

# MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

#### Grade 'A' Accredited by NAAC

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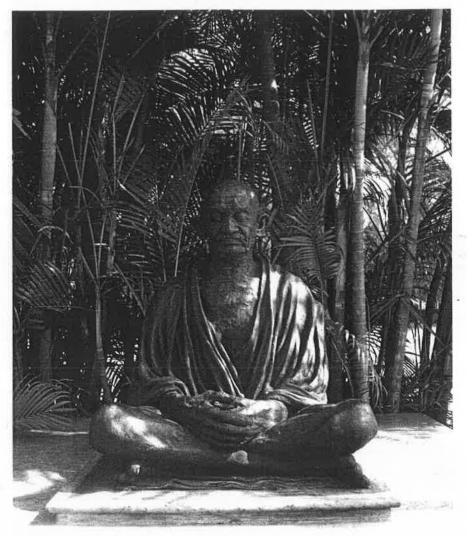
E-mail: <a href="mailto:registrar@mgmuhs.com">registrar@mgmuhs.com</a>; Website : <a href="mailto:www.mgmuhs.com">www.mgmuhs.com</a>;

# **Curriculum for Doctor of Medicine Microbiology** Amended upto BOM- 59/2019, Dated 11/11/2019

#### **Amended History**

- 1. Approved as per BOM–04/2007, Item 12.1, Dated 14/12/2007.
- 2. Amended as per BOM- 48/2017, [Resolution No. 5.25]; Dated 24/01/2017.
- 3. Amended as per BOM-51/2017, [Resolution No. 1.3.8.11], [Resolution No. 1.3.8.5], [Resolution No.1.3.7.11]; [Resolution No.1.3.23]; Dated 28/08/2017.
- 4. Amended as per BOM-52/2018, [Resolution No. 3.6.6]; Dated 13/01/2018.
- 5. Amended as per BOM-55/2018, [Resolution No. 4.13], [Resolution No. 4.5.4.2], Dated 27/11/2018.
- 6. Amended as per BOM-57/2019, [Resolution No. 3.1.2.3], [Resolution No. 3.1.4.2], Dated 26/04/2019.
- 7. Amended as per BOM-59/2019, [Resolution No. 3.1.2.6]; Dated 11/11/2019.

## **INSPIRING MINDS**



### Mission

To improve quality of the life for individuals and community by promoting health, preventing and curing disease, advancing biomedical and clinical research and educating tomorrow's Physicians and Scientists.

## Vision

By 2020 the MGM University of Health Sciences will rank one of the top private Medical Institution. This will be achieved through ground breaking discoveries in basic sciences and clinical research targeted to prevent and relieve human suffering, excellence in Medical Education of the next generation of academic clinicians and intrinsic scientists.

MGM University of Health Sciences will transform the Education of tomorrow's Physicians and Scientists conducting Medical Research to advance health and improving lives by providing world-class patient care.

Many see the 21st Century as the golden age of biomedical research. The MGM University of Health Sciences will position for leadership at the horizon of this new era to promote and stabilise stand human health with a standard of excellence.

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# Chancellor's Message

It is my pleasure to welcome you to join constituent colleges of Mahatma Gandhi Misson's (MGM) University of Health Sciences, Navi Mumbai. I wish to avail this opportunity to apprise you and your parents about the academic excellence of the deemed university.

The MGM University of Health Sciences was established u/s 3 of UGC Act. 1956 vide HRD Notification No.F.9-21/2005-U.3(A) dated 30-8-2006. The MGM University is an outcome of untiring efforts of our educationists, professionals, social activists, technocrat, students and parents. The Mahatma Gandhi Mission Trust that manages the University of Health Sciences and over 40 institutions in Navi Mumbai, Aurangabad, Nanded, and Noida has the vision to empower the masses with the availability of state-of-the-art education. Most of our institutions have ISO certifications that further endorse our commitment to stringent quality standards. I am proud to state that we have succeeded in these accomplishments during our journey of the past 25 years.

I recollect the memories of struggle and determination when the MGM Trust established its two medical colleges, one each at Navi Mumbai and Aurangabad some twenty years ago. Both the medical colleges have grown into institutions imparting both undergraduate and postgraduate courses, and delivering quality health care to communities in their respective areas. While both colleges are engaged in their primary functions of teaching, patient care and research, they have

also excelled in their pursuit for advancement of science and in taking health services to communities through extension programmes. A shining example is the establishment of the Department of Infectious Diseases in 1993 in collaboration with the University of Texas-Houston, USA. This department has established the stateof-the-art clinical services and laboratories for research and care of infectious diseases and received the acclaim of Director General of ICMR when he stated "MGM is the first medical college in India to establish a separate department of infectious diseases. This is the need of the hour." The department has undertaken pathbreaking research and shaped the course of our national control programmes on HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis. The original research of the constituent colleges has been acclaimed among the scientific world globally.

In an era of economic liberalization and the competition among varsities, both in and out of India, the task of grooming professionals who will compete with the best in the world, is tough. To aid our efforts to excel, MGM University of Health Sciences has the latest research facilities, a dedicated research faculty, as well as an array of distinguished visiting faculty members. The quiet ambience of our campuses, the well filled library with subscriptions to international and national journals, and the lush-green gardens add to our accomplishments.

Considering the manpower needs of

educational, industrial agricultural, and health sector to maintain their steady growth, several fresh M.Sc. courses have courses have been launched. M.Sc. courses introduced at the

University from the current academic year shall provide knowledge, skills and subsequent employability that are at par with the counterparts in India and abroad. The curricula of the courses have been designed by experts and peer-reviewed with an emphasis on the job requirements of educational institutions, industries. health care, and research institutions. These courses will empower the students to choose a career in a classroom, a research laboratory or an industry. I am happy that the university is ticking towards the pinnacle with the introduction of these value-added postgraduate courses in medical biotechnology, medical genetics and other basic sciences.

