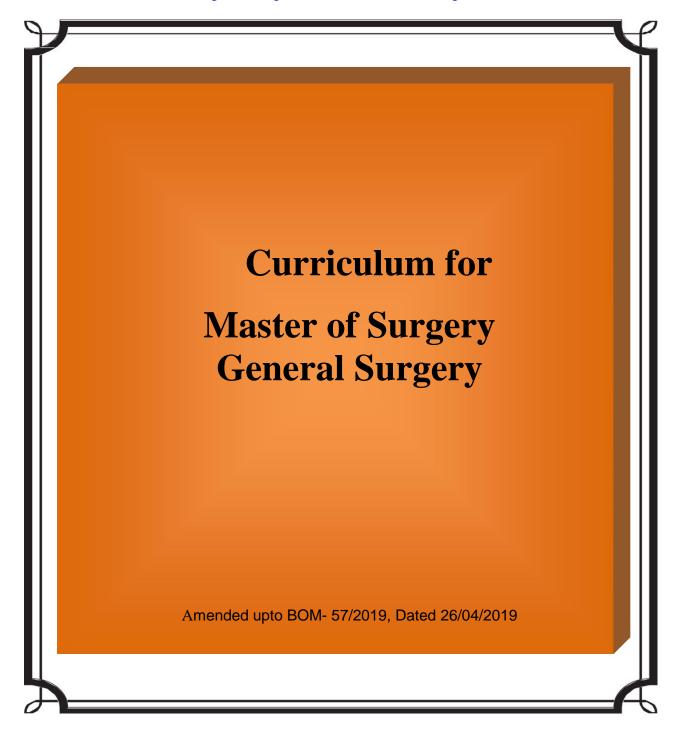


# **MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES**

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956) Grade 'A' Accredited by NAAC Sector-01, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai -410 209 Tel 022-27432471, 022-27432994, Fax 022 -27431094

E-mail: registrar@mgmuhs.com; Website :www.mgmuhs.com



#### **Amended History**

- 1. Approved as per BOM-04/2007, Item 12.1, Dated 14/12/2007.
- 2. Amended as per BOM- 48/2017, [Resolution No. 5.25]; Dated 24/01/207.
- 3. Amended as per BOM-51/2017, [Resolution No.1.3.7.11], [Resolution No.1.3.10.11], [Resolution No. 1.3.10.19], [Resolution No.1.3.23]; Dated 28/08/2017.
- 4. Amended as per BOM-52/2018, [Resolution No. 3.8.2]; Dated 13/01/2018.
- 5. Amended as per BOM-55/2018, [Resolution No. 4.13], [Resolution No. 4.5.4.2], Dated 27/11/2018.
- 6. Amended as per BOM-57/2019, [Resolution No. 3.1.4.1], [Resolution No. 3.1.4.2], [Resolution No. 3.1.4.4]; Dated 26/04/2019.

#### **INSPIRING MINDS**

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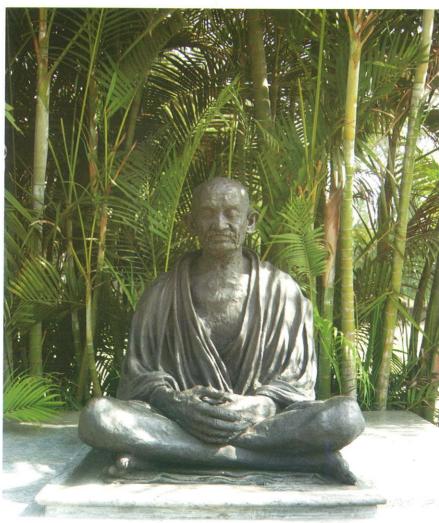
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#### Mission

To improve quality of the life for individuals and community by promoting health, preventing and curing disease, advancing biomedical and clinical research and educating tomorrow's Physicians and Scientists.

#### Vision

By 2020 the MGM University of Health Sciences will rank one of the top private Medical Institution. This will be achieved through ground breaking **discoveries in basic sciences and clinical research** targeted to prevent and relieve human suffering, **excellence in Medical Education** of the next generation of academic clinicians and intrinsic scientists.

MGM University of Health Sciences will transform the **Education of** tomorrow's Physicians and Scientists conducting Medical **Research** to advance health and improving lives by providing world-class patient care.

Many see the 21<sup>st</sup> Century as the golden age of biomedical research. The MGM University of Health Sciences will position for leadership at the horizon of this new era to promote and stabilise stand human health with a standard of excellence.



# Chancellor's Message

It is my pleasure to welcome you to join constituent colleges of Mahatma Gandhi Misson's (MGM) University of Health Sciences, Navi Mumbai. I wish to avail this opportunity to apprise you and your parents about the academic excellence of the deemed university.

The MGM University of Health Sciences was established u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956 vide HRD Notification No.F.9-21/2005-U.3(A) dated 30-8-2006. The MGM University is an outcome of untiring efforts of our educationists. professionals, social activists, technocrat, students and parents. The Mahatma Gandhi Mission Trust that manages the University of Health Sciences and over 40 institutions in Navi Mumbai, Aurangabad, Nanded, and Noida has the vision to empower the masses with the availability of state-of-the-art education. Most of our Institutions have ISO certifications that further endorse our commitment to stringent quality standards. I am proud to state that we have succeeded in these accomplishments during our journey of the past 25 years.

I recollect the memories of struggle and determination when the MGM Trust established its two medical colleges, one each at Navi Mumbai and Aurangabad some twenty years ago. Both the medical colleges have grown into institutions imparting both undergraduate and postgraduate courses, and delivering quality health care to communities in their respective areas. While both colleges are engaged in their primary functions of teaching, patient care and research, they have also excelled in their pursuit for advancement of science and in taking health services to communities through extension programmes. A shining example is the establishment of the Department of Infectious Diseases in 1993 in collaboration with the University of Texas-Houston, USA. This department has established the stateof-the-art clinical services and laboratories for research and care of infectious diseases and received the acclaim of Director General of ICMR when he stated "MGM is the first medical college in India to establish a separate department of infectious diseases. This is the need of the hour." The department has undertaken pathbreaking research and shaped the course of our national control programmes on HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis. The original research of the constituent colleges has been acclaimed among the scientific world globally.

In an era of economic liberalization and the competition among varsities, both in and out of India, the task of grooming professionals who will compete with the best in the world, is tough. To aid our efforts to excel, MGM University of Health Sciences has the latest research facilities, a dedicated research faculty, as well as an array of distinguished visiting faculty members. The quiet ambience of our campuses, the well filled library with subscriptions to international and national journals, and the lush-green gardens add to our accomplishments.

Considering the manpower needs of

educational, industrial agricultural, and health sector to maintain their steady growth, several fresh M.Sc. courses have courses have been launched. M.Sc. courses introduced at the

University from the current academic year shall provide knowledge, skills and subsequent employability that are at par with the counterparts in India and abroad. The curricula of the courses have been designed by experts and peer-reviewed with an emphasis on the job requirements of educational institutions, industries, health care, and research institutions. These courses will empower the students to choose a career in a classroom, a research laboratory or an industry. I am happy that the university is ticking towards the pinnacle with the introduction of these value-added postgraduate courses in medical biotechnology, medical genetics and other basic sciences.

Finally, I wish to place on record my gratitude to the founder members, stake-holders, faculty, staff, students and their parents for providing the MGM Trust with your advice and support.

Once again, it is my pleasure to welcome you to join constituent colleges of MGM University of Health Sciences' at Navi Mumbai and Aurangabad.

Kamal Kishore Kadam Chancellor



Dr R.D.Bapat Vice Chancellor



Dr S.N.Kadam Pro Vice Chancellor



Dr N.N.Kadam **Director** (Examination)



Dr G.S.Narshetty Dean (Navi Mumbai Campus)



Dr Ajit shroff Dean (Aurangabad Campus)



Dr Z.G. Badade Registrar

# M.G.M UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

# EGULATIOS AND CURRICULA FOR POST GRADUATE DEGREE ND DIPLOMA COURSES IN MEDICAL SCIENCES

# CONTENT

Chapter I : Regulations

Chapter II: Goals and Objectives

Chapter III: Course Description M.S. General Surgery

Chapter IV: Monitoring Learning Progress

Chapter V: Medical Ethics

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### M.G.M UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NAVIMUMBAI MAHARASHTRA

#### Chapter I

1.2

# BEGULATIOS AND CURRICULA FOR POST GRADUATE DEGREE COURSES

#### Branches of Study

# 1.1 Postgraduate Degree Courses

The following courses of studies may be perused A. *M.D [ Doctor of Medicine]* 

- 1. Anesthesiology
- 2. Anatomy
- 3. General Medicine
- 4. Microbiology
- 5. Pathology
- 6. <u>Pediatrics</u>
- 7. Pharmacology
- 8. <u>Physiology</u>

## B. M.S [Master of Surgery]

- 1. General Surgery
- 2. Obstetrics and Gynecology

- Ophthalmology
- Orthopedics

# 1.2 Costgraduate Diploma Courses

Postgraduate courses may be pursued in the following subjects

- 1. Child Health [D.C.H.]
- 2. Obstetrics and Gynecology [D.G.O.]
- 3. Ophthalmology [D.O.]
- 4. Orthopedics [D.Ortho]

2.

5. Anesthesiology [Def.a.] N

#### Eligibility for Admission

2.1 *MD/MS Degree and Diploma Courses:* A candidate affiliated to this university and who has passed final M.B,B.S examination after pursing a study in medical college recognized by Medical Council Of India, from a recognized Medical college affiliated to any other university recognized as equivalent thereto and has completed one year compulsory rotating internship in a Teaching Institute or other institution recognized by Medical Council of India, and has obtained permanent registration number of State Medial Council shall be eligible for admission.

# 3. Obtaining Eligibility Certificate by the University before making Admission.

No candidate shall be admitted for any postgraduate degree/diploma courses unless the candidate has obtained and produced the eligibility certificate issued by the University. The candidate has to make an application to the University with the following Documents along with the prescribed fee.

- 1. MBBS pass/degree certificate issued by the University.
- 2. Marks cards of all the University examination passed MBBS course.
- 3. Attempt certificate produced by the principal.
- 4. Certificate regarding the recognition of the medical college by the Medical Council of India
- 5. Completion of internship certificate
- 6. In case internship was done in a non teaching hospital, a certificate from Medical Council of India that the hospital is recognized for internship.
- 7. Registration by any State Medical Council.
- 8. Proof of SC/ST or Category I, as the case may be.
- 9. For NRI student, equivalent certificate ALV AS Beliebres of Lexing

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Candidate should obtain he Eligibility Certificate before the last date for admission as notified by the University.