Finally, I wish to place on record my gratitude to the founder members, stake-holders, faculty, staff, students and their parents for providing the MGM Trust with your advice and support.

Once again, it is my pleasure to welcome you to join constituent colleges of MGM University of Health Sciences' at Navi Mumbai and Aurangabad.

Kamal Kishore Kadam Chancellor



Dr R.D.Bapat Vice Chancellor



Dr S.N.Kadam Pro Vice Chancellor



Dr N.N.Kadam Director (Examination)



Dr Ajit shroff Dean (Aurangabad Campus)



Dr Z.G. Badade Registrar



Dr G.S.Narshetty Dean (Navi Mumbai Campus)



# MAHATMA GANDHI MISSION'S UNIVERSITY OF HEALTHSCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI

# CURRICULUM POSTGRATUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION IN MICROBIOLOGY

MAHATMA GANGHI MISSION'S UNIVERSITY OF HEALTHSCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI DRAFT CURRICULUM FOR POSTGRADUATE COURSE M.D. (MICROBIOLOGY)

The aim of this course is to train the students of Medicine in the field of Medical Diagnostic Microbiology. Knowledge and practical skills shall be acquired by the candidates in the sub-specialities of Bacteriology including Mycobacteriology, Virology, Parasitology, Immunology, Serology & Mycology so as to be able to deal with diagnosis and prevention of infectious diseases in the community. They will be trained in basic research methodology including molecular biology so that they are able to conduct fundamental and applied research. They will also be trained in teaching methods so that they can take up teaching assignments.

#### GOAL:

The goal of the postgraduate medical education shall be to produce a competent specialist and Medical teacher:

• Who shall recognize the health needs of the community and carry out professional obligations ethically in keeping with the objectives of the national health policy;

• Who shall have mastered most of the competencies, pertaining to Medical diagnostic Microbiology that are required to be practiced at the secondary and the tertiary levels of the health care delivery system;

• Who shall be aware of the contemporary advances and developments in the field of medical and diagnostic Microbiology

 Who shall have acquired the spirit of scientific inquiry and is oriented to the principles of research methodology and epidemiology

• Who shall have acquired the basic skills of teaching of the medical and paramedical professionals.

#### **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES:**

#### KNOWLEDGE:

At the end of the course the students shall be able to:

1.State and explain the clinical features, etiology, pathogenesis and methods of laboratory diagnosis of infectious diseases and apply that knowledge in the treatment, prevention and control of communicable diseases caused by micro-organisms.

- 2.State and explain the principles of immunity and immunological phenomenon which help to understand the pathogenesis, laboratory diagnosis of infectious and non-infectious diseases.
- 3. Establish and practice "laboratory medicine" for diagnosis of infectious diseases in hospitals and community in the field of bacteriology, parasitology, virology, mycology, serology and immunology in the light of clinical findings.
- 4. Organize the prevention and control of communicable diseases in the community.
- 5. Understand and practice the principle of prevention and control of health care associated infections and rational antibiotic policy.
- 6. State the recent advances in the field of Medical Microbiology and apply this knowledge in understanding aetiopathogenesis and diagnosis of diseases caused by micro-organisms.
- 7. Carry out fundamental or applied research in the branches of medicine involving microbiological work.
- 8. Develop specialization in any of the above subspecialities.
- 9. Undertake teaching assignments in the subject of medical Microbiology. (B) Skills

At the end of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Plan the laboratory investigations for the diagnosis of infectious diseases
- 2. Perform laboratory procedures to arrive at the etiological diagnosis of infectious diseases caused by bacteria, fungi, viruses and parasites including the drug sensitivity profile.
- 3. Perform and interpret immunological and serological tests.
- 4. Operate routine and sophisticated instruments in the laboratory.
- 5. Develop microteaching skills and Pedagogy
- 6. Successfully implement the chosen research methodology

#### COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### **DURATION OF COURSE:**

The minimum period of training shall be three calendar years and the candidates can be admitted to this training after their full registration with the Medical Council.

#### TRAINING PROGRAM:

The candidates joining the course must work as full time residents during the whole period of their postgraduate training. They will be required to attend a minimum of 80% of training period. Candidate shall be given full time responsibility and assignments and their participation in all facets of the educational process assured.

Postgraduate students must maintain a record book of the work carried out by them and the training undergone by them during the period of training. These record books shall be checked and assessed by the faculty.

#### TEACHING /LEARNING METHODS:

Learning in M. D. (Microbiology) will essentially be self-learning. Following teaching-learning methods shall be followed-

#### Group teaching sessions:

- Journal review
- Subject seminar presentation
- Group discussion
- Slides seminars
- Clinical case presentations pertaining to infectious diseases
- Presentation of the findings of an exercise on any of the sub-specialities
- Participation in CME programs and conferences

#### Hands on experience (practical training)

Practical training shall be imparted by posting the students in various subspecialities (sections) as detailed in the intrinsic and extrinsic rotation.

Student shall be actively involved in day to day working of all the sections. He/she will be trained under the guidance of teachers in all the aspects of Clinical Microbiology and applied aspects of laboratory medicine including collection and transport of specimens, receiving of samples, preparation of requisite reagents, chemicals, media and glassware, processing of specimens, performing required antimicrobial susceptibility testing and reporting on the specimens, interpretation of results, sterilization procedures, bio-safety precautions, infection control practices, maintenance of equipments, record keeping and quality control in Microbiology.

#### Suggested schedule of rotation:

#### Intrinsic rotation:

1. Bacteriology(Aerobic and anaerobic)	6 months
2. Mycobacteriology	3 months
3. Hospital infection surveillance	3 months
4. Serology/Immunology·	6 months
5. Mycology	3 months
6. Virology/HIV	3 months
7. Parasitology	3 months
8. Clinical Microbiology(OPD)	2 months
9. Molecular Diagnostics	1 month
Extrinsic rotation:	
Clinical Pathology	3 months
*Elective posting	3 months
Total	36 months

#### Emergency duty:

Student shall be posted for managing emergency laboratory services in Microbiology. He/she will deal with all the emergency investigations in Microbiology.

#### Training in research methodology:

Training in research methodology shall be imparted by planning of a research project by the student under the guidance of a recognized guide to be executed and submitted in the form of a dissertation.

The dissertation is aimed at training the candidate in research methods and techniques. It will include identification of a research question, formulation of a hypothesis, search and review of relevant literature, getting acquainted with recent advances, designing of research study, collection of data, critical analysis of the results and drawing conclusions.

The topic shall be communicated to the university within six months of registration and at least 12 months should be spent on the research project.

The dissertation shall be completed and submitted by the student six months before appearing for the final university examination.

#### Teaching experience:

Student shall be actively involved in the teaching of undergraduate students. He/she will be trained in teaching methods and use of audiovisual aids.

#### **BROAD AREAS OF STUDY**

General Microbiology; Systematic Bacteriology, Mycology, Virology, Parasitology; Serology, Immunology, molecular diagnostics and Applied Clinical Microbiology including recent advances in Microbiology.

#### GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY

- 1. History and pioneers in Microbiology
- 2. Microscopy
- 3. Morphology of bacteria and other micro-organisms.
- 4. Nomenclature and classification of microbes.
- 5. Growth and nutrition of bacteria.
- 6. Bacterial metabolism.
- 7. Sterilization and disinfection.
- 8. Biomedical waste disposal
- 9. Bacterial toxins.
- 10. Bacterial antagonism: Bacteriocins.
- 11. Bacterial genetics, gene cloning.
- 12. Antibacterial substances used in treatment of infections and drug resistance in bacteria.
- 13. Bacterial ecology-normal flora of human body, hospital environment, air, water and milk
- 14. Host parasite relationship.
- 15. Quality control and Quality Assurance in Microbiology.
- 16. Laboratory Biosafety
- 17. Health care associated infections- prevention and control

#### IMMUNOLOGY AND APPLIED ASPECTS

- 1. The normal immune system.
- 2. Innate immunity.
- 3. Antigens.
- 4. Immunoglobulins.

- 5. Complement.
- 6. Antigen and antibody reactions.
- 7. Hypersensitivity.
- 8. Cell medidated immunity.
- 9. Immunodeficiency.
- 10. Autoimmunity.
- 11. Immune tolerance.
- 12. Transplantation immunity.
- 13. Tumour immunity.
- 14. Prophylaxis and immunotherapy
- 15. Measurement of immunity.
- 16. Immunity and immunopathogenesis of specific infectious diseases
- 17. Molecular Biology Techniques. For e.g. PCR, DNA probes.

#### SYSTEMATIC BACTERIOLOGY

- 1. Isolation, description and identification of bacteria. The epidemiology, pathogenesis, antigenic characteristics and laboratory diagnosis of disease caused by them
- 2. Staphylococcus and Micrococcus; Anaerobic Gram positive cocci.
- 3. Streptococcus and Lactobacillus.
- 4. Neisseria, Branhamnella and Moraxella.
- 5. Corynebacterium and other coryneform organisms.
- 6. Bacillus: the aerobic spore-bearing bacilli.
- 7. Clostridium: the spore-bearing anaerobic bacilli.
- 8. Non-sporing anaerobes
- 9. The Enterobacteriaceae.
- 10. Vibrios, Aeromonas, Plasiomonas, Campylobacter and Spirillum, H. pylori
- 11. Erysipelothrix and Listeria
- 12. Pseudomonas.
- 13. Chromobacterium, Flavobacterium, Acinetobacter and Alkaligens.
- 14. Pasteurella, Francisella.
- 15. Haemophilus and Bordetella.
- 16. Brucella.
- 17. Mycobacteria.
- 18. The spirochaetes.
- 19. Actinomyces, Nocardia and Actinobacillus.
- 20. Mycoplasmatales: Mycoplasma, Ureaplasma and Acholeplasma.
- 21. Rickettsiae.
- 22. Chlamydiae.
- 23. Emerging bacterial pathogens.

#### **VIROLOGY**

- 1. The nature of viruses
- 2. Classification of viruses
- 3. Morphology :virus structure
- 4. Virus replication
- 5. The genetics of viruses
- 6. The pathogenicity of viruses
- 7. Epidemiology of viral infections
- 8. Vaccines and antiviral drugs
- 9. Bacteriophages
- 10. Pox viruses
- 11. Herpes viruses
- 12. Vesicular viruses
- 13. Togaviridae

- 14. Bunyaviridae
- 15. Arenaviridae
- 16. Marburg and Ebola viruses
- 17. Rubella virus '
- 18. Orbi viruses
- 19. Influenza virus
- 20. Respiratory disease: Rhinoviruses, adenoviruses, corona viruses
- 21. Paramyxoviridae
- 22. Enteroviruses: Polio, Echo, Coxsackie viruses
- 23. Other enteric viruses
- 24. Hepatitis viruses
- 25. Rabies virus
- 26. Slow viruses
- 27. Human immunodeficiency viruses
- 28. Oncogenic viruses
- 29. Teratogenic viruses
- 30. Viruses of gastroenteritis
- 31. Prion diseases
- 32. Emerging viral infections SARS, Avian influenza

#### **PARASITOLOGY**

- 1.Protozoan parasites of medical importance : Entamoeba, Giardia, Trichomonas, Leishmania, Trypanosoma, Plasmodium, Toxoplasma, Sarcocystis, Cryptosporidium, Balantidium, Isospora, Cyclospora, Microsporidium etc.
- 2. Helminthology: All those medically important helminths belonging to Cestoda, Trematoda and Nematoda.