A Candidate who has been admitted to post graduation course should register his / her name in the University within a month of admission after paying the registration fee.

#### 5. Intake of Students

The intake of students to each course shall be in accordance with the ordinance in this behalf as per University / Medical Council of India norms.

## Course of Study

#### 1 Duration

a) M.D (M.S Degree courses

The course of study shall be for a period of 3 years consisting of 6 terms

#### b) Diploma courses

The course of study shall be of 2 years consisting of 4 terms

# 6. Method of Training

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The training of postgraduate for Degree / Diploma shall be residency pattern with graded responsibilities in the management and treatment of patients surrusted to his/her care. The participation of the students in all facets of ducational process is essential. Every candidate should take part in seminar, roup discussion, grand rounds, case demonstrations, clinics, journal review meetings, CPC and clinical meetings. Every candidate should be required to participate in teaching and training programme of undergraduate students. Training should include involvement in laboratory and experimental work, and research studies. Basic medical sciences student should be posted to allied and relevant clinical departments or institutions. Similarly clinical subjects student should be posted to basic medical sciences and allied speciality departments and batitutions attaché to M.G.M. Group of Hospital:

# Attendance, Progress and Conduct

7.1. A candidate pursuing degree/diploma course should work in concern department of institution for full period as a full time

student. No candidate is permitted to run clinic/laboratory/nursing home while studying post graduate course.

- Each year must be taken a salunit for the purpose of calculating 7.2. attendance;
- 7.3. Every student must attend symposia, seminars, conference, journal review meetings, grand rounds. CPC, case presentation clinics and lectures as prescribed by department and not absent him self / hersel from work without valid reason an should be reflected in Log Books (please read chapter IV)
- 7.4. Every candidate is required to attend minimum of 80% of the trainin during each academic year of post graduate course. Provided further leave of any kind of leave shall not be counted as a part of academic term without prejudice to minimum 80% attendance of training period every year and it should be reflected on Log Books on separat page and should be checked by Guide and HOD.
- 7.5.
- Any student fails to complete the course in the manner stated above shall be permitted to appear for the University Examination.

# 8. Monitoring Process of Studies

8.1 Work diary/Log Book - Every candidate shall maintain a work

- diary and record his/her participation in the training programmes conducted by the department such as journal reviews, seminars etc.(please see chapter IV for model check lists and log book specimen copy).special mention may be made of the presentation by the candidate as well as details of clinical or laboratory procedures, if any, conducted by the candidate. The work diary shall be scrutinized and certified by Head of The Department and Head of The Institute, and presented in University clinical/practical examination.
- Periodic test Anorease of degree courses of three years 8.2

duration(MD/MS), the concern department may conduct three test, two

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of them be annual tests, one at the end of first year and the other at the end of second year. The third test may be held three months before the final examination. The test may include written papers, practical /clinical and viva voce. Records and marks obtained in such tests will be maintained by/he head of the department and sent to the University, when called for.

In case of diploma courses of two years duration

- department may conduct two tests, one of them at the end of first year
   and the other in the concern second year three months before the final examination. The tests may include written papers, practical / clinical and viva voce.
- 8.3. Records- Records and marks obtained in tests will be maintained by the Head of the Department and will be made available to the University or MCI. (Auxay triffer 18)

#### 9. Dissertation

- 9.1. Every candidate pursuing MD/MS degree course is required to carryout work on a selected research project under the guidance of a recognized post graduate teacher. The result of such a work shall be submitted in the form of dissertation.
- 9.2. The dissertation is aimed to train the post graduate student in research methods and techniques. It includes identification of a problem, formulation of hypothesis, search and review of literature, getting acquainted with recent recent advances, designing of a research study, collection of data, critical analysis, and comparison of results and drawing conclusion.
- 9.3. Every candidate shall submit to the Registrar (Academic) of the university in the prescribed Performa, a synopsis containing particulars of proposed dissertation work within six month from the date of commencement of course on or before the dates notified by the University. The synopsis shall be sent through proper channel

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- 9.4. Such synopsis will be review and dissertation topic will be registered by the University. No change in the dissertation topic or guide shall be made without prior approval of the University.
- 9.5. The dissertation should be written under following headings:

-i. Introduction

ii. Aims or objective of study

iii. Review of literature

iv. Material and Methods

v. Results

vi. Discussion

vii. Conclusion

viii. Summary

ix. References

x. Tables

xi. Annexures

9.6. The written text of dissertation shall not be less than 50 pages and shall not exceed 150 pages excluding references, tables, questionnaires and annexure, It should be neatly typed in double line spacing one side of paper (A4 size, 8.27" X 11.69") and bound properly. Spiral binding should be avoided. The dissertation shall be certified by the guide, head of the department and head of the Institution.

9.7. Four copies of the dissertation thus prepared shall be submitted to the Registrar(Evaluation), six months before final examination on before dates notified by the University.
9.8. The dissertation shall be submitted by the University.

8. The dissertation shall be valued by examiners appointed by the University. Approval of dissertation work is an essential pre condition for a candidate to appear in final University examination.

9.9. Guide: The academic qualification and teaching experience required for recognition by this university as a guide for dissertation work is as per Medical Council of India Minimum Qualification for Teacher in Medical Institution Regulation, 1998. Teacher in medical college/institution having a total eight sistered shall

years teaching experience out of which at least five years teaching experience as Lecturer or Assistant Professor gained after obtaining post graduate degree shall be recognized as post graduate teachers.

A **Co-guide** may be included provided that the work requires substantial contribution from the sister department or from another medical institution recognize for teaching /training by M.G.M University of Health Sciences/Medical Council Of India. The Co-guide shall be a recognized post graduate teacher of M.G.M: University of Health Sciences.

9.10. Change of guide: In the event of registered guide leaving the college for any reason or in the event of death of guide, guide may be changed with prior permission from university.

#### 10. Schedule Of Examination

The examination for M.D/M.S courses shall be held at the end of three academic years( six academic terms). The examination for Diploma courses shall be held at the end of two academic years( four academic terms ). The University shall conduct two examinations in a year at an interval of four to six months between the two examinations. Not more than two examination shall be conducted in an academic year.

# 11. Scheme of Examination

11.1 M.D/M.S Degree

M.D/M.S Degree examination in any subject shall consist of dissertation, written paper(Theory), practical/clinical and viva voce.

11.1.1. Dissertation: Every candidate shall carry out work and submit a dissertation as indicated in SLNO.9. Acceptance of dissertation

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shall be a pre condition for the candidate to appear for final examination.

11.1.2. Written Examination(Theory): A written examination consist of four question papers, each of three hours duration. E ach paper shall carry 100 marks. Out of the four papers the 1st paper of clinical subjects will on applied aspects of basic medical sciences. Recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. In basic medical subjects and para-clinical subjects, questions on applied clinical aspects should also be asked

#### 11,1.3. Practical/Clinical Examination :

In case of practical examination, it should be aimed at assessing competence and skills of technique sand procedure, as well as testing student ability to make relevant and valid observations, interpretation and inference of laboratory or experimental work relating to his/her subject.

In case of clinical examination it should aim at examining clinical skills and competence of candidate for undertaking independent work as a specialist. Each candidate should examine af least one long case and two short cases.

The total marks for practical/clinical examination should be 200.

11.1.4. Viva Voce: Viva Voce examination shall aim at assessing depth of knowledge, logical reasoning, confidence and oral communication skills. The total marks shall be 100 and the distribution of marks shall be as under

(i)	For examination of all components of syllabus	80 Marks
(ii)	For Pedagogy	20 Marks

11.1.5. Examiners: There shall be at least four examiners in each subject. Out of two shall be external examiners and two shall be internal examiners. The qualification and teaching experience for appointment as laid down by the Medical Council of India/University.

of es.	<ul> <li>11.1.6. Criteria for declaring as pass in University examination: A candidate should secure not less than 50% of marks in each head of passing which shall include         <ul> <li>(1) Theory</li> <li>(2) Practical including clinical and viva voce examination. Head</li> <li>A candidate securing less than 50% marks as described</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
d sing	A candidate securing less than 50% marks as described above shall be declared to have failed in the examination. Failed candidate may appear in any subsequent examination upon payment or fresh fee to the Registrar(Fvaluation).
nd	<ul> <li>11.1.7 Declaration of distinction: A successful candidate passing the University examination in first attempt will be declared to have passed the examination with distinction, if the grand total aggregate marks is 75% and above. Distinction will not be awarded to candidate passing in more than one attempt.</li> </ul>
e	11.2 Diploma Examination:
of	Diploma examination in any subject shall consist of theory (written papers), Practical/Clinical and viva voce.
ion s	11.3.1 Theory: There shall be three written question papers each carrying 100 marks. Each paper will be of three hours duration. In clinical subject one paper out of this shall be on basic medical sciences. In basic medical subjects and Para-clinical subjects, questions on applied clinical aspect should also be asked.
;t. 1	11.3.2 Practical/Clinical Examination: In case of practical examination it should be aimed at assessing competence, skills related to laboratory procedures as well as testing students ability to make relevant and valid observations, interpretation of laboratory or experimental work relevant to his/her subject. In case of practical examination it should aim at examining clinical skills and competence of candidates for

undertaking independent work as specialist. Each candidate should examine at least one long case and two short cases.

The maximum marks for practical/Clinical shall be 150

- *Viva Voce:* Viva Voce examination shall aim at assessing depth of knowledge, logical reasoning, confidence and oral communication skills. The total marks shall be 100 and the distribution of marks shall be 50
   *Criteria for declaring as pass in University examination:* A condition
  - Criteria for declaring as pass in University examination: A candidate should secure not less than 50% of marks in each hed of passing which shall include
    - (1) Theory
    - (2) Practical including clinical and viva voce examination

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A candidate securing less than 50% marks as described above shall be declared to have failed in the examination. Failed candidate may appear in any subsequent examination upon payment or fresh fee to the Registrar (Evaluation).

- 11.3.5 Declaration of distinction: A successful candidate passing the University examination in first attempt will be declared to have passed the examination with distinction, if the grand total aggregate marks is 75% and above. Distinction will not be awarded to candidate passing in more than one attempt.
- 11.3.6 Examiners: There shall be at least four examiners in each subject. Out of two shall be external examiners and two shall be internal examiners. The qualification and teaching experience for appointment as laid down by the Medical Council of India/University.

# 12. Number of Candidates Per Day:

T. <sup>T</sup> MD/MS	course	Maximum of 6 per day
and the second	course	Maximum of 8 per day
<i>*</i>	8	. CHAPTER II
Goal	ls and Gen	eral Objectives of Postgraduate
		Medical Program
		°
Goal:		<i>ν</i>
1	he goal of pos pecialist and/	st graduate medical education shall be to produce or a medical teacher:
competent si		
competent sp		·
(i)	Who shall re	cognize the health needs of the community, and
	Who shall re cary out prot	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping with
	Who shall re cary out prof the objective	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping with so of national health policy.
(i) .	Who shall re cary out prot the objective Who shall ha to the specia	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping wit as of national health policy. ave mastered most of the competencies, retrainin lity, that are required to be practiced at the
(i) • (íi)	Who shall re cary out prot the objective Who shall ha to the specia secondary ar	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping wit as of national health policy. ave mastered most of the competencies, retrainin lity, that are required to be practiced at the nd the tertiary level of health care delivery system
(i) .	Who shall re cary out prof the objective Who shall ha to the specia secondary ar Who shall be	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping wit as of national health policy. ave mastered most of the competencies, retrainin lity, that are required to be practiced at the nd the tertiary level of health care delivery syster aware of the contemporary advances and
(i) (ii)	Who shall re cary out prof the objective Who shall ha to the specia secondary ar Who shall be development Who shall ha	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping wit as of national health policy. ave mastered most of the competencies, retrainin lity, that are required to be practiced at the nd the tertiary level of health care delivery system aware of the contemporary advances and t in the discipline concerned. ave acquired a spirit of scientific enquiry and is
(i) (ii) (iii)	Who shall re cary out prof the objective Who shall ha to the specia secondary ar Who shall be development Who shall ha oriented to th	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping wit as of national health policy. ave mastered most of the competencies, retrainin lity, that are required to be practiced at the nd the tertiary level of health care delivery system e aware of the contemporary advances and t in the discipline concerned. ave acquired a spirit of scientific enquiry and is ne principles of research methodology and
(i) (ii) (iii)	Who shall re cary out prof the objective Who shall ha to the specia secondary ar Who shall be development Who shall ha oriented to the epidemiolog	cognize the health needs of the community, and fessional obligations ethically and in keeping wit as of national health policy. ave mastered most of the competencies, retrainin lity, that are required to be practiced at the nd the tertiary level of health care delivery system e aware of the contemporary advances and t in the discipline concerned. ave acquired a spirit of scientific enquiry and is ne principles of research methodology and

.

At the end of the post graduate training in the discipline concerned the student shall be able to

- (i) Recognize the importance of concerned speciality in the context of the health need of the communities and the national priorities in the health sector.
- (ii) Practice the speciality concerned ethically and in step with principles of primary health care.
- (iii) Demonstrate sufficient understanding of the basic sciences relevant to the concern speciality.
- (iv) Identify social, economic, environmental, biological and emotional determinants of health in given case and take them into
  - account while planning therapeutic, rehabilitative, preventive and promotiv measures /strategies.

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- Diagnose and manage majority of conditions in the speciality concerned on the basis of clinical assessment and appropriately selected and conducted investigations.
- (vi) Plan and advise measures for prevention and rehabilitation of patients suffering from disease and disability related to the speciality.
- (vii) Demonstrate skills in documentation of individual case details as well as morbidity and mortality data relevant to the assigned
- (viii) Demonstrate empathy and humane approach towards patients and there families and exhibit inter personal behavior in accordance with the social norms and expectations.
- (ix) Play the assigned role in implementation of national health programmes, effectively and responsibly.
- Organize and supervise the chosen/assigned health care services demonstrating adequate managerial skills in theclinical/hospital or the field situation.
- (xi) Develop skills as a self directed learner, recognize continuing educational needs, select and use appropriate learning resources.
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(xii) Demonstrate competence in basic concepts of research, methodology and epidemiology, and be able to critically analyse relevant published research literature.

(xiii) Develop skills in using educational methods and techniques as applicable to the teaching of medical/nursing students, general physicians and paramedical health workers.

(xiv) Function as an effective leader of health team engaged in healthcare research or training.

### Statement of the Competencies

Keeping in view the general objectives of post graduate training, each disciplines shall aim at development of specific competencies which shall be defined and spelt out in clear terms. Each department shall produce a statement and bring it to the notice of the trainces in the beginning of the programme so that he/she can direct the efforts towards the attainments of these competencies.

# Statement of the Competencies

The major components of the PG curriculum shall be.

- Theoretical knowledge
- Practical/clinical skills
- Training in the thesis
- Attitudes including communication.
- Training in research methodology.

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## CHAPTER III

#### M.S. General Surgery

#### Goals

The course of post graduate training course in surgery would be to train a MBBS doctor who will:

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- Practice surgery efficiently and effectively, backed by scientific knowledge and skill base.
- Exercise empathy and caring attitude and maintain high ethical standards.

- Continue to evince keen interest in continuing surgical education irrespective of whether he is in a teaching institute or he is a practicing surgeon.

- Be a motivated 'teacher'- defined as a surgeon keen to share his knowledge and skills with a colleague or a junior or any learner.

#### Objectives

The following objectives are laid out to achieve the goals of the course. These objectives are to be achieved by the time the candidate

completes the course. The objectives may be considered under the subheadings.

- 1. Knowledge (Cognitive domain)
- 2. skills (Psycho motor domain)
- 3. Human values . Ethical practice and Communication abilities

#### Knowledge:

A list of objectives related to knowledge and higher cognitive abilities that are expected to be achieved during the course is given.

At the end of the training the candidate must be able to:

- Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, principles of diagnosis and management of common surgical problems including emergencies, in adults and child rents.
- Describe indication and methods for fluid and electrolyte replacement therapy including blood transfusion.
- Describe common malignancies in the country and their management including prevention.
- Demonstrate understanding of basic sciences relevant to general surgery.
- Identify social, economic, environmental and emotional. determinants in a given case and take them into account for planning therapeutic measures.
- Recognise condition that may be outside the aea of his speciality/competence and to refer them to proper specialist.

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- Advise regarding the operative or non operative management of the case and to carry out this management effectively.
- Update himself by self study and attending courses, conferences and seminars relevant to surgery.
- Feach and guide his team, colleagues and other students.
- Undertake audit, use information technology tools and carry out research, both basic and clinical, with the aim of publishing his work and presenting his work at various scientific fora.

#### <u>Skills:</u>

- Take proper clinical history, examine the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and order relevant tests and interpret them to come to a reasonable diagnosis about the surgical condition.
- Perform minor operative procedures and common general surgical operations independently and the major procedures with help from the senior surgeon.
- Provide basic and advance life saving support services9BLS and ALS) in emergency situations like bomb lasts.
- Manage acute abdominal emergencies and poly trauma.
- Undertake thorough wound management including burn wounds.
- Undertake complete patient monitoring including the pre operative and the post operative care of the patient.

# Human value, Ethical practice and Communication abilities

- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of his surgical practice. Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered. Surgical care is to be delivered irrespective of social status, cast, creed, or the religion of the patient.
- Develop communication skiils In particular the skills to explain various options available in management and to obtain a true informed consent from the patient.
- Provide leadership and to get best out of his team, in a congenial working atmosphere.
- Apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying out human or animal research.
- Be humble and accept the limitations in his knowledge and skills and to ask for help from the colleagues when needed.
- Respect patients' rights and privilege including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.

# Essential Knowledge:

The course contents have been identified and categorized as essential knowledge as under. This is to enable the student to achieve the objective of the course. It is recognized that the general surgery today mainly covers abdominal operations, thyroid and breast diseases. A general surgeon should also have knowledge of some common problems in allied specialities. Further he should be complications, current controversies and recent advances in these topics.

The topics are considered under:

- Basic sciences
- General Surgery topics and
- Specialty topics.

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ome overlap between the later two categories is to be expected.

Basic sciences includes anatomy, physiology, biochemistry, microbiology and pathology, as found in current textbooks. These standard topics are recommended to be studies in as much as they are applicable to the practice of surgery. The stress is on applied anatomy of the parts deal with by the surgeon as defined by the skills list; patho-physiology and surgical pathology.

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General Surgery Topics includes following:

Eistory of Surgery

Clinical History and Examination- detailed systemic history taking, clinical examination of various systems, coming to a provisional working diagnosis.

Rationale of diagnostic tests - ordering diagnostic test with prioritizing the

Needs based on clinical, hospitals and socio economic condition of the patient.

Informed consent / Medicolegal issues- understanding the implementation of Omission and commission in practice. Issues regarding consumer protection actimplications in a medicolegal case like accident, assault etc.

Communication skills with patients - Understanding clarity in communication compassionate explanations and giving emotional support to at the time of suffer and bereavement.

Principles of surgical audit - understanding the audit of process and outcome. Methods adopted for the same. Basic statisticses.

Principles of evidence based medicine-Understanding journal based literature

study ;the value of text books, reference book articles, value of review articles,

profil, hal articles and their critical assessment. Understanding the value of retrospective, randomized trials and blinded studies, Understanding

the meanings and principles of various biostatical tests applied in these studies.

Martical ethics/ Social responsibilities of surgeons.

Use of computers in surgery- Components of a computer, its use in practice,

protection, database and processing, spread sheet function, database and presentation;

the internet and its use, the value of computer based systems into bio medical solutionents.

12 lth insurance, Health care financing.

Liniertaking clinical audit

Prospective data collection /writing case reports and clinical papers.

**Giving presentations** /Computer presentations

Preoperative workup - concept of fitness for surgery, basic medical workup in

Special situation like diabetese, renal failure, cardiac and respiratory illnesses,

rish stratification.

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inciples of operative surgery like asepsis, anti sepsis, steilization.

Engical sutures, drains, prosthetic grafts

<sup>2</sup> and operative care -Concept of recovery room, airway management, assessment

of wakefulness, assessment of cardiovascular instability in this period, criteria for shifting to a ward, pain management.

Busic surgical instrumentation – principles of surgical instrumentation, their maintenance and sterilization.