Cestodes: Diphyllobothrium, Taenia, Echinococcus, Hymenolepis, Dypyllidium, Multiceps etc.

Trematodes : Schistosomes, Fasciola, Gastrodiscoides, Paragonimus, Clonorchis, Opisthorchis etc.

Nematodes: Trichuris, Trichinella, Strongyloides, Ancylostoma, Nicator, Ascaris, Toxocara, Enterobius, Filarial worms, Dracunculus, etc.

3. Ectoparasites: Common arthropods and other vectors viz., Mosquito, Sandfly, Ticks, Mite, Cyclops.

#### **MYCOLOGY**

- 1. The morphology and reproduction of fungi and antimycotic agents
- 2. Classification of fungi
- 3. Contaminant and opportunistic fungi
- 4. Fungi causing superficial mycoses
- 5. Fungi causing subcutaneous mycoses
- 6. Fungi causing systemic infections
- 7. Antifungal agents

#### APPLIED CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

- 1. Epidemiology of infectious diseases
- 2. Hospital acquired infections
- 3. Infections of various organs and systems of the human body
- 4. Molecular genetics as applicable to Microbiology
- 5. Automation in Microbiology
- 6. Rapid diagnostic techniques for microbial diseases.
- 7. Vaccinology: principle, methods of preparation, administration of vaccines
- 8. Outbreak investigations & disaster management
- 9. Biological warfare

#### PRACTICALS (SKILLS)

#### **BACTERIOLOGY**

#### Must acquire:

- 1. Care and operation of Microscopes viz. Light, Dark ground, Phase contrast, Inverted. Fluorescent microscopes.
- 2. Preparation of stains viz. Gram's, Albert's, Ziehl- Neelson and other special stains performing of staining and interpretation of stained smears.
- 3. Washing and sterilization of glassware including plugging and packing.
- 4. Operation of incubator, autoclave, hot air oven, inspissator, distillation plant, filters like Seitz and membrane and sterility tests.
- 5. Care and maintainance of common laboratory equipments like water bath, centrifuge, refrigerators, incubators etc.
- 6. Preparation and pouring of liquid and solid media Nutrient agar, Blood agar, MacConkey agar, sugars, TSI agar, Robertson's cooked meat, Lowenstiein-Jensen's, selective media.
- 7. Preparation of reagents oxidase, Kovac, etc.
- 8. Tests for beta-lactamases including ESBLs.
- 9. Collection of specimens for Microbiological investigations such as blood, urine, throat swab, rectal swab, stool, pus, OT specimens.
- 10. Preparation, examination and interpretation of direct smears from clinical specimens, viz. Sputum for AFB ZN & auramine O, slit smears for M..leprae, ZN stain, conjunctival smear for Chlamydiae Giemsa/Iodine.
- 11. Techniques of anaerobiosis Gaspack system, anaerobic jars-evacuation & filling with H<sub>2</sub> CO<sub>2</sub>
- 12. Identification of bacteria of medical importance upto species level (except anaerobes upto generic level)
- 13. Quantitative analysis of urine by pour plate method and semiquantitative analysis by standard loop test for significant bacteriuria.
- 14. Plating of clinical specimens on media for isolation, purification identification and quantitation.
- 15. Tests for motility: hanging drop, Craige's tube, dark ground microscopy for Spirochaetes Treponema & Leptospira.
  - 16. In-vitro toxigenicity tests Elek test, Nagler's reaction
  - 17. Special tests Bile solubility, chick cell agglutination, sheep cell haemolysis, niacin and catalase tests for mycobacterium, satellitism, CAMP test, catalase test and slide agglutination tests, and other as applicable t identification of bacteria upto species level
  - 18. Preparation of antibiotic discs; performance of antimicrobial susceptibility testing by Kirby-Bauer disk diffusion method; estimation of Minimum

inhibitory. /Bactericidal concentrations by tube/plate dilution methods. Tests for drug susceptibility of Mycobacterium tuberculosis

19. Skin tests like Mantoux, Lepromin etc.

20. Testing of disinfectants- Phenol coefficient and 'in use' tests.

21. Quality control of media reagents etc. and validation of sterilization procedures.

22. Aseptic practices in laboratory and safety precautions.

23. Disposal of contaminated material like cultures.

24. Bacteriology of food, water, milk, air

25. Maintenance of stock cultures.

#### Desirable to acquire:

- 1. Care and breeding of laboratory animals viz. Mice, rats, guinea pigs and rabbits.
- 2. Techniques of withdrawal of blood from laboratory animals includingsheep.

3. Inoculation of infective material in animals by different routes.

4. Animal pathogenicity /toxigenicity tests for *C.diphtheriae*, *Cl.tetani*, *S. pneumoniae*, *S.typhimurium*, *K. pnumoniae* etc.

5. Performance of autopsy on animals.

- 6. Isolation of plasmids and Conjugation experiments for transfer of drug resistance
- 7. Serum antibiotic assays eg. Gentamiçin
- 8. Phage typing for staphylococci, S.typhi etc.