Sum ical diathermy, lasers

Wat nd management – Wound healing, factors influencing healing, basic sub-scal techniques, properties of suture materials, appropriate use of sutures.

Assessment of head, chest and abdominal trauma and triage – Assessment of a trauma victim, resuscitation, care at the site, triage, care in the accident department, criteria for immediate surgery, immediate workup and logical referral

criteria.

Fluid and electrolyte balance/ acid -base metabolism- The body fluid

compartments, metabolism of water and electrolytes, factors maintaining homeostasis, cause for treatment of acidosis and alkalosis.

Blood transfusion – Blood grouping, cross matching, blood component therapy, Complications of blood transfusion, blood substitutes, auto trans fusion, cell savers

Surgical infections – asepsis and antisepsis, microbiological principles,

rational use of antibiotics, special infections like synergistic gangrene and

abetic foot infection, hepatitis and AIDS.

Surgical nutrition – Nutritional assessment, metabolic response to stress, need for nutritional support, enteral nutrition, route of access to GI tract, parantral nutrition, use of central veins for nutritional support.

Principles of laproscopy/ GI endoscopy - laproscopic instrumentation, physiology of pneumoperitoneum, complications of laproscopy, diagnostic and hempeutic applications, GI endoscopic instrumentation, diagnostic and

pherapeutic applications of upper GI, lower GI and ERCP studies.

Sprinciples of oncology- cell kinetics, causation of tumor, principle of oncologic Superies, radio therapy and chemo therapy, paraneoplastic syndrome, cancer pain management, palliative care.

iprinciple of burns management - types of thermal injury assessment of extent, undediate management, late managemeNt, skin cover, rehabilitation.

Principles of fracture management – fracture healing, principles

of immobilization, complications, principles of internal fixation.

Airway obstruction - anatomy of the airway, principles of keeping airway patent

Mouth to mouth resuscitation, oropharyngeal airway, endotracheal intubation,

crico-thyroidectomy, tracheostomy.

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Shock and pulmonary failure- types of shock, diagnosis, resuscitation,

pharmacologic support, ARDS and its causes, prevention, ventilatory support.

Anysthesia – stages of anesthesia, pharmacology of inhalational, intravenous and regional, anesthesia. Muscle relaxants

Assessment of trauma – multiple injured patient/ close abdominal and chest

Penetrating injuries; racture pelvis; urological injuries; vascular injuries; trauma scores

Acute abdomen – appendicitis/ peritonitis/ perforated viscus/ intestinal obstruction.

Hornias – simple and complicated – various type of hernia; their repair,

prosthetic materials

Critic d care - cardio respiratory failure - management of shock; including monitoring; sepsis score; pharmacological support. Pain control - acute and chronic pain; cancer and non cancer pain; patient controlled analgesia. Breast disease - benign and malignant disease; diagnosis; investigation; screening for cancer; genetics of breast cancer. Thyroid disease - solitary nodule; investigations; multi nodular goiter; Hashimoto's disease; cancer. Upper GI disease- oesophageal and gastro duodenal disorders Hepato-biliary disease Pancreatic disease Colo-rectal disease/Anal disease Soft tissue neoplasm Endocrine disease The specialty topics includes the following: GI endoscopy and laproscopy Principles of Glendoscopy Complications including infective consideration Diagnostic and therapeutic GI endoscopy including upper GI, lower GI, and pancreatico-biliary system Physiology of pneumoperitoneum

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Diagnostic laproscopy	,
Lanroscopic therapeutic procedures	
» Neurosurgery.	
Head and neck trauma; acute management and rehabilitation	
Concept of brain death/ medicolegal implication	
Peripheral nerve injuries	
Neoplasms of brain and meninges	- 0
Acute and chronic infections of brain and meninges	
Hydrocephalus	
Spinal injuries	
Monitoring intracranial tension	
• Urology	
Urological injuries	
Urothelial tumors/ chemotherapy	
Prostatic hypertrophy	
Hypospadias	
Pyleonephritis/ perinephric abcess	
GU tuberculosis	
Scrotal disease	

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endourology	
Peritone/ CAPD/ haemodialysis	
Transplantation/ harvestingkidney	v
Urinary diversions	•
Infertility/ Vasectómy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pyeloplasty / hydronephrosis.	e .
• Oncology	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Imaging C I/MRI;CT guided FNAB/C	α
Breast, thyroid and G1 malignancies	
Head and neck tumors	·····

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Chemotherapy/Adjuvant therapy

Post excision reconstruction

Radiotherapy

Plastic surgery

Burns management

Facial injuries

Principles of tissue transfer

Cleft lip and palate

Congenital defects of hand

Pressure sores

principles of microsurgery	£	~
It pospadiais	۰.	, w
Details of skin flaps		
Nerve repair		e e
Viscular repair.	B	. G
and injuries/ tendon injuries		
Cardio-thoracic surgery		-1
Flail chest / thoracic trauma	к.	
Bronchogenic carcinoma		
Lobectomies		
Pneumonectomies		
Endocardit.s prophylaxis	· .	
Pulmonary function test		
Controle of major haemorrhage		
Operations on the diaphragm		~~~~
Coronary artery disease		
Vascular hear disease		
Lobectomies and pneumonectomies		
Oesophgeal diseases		
Operations on thoracic aorta		

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Basics of congenital	heart disease
	v v v
Vascular surgery	
Vascular imaging	an a
A V mlformation	
Exposure of major a	rteries and veins/ vascular anatomy
Varicose veins	
Chronic venous insu	fficiency
Vascular emergencie	•
Peripheral vascular c	lisease-Atherosclerosis, arteritis
Details of vascular p	rosthesis
Paediatric surgery	
Fluid and electrolyte	management
Preparation for surge	ery / Post-op care
Hernias	
Spinal fusion defects	The second s
Ventral defects	
Undescended testes	
Hypertrophic pyloric	stenosis
Hirshprung's disease	

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Diaphragmatic hernias		a <u></u>	-
Tracheo ocsophageal fistula	n – 18 februard and an early a februard and an an	د. د	
Ano-rectal anomaties	. 10.00,000	1. 18. 1 10. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	
Necrotizing enteritis		•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	*	
<ul> <li>Gynaecological surgeries</li> </ul>		<b>4</b>	1 *
Pelvic inflammatory disease	*******		
Ectopic pregnancy			~~~
Overian cyst	-	~	
		<i>.</i>	
Caesarean section			
Family planning	····		

#### **Essential Surgical Skills**

Surgery is a skill-based discipline. The following list is drawn up with a view to specifying basic minimum skills to be acquire. While an attempt has bee made to specify the year wise distribution of learning of skills (in the latter part of this curriculum), it is recognized that the process is a continuous one. The principle of giving graded responsibility to the student is to be applied throughout the course. The year wise distribution of skills recommended is to be used as general guideline. Some overlap may be there. Provision of training in various specialty subjects has been made during the second year of the course. Skills in specialty subjects may be acquired bothering the specialty posting and during the general surgery postings in the parent department, if the procedures are carried out. The list within the tables, indicates the surgical procedures that the students should, by the end of the course, be able to perform independently (P1) by himself/herself or should have performed with assistance (PA) during the course. The other category of surgical procedures mentioned form a general guide for the

procedures that the student should either have observed (O) or have assisted the operating surgeon (A). Note, for all category the student washes up in the operating room. There may be an overlap between the skill list of the general surgery list and the specialty lists, Where different numbers are mentioned for the same / similar procedures between the general surgery and specialty lists, the higher number is applicable as the prescribed number. (Note that the total numb is not the sum of the numbers mentioned for the same/similar procedures in the seneral surgery and specialty lists;)

Stills may be considered under the following headings

e) Basic graduate skills

b) War procedures

·c) ICU procedures

d) Emergency room procedures

e) Preoperative workup procedures

() Postoperative procedures

g) Minor surgical procedures

h) Major operating room techniques

i) General surgical procedures

j) Speciality surgical procedures

k) Training to under graduate students and interns

# A) Basic graduate skills

The student should have acquired the certain skills during his undergraduate and internship. These skills have to be reinforced at the beginning of the training period. These skills include al or ti e Jimb the

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	l	<u> </u>	
procedure	category	year	No.
Insertion of LV lines, nesogastric tubes, urinary	PI	l	50
Catheter etc.			
Minor suturing and suture removal	PI *	` ] ``	50
Removal of tubes and drains	Pl	1	50
Routine wound dressing	PI	I	50

## )) Ward procedures

Ward procedures forms an important part of the training of the surgeon. In addition to the touting examination of the patient with proper recording of findings, diligent practice of the following is recommended.

procedure	category	year	No.
Abdominal paracentesis including diagnostic	PI	I	5
Peritoneal lavage			-
Ability to teach UGs and Interns	PI	I	NA
Blood sampling; venous and arterial	PI .	I	NA
Bone marrow aspiration	PI	]	2
Burns dressing	PI	Ца	٥ <b>١</b> ٥
Communication skills with patients, relatives,	PI	l	NA
Colleagues and practical staff.			
Ordering of the requisite laboratory and	Pl	1	NA
Radiological Investigations and interpretation of			

The reports in light of the clinical picture.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Proficiency in common ward procedures	Р	]	NA
Škills for per-rectal examination and proctoscopy	PI	ь 	NA
Thoracocentesis	PI	- 11	5
Universal precautions against communicable	PI,	·I	5N/
diseases	a	64	
Venesection	Ы	]+]]	5
	1147 / Arban Amazan - Mal Lan ana ang di Anjanaka kayan baya	+-[]]]	

NA; Not Aplicable

# e) ICU Procedures

procedure	category	year	No.
Insertion of arterial line	Ы	II	10
Insertion of central venous line	PI	I	10
Insertion of endotracheal tube	PI	11	10
Insertion of peritoneal dialysis catheter	·A/PA	I,II,	5
		Ш	
Intercostals drainage	PI	]]	5
Suprapubic cystostomy	PI	II	5
Tracheostomy	PI	1	2
Working knowledge of ventilators and monitors	PI	I	NA

Interpretation of arterial blood gases	РГ –	- Turk	NA	
Correction of electrolyte disturbances	Ы	ľ	NA	
Prescribing paranteral and enteral nutrition	Pl	I	NA	j