9. Bacteriocine typing eg. Pyocine, Proteocin etc.

10. Enterotoxigenicity tests like rabbit ileal loop, intragastric inoculation of mouse, Sereny's test.

11. Mouse foot pad test for M.leprae

#### IMMUNOLOGY/ SEROLOGY

- 1. Collection of blood by venepuncture, seperation of serum and preservation of serum for short and long periods.
- 2. Preparation of antigens from bacteria or tissues for widal, Weil-Felix, VDRL, etc. and their standardisation.
- 3. Preparation of adjuvants like Freund's adjuvant.

4. Raising of antisera in laboratory animals.

- 5. Performance of serological tests viz. Widal, Brucella tube agglutination, indirect haemagglutination, VDRL, Paul-Bunnel, Rose-Waaler, IFA.
- 6. Immunodiffusion in gels, counter immunoelectrophoresis- visualization and interpretation of bands.
- 7. Performance and interpretation of Enzyme linked immunosorbant assay.
- 8. Latex and staphylococcal co-agglutination tests.

#### Desirable to acquire:

- 1. Leucocyte migration inhibition test.
- 2. T-cell rosetting.
- 3. Flow Cytometry
- 4. Radial immunodiffusion.
- 5. Immunoelectrophoresis.
- 6. Neutrophil phagocytosis.

#### **MYCOLOGY**

#### Must acquire:

1. Collection of specimens for mycology.

2. Direct examination of specimens by KOH, Gram, Kinyoun's, Giemsa, Lactophenol cotton blue stains.

3. Examination of histopathology slides for fungal infections.

- 4. Isolation and identification of pathogenic yeasts and moulds and recognition of common laboratory contaminants.
- 5. Special techniques like Wood's lamp examination, hair baiting, hair perforation, paraffin baiting and slide culture.

6. Maintenance of stock cultures.

7. Animal pathogenecity tests viz. Intracerebral and intraperitoneal inoculation of mice for cryptococcus.

#### **PARASITOLOGY**

#### Must acquire:

1. Examination of faeces for parasitic ova and cysts etc. by direct and concentration methods (salt floatation and formol – ether methods) and complete examination for other cellular features.

2. Egg counting techniques for helminths.

- 3. Examination of blood for protozoa and helminths by wet mount, thin and thick stained smears.
- 4. Examination of other specimens for e.g. urine, C.S.F., bone marrow etc. for parasites.

5. Histopathology sections - examination and identification of parasites.

- 6. Performance of stains Leishman, Giemsa, Modified Acid Fast, Toluidine Blue O.
- 7. Identification of common arthropods and other vectors viz. Mosquito, sand fly, ticks, mite and cyclops.

8. Collection of specimens.

9. Preservation of parasites - mounting, fixing, staining etc.

#### Desirable to acquire:

- 1. In-vitro culture of parasites like entamoeba, leishmania, P.falciparum.
- 2. Maintainance of toxoplasma gondii in mice.
- 3. Preparation of media NIH, NNN etc.

4. Copro-culture for larva of hook worms.

- 5. Antigen preparation viz. Entamoeba , Filarial , Hydatid for serological tests like IHA and skin test like Casoni's .
- 6. Permanent staining techniques like iron haematoxylin

#### VIROLOGY

#### Must acquire:

1. Preparation of glassware for tissue culture(washing, sterilization)

2. Preparation of media like Hanks, MEM.

3. Preparation of clinical specimens for isolation of viruses.

4. Serological tests-ELISA and rapid tests for HIV, RPHA for HbsAg, Haemagglutination inhibition for influenza, AGD and

couterimmunoelectrophoresis for detection of viral antigens or antiviral antibodies.

- 5. Chick embryo techniques- inoculation and harvesting.
- 6. Handling of mice, rats, guinea pigs, rabbits for collection of blood, pathogenicity test etc.

#### Desirable to acquire:

- 1. Preparation of Monkey Kidney Cells (Primary) maintenance of continuous cell lines by subcutures. Preservation of cell cultures.
- 2. Recognition of CPE in tissue cultures.
- 3. Performance of haemadsorption, haemagglutination, immunofluorescence, neutralization tests for identification of viruses.

#### SUGGESTED READING:

#### BOOKS:

#### Reference books (Please refer the most recent edition)

- 1. Topley and Wilson's Microbiology and Microbial infections. 8 volumes 2005, 10<sup>th</sup> edition
- 2. Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology: Elmer W Koneman -2006, 6<sup>th</sup> edition
- 3. Mandell, Douglas and Bennett's Principles and Practice of Infectious Diseases -2004, 6th edition
- 4. Microbiology and Clinical Practice: Shanson-1999, 3rd edition
- 5. Immunology: Janis Kuby- 2003.
- 6. Basic Clinical Immunology.

Fudenburg, Stites, Caldwell, Weils.

- 7. Control of Hospital Infection- A practical handbook (most recent edition)-2000, 4th edition
- 8. Bailey and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology.
- 9. Text book of Parasitology. Chatteriee K.D.
- 10. Microbiology in Clinical Practice. Shanson D.C.
- 11. Beaver's Parasitology Textbook

#### Further Reading

- 1. Mycology Rippons
- 2. Essentials of Immunology-Roitt
- 3. Virology- Clinical Virology by Rich
- 4. Gradwohl's Clinical Laboratory Methods and Diagnosis.
  - 5. Biochemical tests for the Identification of Medical Bacteria-MacFaddin JF
  - 6. Manual of Clinical Microbiology- ASM press

#### **Journals**

- 1. Indian Journal of Medical Microbiology
- 2. Clinical Microbiology Reviews
- 3. Journal of Clinical Microbiology
- 4. Journal of Medical Microbiology
- 5. Journal of AIDS
- 6. Journal of Hospital Infection
- 7. Indian Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Diseases.