## c) Emergency room procedures

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		· · · ·	
procedure	category	year	No.
Application of splints for fractures	РІ	l J	NA
Arterial and venous lines	PI `	I	NA
Assessment and initial management of poly	PI	· <b>I</b> .	NA
trauma	1		
Cardiopulmonary resuscitation	Pl	T	NA
Management of airway obstruction	Pl	l	NA
Management of cardiac shock and respiratory	PI	I	NA
failure			
Recognition and initial management of	PI	I	NA
Surgical emergencies			
Suturing technique	PI	I	NA

	Skills for proper fluid and antibiotic management		,	NA
	Stoma care	Ы	ľ.	NA
Б	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			¢,

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# d) Pre operative workup

procedure	category	year	No.
Ability for adequate pre-operative preparation	РІ	]	NA
in special situations like diabetes, renal faiture,			
cardiac and respiratory failure etc. and risk		`	Þ
stratification.			
Communication skills with special reference to	PI	1	NA
Obtaining informed consent.			
Proper pre operative assessment and	РІ	I	NA
preparation of patients including DVT			
prophylaxis, blood transfusion and antibiotics			

E) Postoperative care		·	·
procedure	category	year	No.
Airway management	PI	1	NA
Basic physiotherapy	PI	I	NA
Management of epidural analgesia	PI	I	NA
Management of fistula	PI	I	N.A
Management of postoperative hyper/hypotension	Pl	I	NA
Postoperative pain control	PI	1	NA
Skili for nutritional rehabilitation of patient	PI	1	NA

# g) Minor O T Procedures

Catan	×/	
X	Year	Number
PI		5
		· · · · · ·
PI	1	5
PI	I	5
PI	I	20
PI	ri i	, 10
	.,,	. 10
PI	Ĭ	20
	*	20
PA	TI	. 10.
		10.
PI	 I	10
		10
PA/A/O		10
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10
PI	I	20
PI/PA	Ī	5
PI		10
	PI PI PA PA PI PA/A/O PI PI/PA	PI       I         PI       I         PI       I         PI       I         PI       I         PI       II         PI       I         PI       I

# h)Major Operating Room Techniques

Procedure	- Category	Year	Number
Instrument arrangement and trolley layout	PA.	]	NA
Skills in sterilization techniques.O.T.Layout and asepsis	0	I ·	NĂ NĂ
Skin Separation Techniques of scrubing and gowning	PI PI	   	NA NA

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Procedure	Category	Year	Number
Appendicectomy	PA	I	10
Appendicectomy	ř Pl	_111	5
Cholecystectomy	PI & PA	ÎII	1&3
Closure of Cholecystectomy	PA	111	. 2
Closure of peptic ulcer/under running of	. PI	III	· 3
bleeding ulcer/vagotomy drainage			*
Colostomy	PA	111	2
Cysts and sinuses of the neck	° PA	111	2
Diagnostic laparoscopy	PA	111	3
Drainage of Breast Abscess/Excision of	Ы	I	10
breast lump		-	
Groin Hernia Repair	, PI	II/III	5
Gynaecomastia	PA	111	2
Haemorrhoidectomy/Fissurectomy/Simple	See minor ot		
fistulectomy	procedures		
Hemicolectomy	PA *	111	1
Herniotomy/Orchidopexy in children	PA	III	3
Laparotomy for abdominal	PI 、		3
trauma/splenectomy			
Laparotomy for Intestinal	Pl	111	3
obstruction/bowel resections/bowel			
anastomosis			
Management for complex wounds	PI	1	10
Mastectomy	PA/A	III	2
Openeing and closing of the abdomen	Pl	1	5
Opening and closing of the chest	PI	11/111	1
Parotidectomy	A	III	2
Release of bands and simple adhesive	PI	II	5
obstruction			5 Mar.
Thyroid Lobectomy	РА	111	3
UGI endoscopy/Flexible sigmoidoscopy	A/O	II/III	10
Ventilation	Pl	11	- 5
Wide excision of breast	PA	III	3
tumours/mastectomy/microdochetomy	· /		
Gastrostomy/Feeding Jejunostomy	PA	III	3

# j)Specialty Procedures

There may be repetition of some of the procedures listed under this category and those listed under general surgical procedures. Where diff.numbers are mentioned for the same/similar procedures between the general surgery and speciality lists, the higher number is applicable as the prescribed number.(note that the total number is not the sum of the numbers mentioned for the same/similar procedures in the general and the speciality lists).

# Laparoscopy and GI endoscopy.

Procedure	PJ.		
	Category	Year	Number
Diagnostic and therapeutic Upper and lower GI endoscopy	РА	III	10
Diagnostic Laparoscopy	PA	III	3
Diagnostic upper GI endoscopy Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy	PA	III	10
<u></u>	A	III	3

## Neurosurgery.

Procedure	Category	Van	······································
Craniotomy	A	Year	Number
Management of paraplegia	A	<u> </u>	2
Peripheral nerve repair	A		2
Prevention of nerve injury-	A	<u> </u>	2
specific operations	A	- H	. 2
Suturing of complex scalp	DI		
wounds	T 1	11	2
Trephining	D.		
	rA	11	2

### Urology.

Procedure	Category	N 7			
Carcinoma penis	PA/A	Year	Number		
Circumcision			3		
Catheterisation		<u> </u>	10		
Diagnostic cystoscopy		<u> </u>	NA		
Inguinal Block Dissection		<u> </u>	3		
Meatotomy	DI		1		
Nephrectomy-Partial/total			3		
Nephrolithotomy	A	<u> </u>	3		
	A	. ]]	2		

Orchidectomy	PA/A	I	3
Orchidopexy	Λ	` II	. 3
Retroperitoneal lymph node	0	· II/III	
dissection	↓ ↓	. • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Supra pubic cystostomy	A	11	3
Fotal Amputation of penis	Λ	11	Ì
TUR/Open Prostatectomy	A	11	. 5
Ureterolithotomy	A	1 11	3
Urethral/Urogenital injuries	A	11	3
Urethral Dilatation	Pl	• ]]	5
Varicocoele	PA/A	11	3
Vasectomy	PI	1/11/111	10

## Oncology.

Procedure	Category	Year	Number
All radical operations-	A <sup>,</sup>	II	2 each
Breast, Thyroid, GI and			
Maxillofacial Malignancies	-		
Breast lumpectomy	PI	11	5
Functional neck node dissection	A	П.	3
Gastrectomy/Bowel resection	Λ	II	3
Imprint cytology	PA	11	3
Metastatic work up	PA	II	5
Stoma care	Pl	II	5
Thyroid surgery	A	11	5
U/s guided biopsy	A/O	II	3

# Plastic Surgery.

Procedure	Category	Year	Number
Burn resuscitation	PI	I	- 5
Lip Surgery	A	II	5
Local blocks in anaesthesia	Pl	I	<u>4910</u>
Minor hand injuries	P!	11	5
Nerve repair	A	11	2
Post excision reconstruction	A		2
Re-implanation of digits	0	II	1
Skin flap surgery	0	· II	2
Split skin Graft	PI	Π	3

	Stitch graft	PI I NA	
	lendon repair	PA 11	·····
	Wound debridement	PI ( 10	
l		0	

# Pediatric Surgery.

Procedure	Category	Year	Number
Anorectal Anomalies .	A		Number
Circumcision	PA	11	<u> </u>
Herniotomy		11/11	1 10
Intercestal Aspiration *	PI PI	11/111	2
Laparotomy for peritonitis	PA	11 1	<u>-</u>
Lymph node Biopsy	PI	11/111	<u> </u>
Nor-Operative treatment for	A/0		2
volvulus		12	<u>_</u>
- Orchicopexy	ΡΑΛ	1	<i>C</i>
Ostomies	PA	II	<u> </u>
Pediatric emergencies	A/PA		<u>L</u>
Pyloromyotomy	PA/A		

# Cardiothoracic Surgery.

Procedure	Category	Year	· NT
Canulation of artery and vein	A		Number
Chest injuries	PA		2
Empyema drainage/decortication	PI	··· ·····	5
Endotracheal intubation	P]	<u> </u>	2
Intercostal drainage	PI	 	10
ITU duties		1	5
Lobectomies and	<u> </u>	11/111	·NA
pneumonectomies	Ο.		2
Oesophageal surgery			
Opening and closing of the chest		11/111	2
Pericardiectomy	PA	II	2
Removal of fbs	0		2
Remove pulse generator	<u>A</u>	<u>11/111</u>	2
Rib resection	ΡΑ/Λ	II	1
	PA	11/111	2
Tracheostomy	<u>PI</u>	II	5
Undertake sternostomies	PA	11/111	2

Vein and arterial harvesting	PA/A	II/III	2
Ventilator management	PΛ	l	+0
		-	
	1		

### Vascular Surgery.

Procedure	Category	Year	Number
AV shunts for vascular access	PA	11/111	2
Bypass grafts –prosthetic	A	11/111	2
Conservative amputations	PI *	H/III *	5
Embolectomy	PA	11/111	2
Post traumatic aneurysms	Α	11/111	2 -
Sympathectomy	ΡΛ	11/11	2
Use of heparin	PI	II/III	10
Varicose vein Surgery	.PI	11/111	2
Vascular suturing	· PA	· 11/111	2
Vein graft	A/O	II/III	2
Vein patch repair	A/O	11/111	.2 .

## Teaching and Learning activities.

A candidate pursuing the course should work in the institution as a full time student.No candidate should be allowed to run a clinic/lab/r.ursing home while studying pg course. Each year shall be taken as a unit for calculating the attendance

Every student shall attend teaching and learning activities during each year as prescribed by the department and not absent himself/herself from work without valid reasons.

A list of the teaching and learning activities designed to facilitate student's acquire knowledge and skills outlined is given below:

Lectures:Lectures are to be kept to a min. They may, however be employed for teaching certain topics. Lectures may be didactic or integrated.

a)Didactic Lectures:Recommended for selected common topics for post graduate students of all specialities.for e.g.-

)Bio-Statics

2)Use of library

3)Research methods

4)Medical code of conduct and ethics

5)National health and disease control programes.

6)Communication skills etc.

Topics may be preferably taken in the first few weeks of the first year.

b)Integrated lectures: Thes are recommended to be taken by multidisciplinary teams e.g-Jaundice, diabetes mellitus.

2. Journal Clubs: Recommended to be held once in a week. All ten pg students are expected to attend and actively participate in the discussion and enter I n the log book relevant details.Further every candidate must make a presentation from the allotted journals, selected articles at atleast four times in a year and a total of 12 seminar presentations an three years. The presentations should be evaluated using check lists and would carry weightage for internal assessment. A timetable with the names of the students and the moderator should be announced at the start of the year.

3.Subject Seminar:Recommended to held once a week.All the pg students are expected to attend and actively participate in the discussion and enter I n the log book relevant details. Further every candidate must make a presentation from the allotted journals, selected articles at atleast four times in a year and a total of 12 seminar presentations an three years. The presentations should be evaluated using check lists and would carry weightage for internal assessment. A timetable with the names of the students and the moderator should be announced at the start of the year.

4.Student symposium:Recommended as an optional multi disciplinary programme. The evaluation may be similar to that described for subject seminar.

5. Ward rounds: Thay may be service or teaching rounds.

a)Service rounds:Postgraduate students and interns should every day for the care of patients. Newly admitted patients should be worked up by the pgsand presented to the seniors the following day.

b)Teaching rounds:Evary unit should have grand rounds for teaching purposes. A diary should be maintained for the day to day activities 6.Clinico-pathological reference:recommended once a month for all students.presentation to be done by rotation.If cases are not available then thay should be published by CPCs.

7. Interdepartmenal Meetings: Strongly recommended particularly with the departments of pathology and Radiodiagnosis at least once an a week. These meetings Should be attended by all pg students and relevant entries must be made in the log book.

Pathology: A dozen interesting cases may be chosen and "discussed by the students. Slides should be shown to the students and the senior staff and final diagnosis should be confirmed. advance techniques of immuno-histochemistryand other recent developments should also be discussed.

Radiodiagnosis: Interesting cases and imaging modalities are diascussed.

8.Teaching skills:Postgraduate students must teach undergraduates by taking demos, clinics, tutorials, lectures assessment is made using a checklist by surgery faculty as well as students. Record of their participation is made in the log book. Trainig of post graduate students in educational technology is recommended

9. Continuing medical education programmes: should be attended by each student every three years.

10Conferences: Attending is optional but encouraged.

Rotation and posting in other departments.

The listed knowledge and skills are to be learnt over 3 years. Recommended timing and period for posting in allied subjects is given below.

It is recommended that 2 years and 4 months be spent in the general surgery dept.

Anc 8 months in allied and speciality dept.Students must be on call on aregular basis. Total duration of posting in core and other specialities will be 8 months.

### **Basic Science**,

Basic science should be an essential part of training. It should be done as concurrent part of training in the first year. Atleast two hours during the first 6 months of the course. In the first year during the morning session time is spent in the parent dept. In the afternoon session time is spent learning basic science in the respective dept.

Topics for study include

Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Anaesthesia, and Radiology.

Pathology-Concurrent study-Recommended daily Grossing sessions. Weekly surgical pathology sessions and monthly CPCs.

Radiology-Concurrent study-adequate exposure to modern imaging modalities like u/s,CT,MRI and Angiography.

## Allied Speciality Training.

Students are posted to core and allied speciality subjects Viz. Anesthesia and ICU for 1 month and orthopedics including trauma(Accident and emergency)for 2 months during the second year of training.Posting to the dept of obstetrics and gynaec. for one month is optional.This posting may be in lieu of one other specialities depending on the choice of the candidate.

## Other Surgical Speciality Sujects.

Postings to the other speciality dept. will be during the second year. The dept. and duration of postings are as under:

Department	Duration
Pediatric surgery	4 weeks
Plastic surgery	4 weeks
Cardiothoracic surgery	4 weeks
Vascular surgery	4 weeks
Neurosurgery	4 weeks
Urology	4 weeks
Onco'ogy	4 weeks

## Monitoring the learning process.

It is essential to monitor the learning process of each candidate through a series of continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only

helps teachers to evaluate students but the students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring be done by the staff of the dept. based on the participation of the students in various teaching/leuming activities. It may be structured and assessment be done by using various checklists that assess " various aspects.

The learning outcomes to be assessed should include:(i)Personal attitudes (ii)Acquisition of knowledge (iii)Clinical and operative skills (iv)Teaching skills and (v)Dissertation.

(i) <sup>\*</sup> Personal attitudes

-Caring attitudes

-Initiatives

-Organisational activities

-Potential to cope with stressful situations and undertake responsibility

-Trustworthiness and reliability

-To understand and communicate with patients and others -To behave in a manner which establishes professional relationships with patients and others.

-Ability to work in a team

-A critical approach towards enquiring knowledge.

The methods used mainly consist of observation. It is appreciated that theitems require a degree of subjectives assessment by the guide, supervisors and peers.

(ii) Acquisiton of knowedge: The methods used comprise of Log book which participation in various teaching/learning activities by the students. The number of activities attended and the number in which presentations are made are to be recorded. The log book should periodically be updated by the seniors. The list is never complete. Institute may include additional activities if desired. Journal Review meeting: The ability to do literature search, in depth study, presentation skills, and use of audio-visual aids are to be assessed. The assessment is made using a checklist.

Seminars/Symposium: The topics should be assigned to the student well in advance to facilitate in depth study. The ability to do literature search, in depth study, presentation skills, and use of audio-

visual aids are to be assessed. The assessment is made using a checklist.

Surgical Audit: Periodic morbidity and mortality meeting be held. Attendance and participation in these must be insised upon. This may not be included in the clinical assessment.

# (iii)Clinical Operative Skills.

Day to Day work: Skills in the opd and ward work should be assessed including the students sincerity and punctuality, analytical ability and communication\*skills.

Clinical meetings: Candidates should periodically present cases to peers and seniors.

Clinical and operative skills: The candidate should be given graded responsibility to enable learning by apprenticeship. The performance is assessed by the guide by the directobservation. Particulars are recorded by the students in their log book.

Teaching Skills: Candidates should be encouraged to teach undergraduate and paramedica1 students. This assessment should be made by the faculty members of the dept.

(v)Dissertation in the dept.: Periodic presentations are to be made in the dept. Initially the topic selected is to be presented before submission to the university for registration, again before finalization for the critical evaluation and another before final submission of the completed work.

(vi)Periodic tests: The dept. may conduct three tests, two of them to be annual tests, one at the end of the first and the other at the end of the second year. The third test to be held three months before the final examination. The tests may include written papers, practiculs/clinicals and viva voce. 

(vii)Work diary/log book:Every candidate shall maintain a work diary and record his/her participation in the training programmes conducted by the dept. such as journal reviews, seminars, etc. Special mention may be made of the

presentations by the candidate as well as the details of clinical or laboratory procedures of any conducted by the candidate. (vii)Records:Records,log books and marks obtained in the tests will be maintained by the hod and will be made available to the MCI.

### Log book.

The log book is a record of all the imp. Activities of the candidate during his training. Internal assessment should be based in the evaluation of the log book. Colectively the log book is a tool for evaluation of the training programme by external agencies. The record includes academic activities as well as the research programmes conducted by the candidate.

Format for the log book is given in the following pages.

Proceedure for defaulters:Every dept. should have a committee to review such situations.The defaulting candidate is counseled by the guide.The candidate may be withheld from appearing for examinations.

# Scheme of Examination.

(i) Theory

(ii) There shall be four papers, each of three hours duration. Each paper will consist of two long essay questions of 20 marks each and 6 short questions of ten marks each. Total marks for each paper will be 100 marks. Questions for recent advances can be asked in all the papers. details for each paper are as follows:

Paper I: Basic sciences-

I.Anatomy

2.Physiology

3.Other basic topics covered in syllabus. Introduction to surgery,Basic surgical principles,wounds,tissue repair and scars.Critical care,fluid.electrolyte and acid base balance.blood transfusion.Nutritional support and rehab.,Anesthesia and pain relief,Wound infection,special infection,AIDS,sterile

precautions, transplantation, tumours, cysts, ulcers, sinuses, plastic and

12

reconstructive surgery, skin lesions and burns, arterial disorders, venous disorders, lymphatic system, day surgery, Audit in surgery and medical ethics.

### Paper II:

Eye and orbit, Cleft lip and cleft palate, developmental abnormalities of the face, palate, jaws and teeth, Maxilloacial injuries, nose and sinuses, ear and oral and oropharyngeal cancer and precancer, Salivary gland disorders, pharynx, larynx and neck. Thyroid gland and thje thyroglossal duct, Parathyroid glands and adrenal glands, breast thorax and heart.

### PaperH1:

Anastomoses,oesophagus,Stomach,duodenum,liver spleen,gall bladder,Pancreas,peritoneum,omentum,mesentry,retroperitoneal space,small and large intestines,obstruction,appendix,rectum,anus and anal canal,hernias,umb:licus,abdominal wall,laparoscopic surgery.

### PaperIV:

Orthopedics,musculoskeletal disorders,fractures and dislocations,diseases of baes and joints,wrist hand and foot, Nervous system:neurological disorders affecting the muscles,spinal column,cranium.

Genitourinary system:KUB.prostate and seminal vesicles, ure thrapenis testis and scrotum.

Recent advances in surgery and applied surgery.

Note:he dist, of chapters shown against papers are suggestive only

## (ii)Clinical=200 marks.

One long case and two short cases. Total of 200 marks.

### (iii)Viva voce

1)Viva voce examination(80 marks)

all examiners will conduct the viva simultaneously on the basis of all the course contents and its comprehension by the candidate.In addition there will be charts reports x-rays, ct scans.USG etc, instruments, operative procedures and questions in the dissertation also.

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2)Pedagogy examination: A topic will be given to the candidate and he must prepare a presentation on the same.

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(IV)[Viax	markš		
Theory	Practical	Viva	Grand total
400	200	100	700
		······································	······································

## CHAPTER IV

### Monitoring the learning process.

It is essential to monitor the learning process of each candidate through a series of continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students but the students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring be done by the staff of the dept. based on the participation of the students in various teaching/learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done by using various checklists that assess various aspects.

The learning outcomes to be assessed should include:(i)Personal attitudes (ii)Acquisition of knowledge (iii)Clinical and operative-skills (iv)Teaching skills and (v)Dissertation.

(iii) Personal attitudes

-Caring attitudes

-Initiatives

-Organisational activities

-Potential to cope with stressful situations and undertake responsibility

-Trustworthiness and reliability

-To understand and communicate with patients and others

-To behave in a manner which establishes professional relationships with patients and others.

-Ability to work in a team

-A critical approach towards enquiring knowledge.