- 8. Indian Journal of Medical Research
- 9. JAAC
- 10.Parasitology Today
- 11. Journal of Infection
- 12.Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology
- 13.Indian Journal of Tuberculosis
- 14. Journal of Associations of Physicians of India
- 15.Lancet-Infectious Diseases
- 16. Emerging Infectious Diseases-online
- 17. New England Journal of Medicine- online
- 18.British Medical Journal
- 19. Scandinavian Journal of Infectious Diseases
- 20. ICMR Bulletin
- 21. AIDS Research & Review
- 22. MMWR
- 23. Tubercle
- 24. WHO Bulletin
- 25. Journal of American Medical Association
- 26. Paediatric infectious diseases
- 27. Indian Journal of Leprosy
- 28. International Journal of Leprosy
- 29. Immunology
- 30. American journal of Epidemiology

#### Important Websites:

- 1. Center for Disease Control -www.cdc.gov
- 2. World Health Organization- www.who.int
- 3. Infectious Disease Society of America- www.idsociety.org
- 4. United Nations Program on HIV/ AIDS- www.unaids.org
- 5. Johns Hopkins Infectious Diseases- www.hopkins-id.edu
- 6. National Library of medicine- www.pubmed.com
- 7. MD Consult- www.mdconsult.com
- 8. Global Infectious Disease epidemiology networkwww.gideononline.com
- 9. National AIDS Control Organization- www.nacoindia.org
- 10. Tuberculosis Research Centre- www.trc-chennai.org

# AMENDED RULES FOR MGM UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

"Rules for Examination Scheme Leading To Post Graduate Courses in Medical Faculty"

(Approved by BOE 04/2009 vide resolution no.3 dated: 16.02.2009)

- 1. NOMENCLATURE: Nomenclature of PG courses in the faculty of medicine is given as below.
  - 1.1 PG COURSES: -M.D.
    - i) Doctor of Medicine (General Medicine)
    - ii) Doctor of Medicine (Pathology)
    - iii) Doctor of Medicine (Microbiology)
    - iv) Doctor of Medicine (Pharmacology)
    - v) Doctor of Medicine (Faediatrics)
    - vi) Doctor of Medicine (Physiology)
    - vii) Doctor of Medicine (Anaesthesiology)
    - viii) Doctor of Medicine (Anatomy)

#### 1.2. PG COURSES: -M.S.

- i) Master of Surgery (General Surgery)
- ii) Master of Surgery (Ophthalmology)
- iii) Master of Surgery (Orthopaedics)
- iv) Master of Surgery (Obstetrics & Gynaecology.)

#### 1.3. PG COURSES: -DIPLOMA

- i) P.G. Diploma in Paediatrics (D.C.H.)
- ii) P.G. Diploma in Anaesthesialogy (D.A.)
- iii) P.G. Diploma in Obstetrics & Gynaecology (D.G.O.)
- iv) P.G. Diploma in Orthopaedics (D.Ortho.)
- v) P.G. Diploma in Ophthalmology (D.O.)

#### 2. METHOD OF TRAINING:

- 2.1. The training given with due care to the Post Graduate students in the recognized institutions for the award of various Post Graduate medical degrees/diplomas shall determine the expertise of the specialist medical teachers produced as a result of the educational programme during the period of stay in the institution.
- 2.2. All candidates joining these Post Graduate training programmes will work as full time residents, during the period of training, attending not less than 80% (Eighty percent) of the training during each calendar year, and given full time responsibility, assignments and participation in all facets of the educational process.
- 2.3. Every institution undertaking postgraduate training programme shall set up an academic cell or a curriculum committee, under the chairmanship of a senior faculty member, which shall work out the details of the training programme in each specialty in consultation with other department faculty staff and also coordinate and monitor the implementation of these training programmes.
- 2.4. The training programme shall be updated as and when required. The structured training programme shall be strictly followed to enable the examiners to determine the training undergone by the candidates and the Medical Council of India inspectors to assess the same at the time of inspection.
- 2.5. Postgraduate students shall maintain a record (log book) of the work carried out by them and the training programme undergone during the period of training including details of procedures surgical operations assisted or done independently (for M.S. candidates)
- 2.6. The record books shall be checked and assessed by the faculty members imparting the training.

- 2.7. During the training for degree/diploma to be awarded in clinical disciplines shall be proper training in basic medical sciences related to the discipline concerned. During the training for the degree to be awarded in basic medical sciences, there shall be training in applied aspects of the subject; and there shall be training in allied subjects related to the disciplines concerned. In all postgraduate training programmes, both clinical and basic medical sciences, emphasis is to be laid on preventive and social aspects and emergency care.
- 2.8. Facilities for autopsies, biopsies, cytopsies, endoscopic and imaging etc. also be made available for training purposes.
- 2.9. The postgraduate students shall be required to participate in the teaching and training programme of undergraduate students and interns.
- 2.10 Training in medical audit, management, health economics, health information system, basics of statistics, exposure to human behaviour studies, knowledge of pharmaco- economics and introduction to non-linear mathematics shall be imparted to the postgraduate students.
- 2.11. Implementation of training programmes for the award of various postgraduate degrees and diplomas shall include the following: -
  - (a) Doctor of Medicine (M.D.)/Master of Surgery (M.S.) -
  - (i) Basic Medical Sciences: Lectures, seminars, journal clubs, group discussions, participation in laboratory and experimental work, and involvement in research studies in the concerned speciality and exposure to the applied aspects of the subject relevant to clinical specialities.
  - (ii) Clinical disciplines: In service training, with the students being given graded responsibility in the management and treatment of patients entrusted to their care; participation in Seminars, Journal clubs, group discussions, clinical meetings, grand rounds, and clinicopathological conferences; practical training in diagnosis, medical and surgical treatment; training in the basic medical sciences, as well as in allied clinical specialities.