The methods used mainly consist of observation. It is appreciated that theitems require a degree of subjectives assessment by the guide.supervisors and peers. (iv)

Acquisiton of knowedge: The methods used comprise of Log book which participation in various teaching/learning activities by the students. The number of activities attended and the number in which presentations are made are to be recorded. The log book should periodically be updated by the seniors. The list is never complete. Institute may include additional activities if desired. Journal Review meeting: The ability to do literature search, in depth study, presentation skills, and use of audio-visual aids are to be assessed. The assessment is made using a checklist.

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Format for the log book is given in the following pages.

Proceedure for defaulters: Every dept should have a committee to review such situations. The defaulting candidate is counseled by the guide. The candidate may be withheld from appearing for examinations.

#### AURANGABAD

- MGM's Jawaharlal Nehru Engineering College
- MGM's Institute of Management
- MGM's Mother Teresa College of Nursing
- MGM's Mother Teresa Institute of Nursing Education
- MGM's College of Journalism & Media Science
- MGM's Medical Center & Research Institute
- MGM's College of Fine Arts
- MGM's Dr. D. Y. Pathrikar College of Comp. Sc. & Tech.
- MGM's Hospital & Research Center
- MGM's College of Agricultural Bio-Technology
- MGM's Dept. of Bio-Technology & Bio-informaties.
- MGM's Inst. of Hotel Management & Catering Tech.
- MGM's Institute of Indian & foreign Languages & Comm.
- MGM's College of Physiotherapy
- MGM's Hospital, Ajabnagar
- MGM's Sangeet Academy (Mahagami)
- MGM's Institute Naturopathy & Yoga
- MGM's Sports Club & Stadium
- MGM's Institute of Vocational Courses
- MGM's Horticulture
- MGM's Health Care Management
- MGM's Junior College of Education (Eng. & Mar.)
- MGM's Sanskar Vidyalaya (Pri. & Sec. Mar.)
- MGM's Clover Dale School (Pri. & Sec. Eng.)
- MGM's First Steps School (Pre-Primary English)
- MGM's Sanskar Vidyalaya (Pre-Priamary Marathi)
- MGM's School of Biomedical Sciences

#### NAVI MUMBAI

- MGM's College of Engineering & Technology
- MGM's Institute of Management Studies & Research
- MGM's Dental College & Hospital
- MGM's College of Physiotherapy
- MGM's College of Media Science
- MGM's Institute of Research
- MGM's New Bombay Hospital, Vashi
- MGM's Hospital, CBD
- MGM's Hospital, Kamothe
- MGM's Hospital, Kalamboli
- MGM's Infotech & Research Centre
- MGM's Pre-Primary School (English & Marathi)
- MGM's Primary & Secondatry School (Eng. & Mar.)
- MGM's Junior College Science
- MGM's Junior College of Vocational Courses
- MGM's Florence Nightingale Inst. Nursing Edu.
- MGM's College of Nursing
- MGM's College of Law

#### NANDED

- MGM's College of Engineering
- MGM's College of Fine Arts
- MGM's College of Computer Science
- MGM's College of Journalism & Media Science
- MGM's Centre for Astronomy & Space Tech.
- MGM's College of Library & Information Science

#### PARBHANI

MGM's College of Computer Science

#### NOIDA (U.P.)

MGM's College of Engineering & Technology

IN PURSUIT OF EXCELLENCE

### MGM DEEMED UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

Constituent Colleges

#### Navi Mumbai

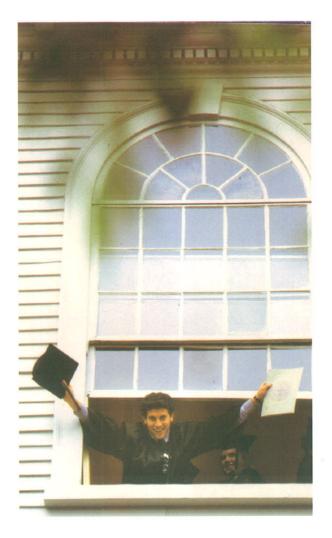
M.G.M. Medical College M.G.M School of Biomedical Science M.G.M School of Physiotherapy M.G.M New Bombay College of Nursing M.G.M College of Nursing

### Aurangabad

M.G.M. Medical College M.G.M School of Biomedical Science M.G.M School of Physiotherapy M.G.M College of Nursing



MAHATMA GANDHI MISSION



MGM University of Health Sciences (Education - Health Services - Research) A Mission started, nurtured and Managed by Professional Doctors, Scientists Engineers...

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### MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956) Post Box -6, MGM Educational Complex, Sector-18, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai – 410209 Ph : - 022-27422471, 65168127, 65138121 Fax : 022-27420320 E-mail : mgmuniversity@mgmuhs.com Website: www.mgmuhs.com

### MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI

### MARKLIST FOR PRACTICAL AND VIVA-VOCE EXAMINATION

\_ COURSE / EXAM: PG-

EXAM CENTRE:\_\_\_\_

DATE OF EXAMINATION:\_\_\_\_\_\_EXAMINATION FOR:\_M.S. (GENERAL SURGERY)

Scat		1					2			Total	Grand Total
No,	Long Cases		t Cases	Total			Viva				Practical Total
		Case 1	Case 2		Table 1	Table 2	Table 3	Table 4	Dissertation Viva		=400 Marks (1+2)
	100	50	50	200 marks	45	45	45	45	20	200 marks	()
				1							
				}							
						ļ					

NAME OF EXAMINER	COLLEGE	SIGNATURE WITH DATE
<u>1.</u>		
2.		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		

Page 20

Paper cuise Distribution of Topic

	12 PG	COURSES: -	M.S.	
	Sr. No	COURSE	SUBJECT NAME	PAPER NO. & TOPICS
/	i)	M.S.	GENERAL SURGERY	I. Basic Sciences II. General Surgery Including Clinical Surgery
				III.General Surgery Including SubspecialitiesIV.Recent Advances
21	Tit)	M.S.	OPHTHALMOLOGY	<ol> <li>Anatomy, Physiology and optics of the eye.</li> </ol>
				II. Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
				III. Ophthalmology in relation to medicine
				IV. Newer Techniques and innovations in Ophthalmology.
	iii)	M.S.	ORTHOPAEDICS	I. Basic and Applied Sciences as related to Orthopaedics
				II. Orthopaedics Traumatology
				III. Orthopaedic Diseases
				IV. Recent Advances
	iv)	M.S.	OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY	Basic Sciences in Obstetrics and Gynaecology including the diseases of the newborn.
				II. Clinical Obstetrics includes newborn.
				III. Clinical Gynaecology.
				IV. Recent Advances in Ob/Gy.
				I) Basic Sciences as relevant to
			MD Emergency Medicine	<ul> <li>I) Basic Sciences as relevant to Emergency Medicine (Aplied Anatomy, Clinical Physiology, Clinical Biochemistry, Clinical Pharmacology, Clinical Pathology, Research Methodology, Biostatistics)</li> <li>II) Emergency Medicine (Medicine, Dermatology, Psychiatry)</li> <li>III) Emergency Medicine (Surgery Trauma, Orthopedics, Obstetrics, Anesthesia, Eye, ENT, Dental, Radiology)</li> <li>IV) Emergency Medicine including recent advances (Pediatrics, Principles of Pre hospital Care, Disaster Medicine, Forensic Medicine)</li> </ul>

## Resolution passed in BOM – 48/2017, dated 24/01/2017

**Resolution No. 5.25:** Resolved to institute 6 monthly progress Report for PG Students of all Courses from the batches admitted in 2016-17. [Annexure-XVII of BOM-48/2017]

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**ANNEXURE - XVII** 

### Mahatma Gandhi Mission's Medical College and Hospital Navi Mumbai

### Six monthly Progress Report for Postgraduate Students

	<u>ART A</u>
Name of the PG student:	
Department:	
Admitted in (Month and Year):	
Name of the PG guide:	
Report for the period:	to
Attendance:days (%)	

### PART B

### Grading as per performance

Grade	Percentage
A	80% and above
B	65% to 79%
С	50% to 64%
D	Below 50%

1. OPD work:

(1)

- 2. Ward work:
- 3. Lab work:
- 4. OT work:
- 5. ICU work:
- 6. Teaching assignments:

### PART C

**Progress of Thesis** 

### PART D

Activities from serial No. 1 to 5 should be rated on a scale of 0 to 10.

Sr. No.	Topic	Date	A 11	1
NPS -	ropio	Date	Guide	Marks
370				

## 1. Case Presentations

## 2. Microteaching

Sr. No.	Topic	D.I.		
	Topic	Date	Guide	Marks
				-

## 3. Recent Advances

Sr. No.	Topic	Deta		
50 T	Topic	Date	Guide	Marks
				maring
		P. P.		

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2,5%0

### 4. Seminars

Sr. No.	Торіс	Date	Guide	Marks
				-

### 5. Journal Clubs

Sr. No.	Journal	Title of Paper	Date	Guide	Marks

## 6. Marks obtained in tests

Sr. No.	Date	Theory / Practical	Marks obtained

## 7. Any other academic activity conducted:

### PART E

## 1. Papers presented

Sr. No.	Title of Paper		1	
	nue of Paper	Authors	Event	Date
· · · ·				
				1
				t i

# 2. Posters presented

Sr. No.	Title of Death			
	Title of Poster	Authors	Event	Date
				1

## 3. Publications

(Note: Mention only those publications that are published or are accepted for publication during the said period only)

Sr. No.	Title of Paper	Authors	Journal	Year/Vol/ Issue	Page Nos	Indexed/ Non- Indexed	Status

# Certificate by the PG Guide

This is to certify that Dr	, has an								
His /Her performance during the said period has been satisfactor unsatisfactory.	y/ average /								
Overall Grading:									
Date:									
Name and Signature of PG guide:	2								
Certificate by the Head of Department									
This is to certify that the performance of Dr periodto, has been <b>satisfactory/ average</b> .	, during the <b>/ unsatisfactory.</b>								
Overall Grading:									
Date:									
Name and Signature of HOD:									
Final Remarks									
Satisfactory / Average / Unsatisfactory									

**Director (Academics)** 

Dean

Date:

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Resolution No. 1.3.10.11 of BOM-51/2017: Resolved to have 50 hours of mandatory teaching per year for PG students.