(b) Diploma: -

In-Service training, with students being given graded clinical responsibility; lectures, seminars, journal clubs, group discussions and participation in clinical and clinico pathological conferences, practical training to manage independently common problems in the speciality; and training in the basic medical sciences.

#### 3. PERIOD OF TRAINING:

2.1. The period of training for M.D./M.S. shall be three years including examination period provided that, in case of student having two years recognized PG Diploma course in the same subject the period of training shall be two years.

2.2. Period of training for PG Diploma Course shall be two years viz. four academic

terms including examination period.

#### 4. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND PASSING HEADS:

4.1. The university shall conduct not more than two examinations per year for any subject with an interval of not more than six months between the two examinations. For repeater students, the requirement for attending the department regularly shall be optional.

4.2. The university theory examination shall be conducted as per the following schedule and should be concluded with 15-20 days from commencement date of Exam.

4.3. In summer – the commencement of all examination will be from 1st June of every year

4.4. In winter - the commencement of all examination will be from 2nd January of every year.

4.5. While preparing a detailed schedule of examination there shall be one day gap between two papers.

4.6. The practical examination will be concluded within 10 days after completion of

theory examination.

4.7. The above schedule be followed strictly except for certain unavoidable circumstances such as natural calamity, disturbed law and order situation, disturbance attributed to agitations etc wherein, Director - Examination is authorized. to issue such notification of change in schedule subject to approval of Hori'ble Vice Chancellor. The decision of Hon'ble Vice Chancellor will be final in case of any change from above schedule is desired.

4.8. University shall conduct examination at the end of three academic years for M.D. M.S., and at the end of two academic years for diploma courses. University shall conduct not more than two examinations in a year, with an interval of not less than

four and not more than six months between the two examinations.

4.9. M.D/M.S. examination in any subject shall consist of thesis, theory papers and clinical/practical and oral examination. Examination in any subject shall consist of theory and clinical/practical and oral examination.

4.10. Postgraduate diploma in any subject shall consist of theory, practical/clinical and

oral examination.

# 5. Criteria of Passing: - There will be two heads of passing:

5.1. Four/Three papers of theory shall form one head of passing

5.2. Clinical, oral, and practical taken together shall form the second head of passing. A candidate must pass in both the heads that is the whole examination at one and the same attempt. A candidate passing in one head and failing to pass in the other head will be declared fail and shall not be entitled to any exemption in the subsequent attempt.

6. To pass a candidate must obtain: -

6.1. 50% of marks in theory examination in all papers, taken together but minimum 40% marks in each paper.

6.2. 50% of marks in clinical, oral and practical taken together but minimum 40% marks

in each (clinical, oral & practical)

# 7. SCHEME OF THEORY EXAMINATION:

7.1. There shall be four theory papers at M.D./M.S. examinations, of 100 marks each.

7.2. There shall be three theory papers in Diploma examinations, of 100 marks each.

7.3. Each Paper shall be of 3 hours duration.

# PAPER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF TOPIC IS AS GIVEN BELOW. 1.1. PG COURSES: - M.D.

SN	COURSE	SUBJECT NAME	PAPER NO. & TOPICS	
i)	M.D.	GENERAL MEDICINE	Basic , Sciences in General Medicine Genetics, and Nutrition.	
H 255	× 0.11		II. Cardio-Vascular system, Respirator System Nephrology, Rheumatology Immunology Infectious diseases Dennatology.	
2 8 2		2 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	III. Gastroenterology, Nervous system Psychiatry, Hematology, Oncology Endocrinology, Miscellaneous.	
			IV. Recent Advances in General Medicine.	
E)	M.D.	PATHOLOGY	I. General Pathology including General Neoplasia, Immunopathology and cytopathology.	
			II. Systemic Pathology including Systemic Neoplasia.	
			III. Haematology, Transfusion medicine Immunohaematology including Recent Advances.	
			IV. Clinical Pathology, Chemical Pathology, Pathology of infectious diseases, Recent Advances.	
iii)	M.D.	MICROBIOLOGY -	General Microbiology & Immunology	
14. 3		\$2 V 1 1 360 15 15	II. Systemic Bacteriology,	
			III. Mycology & Virology	
		NU 21	IV. Parasitology & Recent Advances	
iv)	M.D.	PHARMACOLOGY	Screening and evaluation of drugs (Animal and Clinical), Clinical Pharmacology, General Pharmacology, Biostatistics.	
, ,		ta e es	II. Systemic Pharmacology	
		0	III. Applied - Pharmacology including Therapeutics, Miscellaneous topics (GIT, RS. Autocolds, vitamins, skin, ocular Pharmacology, Immunopharmacology, chelating agents, Drugs and Pregnancy)	
			IV. Recent Advances in Pharmacology	