## Department of Surgery

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### 50 hours lecture schedule:

1. Metabolic Response to Injury – I

2. Metabolic Response to Injury – II

3. Wound healing

4. Hemostasis and Blood Transfusion

5. General Considerations in Neoplasia

6. Shock

7. Burns

8. Surgical site infections

9. Nosocomial Infections

10. Electrocautery

11. Sterilization techniques

12. Autoimmunity

13. Fluid Electrolyte balance / disorders

14. Acid-Base balance / disorders

15. Genetic basis of diseases

16. Skin grafting

17. Graft rejection

18. Polytrauma – general considerations

19. Damage Control Surgery

20. Head Injury – I

21. Head Injury – II

22. Maxillofacial Injuries

23. Portal Hypertension – I

24. Portal Hypertension – II

25. Obstructive Jaundice

26. Principles of Minimal Access Surgery – I

- 27. Principles of Minimal Access Surgery II
- 28. Tuberculosis surgical considerations I
- 29. Tuberculosis surgical considerations II
- 30. Ultrasound
- 31. Doppler
- 32. Barium studies
- 33. IVP
- 34. Mammography
- 35. Sentinel Node Biopsy

36. Cytology and Biopsy techniques

- 37. Cholangiography
- 38. ERCP / MRCP
- 39. Principles of Chemotherapy
- 40. Principles of Radiotherapy

**Resolution No. 1.3.10.19 of BOM-51/2017:** Resolved to approve the proposed change in the pattern of MS Surgery Practical Examination as given below from batch appearing in May/June 2018 examination onwards:

	Clinical		One Long Case Two Short Cases (50 marks each) Ward Rounds (4 cases; 25 marks each)		100 Mar 100 mar 100 mar	ks	- 300 marks		
	Surgie		al Anatomy al Pathology		15 marks 15Marks 15 marks 20 marks		Table 1		
		Radiology Instruments, Catheters		] (45 ma			arks)	100	
Viva	ι [			Table 2			- 100 marks		
	Operative Surgery		25 marks		(45 ma	(45 marks)			
1	ľ	Microteaching		10 marks			1		

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Fill gily Syllabus

**Resolution No. 1.3.7.11 (i)** of BOM-51/2017: Revolved that the following Bioethics topics in PG Curriculum are to be included for PG students of all specialization and a sensitization of these topics can be done during PG Induction programme:

- Concept of Autonomy
  - Informed Consent
- Confidentiality
- Communication Skills
- Patient rights
- Withholding / Withdrawing life-saving treatment
- Palliative Care
- Issues related to Organ Transplantation
- Surgical Research and Surgical Innovation
- Hospital Ethics Committee
- Doctor-Patient relationship

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Resolution No. 1.3.23 of BOM-51/2017: Resolved to implement a Structured Induction programme (07 days) for PG students. [Aunexmc-XEIV]

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### MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES Navi Mumbai

# Induction Program for newly admitted Postgraduate students

Day 1	<ul> <li>Address by Dean, Medical Suptd, Director (Academics)</li> <li>Pre-test</li> <li>Communication Skills</li> <li>Universal Safety Precautions</li> <li>Biomedical Waste Management</li> </ul>	
Day 2	<ul> <li>Infection Control Policy</li> <li>Emergency services</li> <li>Laboratory services</li> <li>Blood Bank services</li> <li>Medicolegal issues</li> <li>Prescription writing</li> <li>Adverse Drug Reaction</li> <li>Handling surgical specimens</li> </ul>	
Day 3	<ul> <li>Principles of Ethics</li> <li>Professionalism</li> <li>Research Ethics</li> <li>Informed Consent</li> <li>Confidentiality</li> <li>Doctor-Patient relationship</li> </ul>	
Day 4 Day 5 Day 6	<ul> <li>Research Methodology</li> <li>Synopsis writing</li> <li>Dissertation writing</li> <li>Statistics</li> </ul>	
Day 7	A7LS     Post-test	

The Induction Program will be conducted in the first week of June. Timing: 9.30 am to 3.30 pm

(Prof. Dr. Siddharth P. Dubhashi) Director (Academics)

Resolution No. 3.8.2 of BOM-52/2018: It was resolved to have the following Allied posting for PG students: •

## b) Surgery:

b) Surgery:		
	Mandatory <b>p</b>	ostings:
	Ĩ.	CVTS 60 days
	ĮII.	Urology 30 days
	III.	SICU 30 days
	IV.	Emergency Medicine 30 days
	V.	Neurosurgery 30 days

**Resolution No. 4.5.4.2 of BOM-55/2018:** Resolved to have 10 short notes out of 11 (10 marks each) in all the papers in university examination for PG courses including superspeciality. To be implemented from batch appearing in April/May 2019 examination onwards for MD/MS/Diploma and August/September 2019 examination onwards for superspeciality.

MS General Surgery

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#### Resolution No. 4.13 of BOM-55/2018: Resolved as follows:-

- (i) Slow learners must be re-designated as potential learners.
- (ii) Students scoring less than 35% marks in a particular subjects/course in the 1<sup>st</sup> formative exam are to be listed as potential learners. These learners must be constantly encouraged to perform better with the help of various remedial measures.
- (iii) Students scoring more than 75% marks in a particular subjects/course in the 1<sup>st</sup> formative exam are to be listed as advanced learners. These learners must be constantly encouraged to participate in various scholarly activities.

**Resolution No. 3.1.4.1 of BOM-57/2019:** Resolved to approve the below given Nomenclature of MS Surgery theory papers to be applicable from batch appearing in April 2020 University examination:

Paper	Nomenclature
I	Basic Sciences as applied to Surgery, including topics related to General Surgery*
II	Principles and Practice of Surgery, including Gastro-intestinal Tract, Hepato- biliary system, Spleen, Paediatric Surgery, Plastic Surgery, Orthopaedics, Anaesthesia
III	Principles and Practice of Operative Surgery, including Urology, Head Face Neck, Breast, Endocrine, Dentistry, Neurosurgery, Cardiothoracic Surgery, Radiology
IV	Recent Advances in Surgery

\*Includes History of Surgery, Wound healing, Shock, Burns, Fluid Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balance/Imbalance, Skin and subcutaneous tissue, Nutrition, Neoplasia – general considerations, Blood and blood transfusion, Polytrauma, Arteries, Veins, Lymphatics, Nerves, Principles of Organ Transplantation, Acute and Chronic infections, Principles and Techniques of Sterilization, Nosocomial Infections, Surgical Audit.

**Resolution No. 3.1.4.4 of BOM-57/2019:** Resolved to include the following topics into the PG curriculum of Surgery from batch admitted in 2019-20:

- Concept of OT designing
   Recent trends in OT sterilization
- 3. Antibiotic Policy
- 4. Patient Safety Checklist

#### Resolution No. 3.1.4.2 of BOM-57/2019:

- i. Resolved to include "Gender Sensitization" into UG (from new batch 2019-2020) and PG (from existing batches) curricula. [Annexure-21]
- **ii.** Resolved to align the module of "Gender Sensitization" with MCI CBME pattern for MBBS students.
- iii. Resolved that Dr. Swati Shiradkar, Prof., Dept. of OBGY., MGM Medical College, Aurangabad will coordinate this activity at both campuses.

## Annexure - 21

Gender sensitization for UG (2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> semesters) and PG (3 hours)

#### **INCLUSION OF "GENDER SENSATIZATION" IN CURRICULUM**

#### Introduction :

The health care provider should have a healthy gender attitude, so that discrimination, stigmatization, bias while providing health care will be avoided. The health care provider should also be aware of certain medico legal issues related with sex & gender.

Society particularly youth & adolescents need medically accurate, culturally & agewise appropriate knowledge about sex, gender & sexuality. So we can train the trainers for the same. It is need of the hour to prevent sexual harassment & abuse .

To fulfill these objectives, some suggestions are there for approval of BOS.

#### <u>Outline</u>

1)For undergraduates :- Three sessions of two hours each, one in  $2^{nd}$  term, one in  $3^{rd}$  term & one in  $8^{th}$  term.

2)For Faculties and postgraduates :- One session of two hrs .

3)For those want to be trainers or interested for their ownself, value added course, which is optional about sex, gender, sexuality & related issues.

#### **Responsibility**

ICC of MGM, MCHA , with necessary support from IQAC & respective departments.

#### **Details of undergraduate sessions**

#### 1)First session in 2<sup>nd</sup> term

Aim – To make Students aware about the concept of sexuality & gender.

To check accuracy of knowledge they have,

To make them comfortable with their own gender identify & related issues.

To make them aware about ICC & it is functioning.

**Mode** – Brain storming , Interactive power point presentation experience sharing.

**Duration** – Around two hours

**Evaluation** – Feedback from participants.

### 2)Second session in 3<sup>rd</sup> / 4<sup>th</sup> term

**Aim** – To ensure healthy gender attitude in these students as now they start interacting with patients.

To ensure that the maintain dignity privacy while interacting with patients and relatives, particularly gender related.

To make them aware about importance of confidentiality related with gender issues.

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To encourage them to note gender related issues affecting health care & seek solutions.

Mode – focused group discussions on case studies, Role plays & discussion.

--3--

Duration – Around two hours.

Evaluation – Feedback from participants.

Third session in 8<sup>th</sup> term.

**Aim** – To understand effect of gender attitudes on health care in various subjects.

To develop healthy gender attitude while dealing with these issues.

**Mode** – Suggested PBL by departments individually. (In collaboration with ICC till faculty sensitization is complete)

**Evaluation** – Feedback

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#### FOR POSTGRADUATES

Session of 2-3 hrs preferably in induction program.

- **Aim** To introduce medically accurate concept of gender, sex, gender role & sex role.
- To ensure healthy gender attitude at workplace.

To understand gender associated concepts on health related issues & avoid such bias wile providing health care.

To make them aware about ICC & it's functioning.

Mode – Interactive PPT

Role plays & discussion

Duration – 2 to 3 hrs

**Evaluation** – Feedback.

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#### FOR FACULTIES

Session of 2 hours may be during combined activities.

**Aim** – To ensure clarity of concept abut gender & sex.

To discuss effect of these concept on health related issues.

To identify such gender & sex related issues in indivual subject specialties.

To discuss methodology like PBL for under graduate students when whey are in  $7^{\text{th}}-8^{\text{th}}$  semester.

Mode – Role play

Focused group discussion

**Case studies** 

**Evaluation** – Feed back.

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## MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

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