v)	M.D.	PAEDIATRICS	[.	Basic Medical Sciences as applied paediatrics
			11.	Neonatology, Community and preventive Påediatrics
			111.	Systemic diseases in Paediatrics: -
				Respiratory Cardiology, C.V.S., Neurology, Haematology, Nephrology, Rheumatology, Immunology, Metabolic, Liver
				Gastroenterology, Growth and
				Development, Congenital and
				acquired disorders
		1		Endocrine System and Miscellaneous diseases.
			IV.	Recent advances in Paediatrics
vi)	M.D.	PHYSIOLOGY:	I.	General physiology, Cellular physiology, Applied Biochemistry,
	٠			Biophysics and Biostatistics, History of Physiology, Comparative Physiology
			-	Nerve muscle, Blood, Cardiovascular system, Respiratory System, Gastrointestinal system, Renal Physiology.
			111.	Endocrine, special senses, Nervous system, Reproductive system
			IV.	Exercise Physiology, Nutrition, recent advances, Medical education technology, stress relaxation, medical ethics & applied physiology.
vii)	M.D.	ANAESTHESIOLOGY	1:	Basic Sciences related to Anaesthesia (History, Anatomy, Physiology, Pharmacology, Pathology, Physics,
				Instrument & Equipments, etc.)
			ij.	Theory & Practice of Anaesthesia -
	-		111.	Clinical sciences like Medicine & Surgery Related to Anaesthesia
			IV.	Recent Advances in Anaesthesia.

viii)	M.D.	ANATOMY		General and gross anatomy including corresponding microanatomy and
			14.	embryology and clinical anatomy of Head, Face, Neck and Thorax. Gross anatomy including corresponding microanatomy and Embryology and clinical anatomy of Abdomen, Polvis and Perineum and superior and inferior extremity.
·			111.	Neuroanatomy including corresponding microanatomy, embryology and clinical anatomy.
			IV.	Genetics, Radiological Anatomy, Sectional Anatomy, Clinical Anatomy and Recent Advances.

1.2. PG	COURSES: -	M.S.		
Sr. No	COURSE	SUBJECT NAME	PAPE	R NO. & TOPICS
i) -	M.S.	GENERAL SURGERY	1.	Basic Sciences
-	***************************************	<u> </u>		General Surgery Including Clinical Surgery
			111.	General Surgery Including Subspecialities
			IV.	Recent Advances
ii)	M.S.	OPHTHALMOLOGY	I.	Anatomy, Physiology and optics of the eye.
,		o	11.	Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
		•	117.	Ophthalmology in relation to medicine
			IV.	Newer Techniques and innovations in Ophthalmology.
iii)	M.S,	ORTHOPAEDICS	1.	Basic and Applied Sciences as related to Orthopaedics
			11.	Orthopaedics Traumatology
			111.	Orthopaedic Diseases
			IV.	Recent Advances
iv)	M.S	OBSTETRICS AND		Basic Sciences in Obstetrics and Gynaecology including the diseases of the newborn Clinical Obstetrics includes newborn.
			11	Cirical Careerorous

Sr.	Course	Subject Name	7	Paper No. & Topics
No				
i)	CD.C.H.	DIPLOMA IN PAEDIATRIC	1 1.	Basic medical as applied to paediatrics.
			-	Neonatology, social and preventive Paediatric.
			HI.	Systemic disease in Paediatrics
				Respiratory cardiology, CVS, Neurology, Haematology, Nephrology,
1				Rheumatology, Immunology,
		•		Gastroenterology, growth and
				development. Congenital & acquired disorder of Eye
				care, Nose, Throat and joints,
				Endocrine system and miscellaneous diseases.
ii)	D.A.	DIPLOMA IN	1.	Basic Sciences as related to
		ANAESTHESIALOGY		Anaesthesia (History, Anatomy, Physiology, Pharmacology, Pathology,
		÷		Physics, Instrument & Equipments,
	_			etc.)
	-		11.	Theory & Practice of Annesthesia
			Ш.	Clinical Sciences like Medicine & Surgery related to Anaesthesia
iii)	D,G.O.	DIPLOMA IN OBST.	1.	Obstetrics including the diseases
1117	2,0.0.	& GYNAECOLOGY	•	of newborn.
			11.	Gynaecology, Gynaecological
.`			,	Pathology & Operative
				Gynaecology.
			Ш.	Medical and surgical diseases complicating obstetrics &
•				Gynaecology, social obstetrics &
				Gynaecology including
	6			M.CH. & F. W. *
iv)	D. ORTHO	DIPLOMA IN	1.	Anatomy, Physiology and Pathology as
		ORTHOPAEDICS		applicable to Orthopaedics.
			II. III.	Traumatology and general Surgery.  General Orthopaedics
v)	D.O.	DIPLOMA IN	1:	Anatomy, Physiology and Optics.
•		OPHTHAL MOLOGY	11.	Ophthalmic Medicine and surgery.
	•	·	111	Ophthalmology related to systemic
		:		diseases and new innovations and
		9		techniques in Ophthalmology.

#### 8. SCHEME OF PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

- 9.1. Clinical examination for the subjects in clinical sciences shall be conducted to test the knowledge and competence of the candidates for undertaking independent work as a specialist/teacher, for which candidate shall examine a minimum two long and two short cases.
- 8.2. Practical examination for the subjects in Basic Medical Sciences shall be conducted to test the knowledge and competence of the candidate for making valid and relevant observations based on the experimental/Laboratory studies and his ability to perform such studies as are relevant to his subjects.
- 8.3. The oral examination shall be thorough and shall aim at assessing the candidate's knowledge and competence about the subject, investigative procedures, therapeutic technique and other aspects of the Specialty, which will form a part of the examination.

#### 9. NUMBER OF CANDIDATES:

- 9.1. The maximum number of candidates to be examined in clinical/Practical and viva on any day shall not exceed 8 for M.D./M.S. degree, and 8 for diploma examinations.
- 9.2. All the 4 Examiners will sit together to examine the candidate for long cases. At least one internal 8 one external examiner would assess the candidate for short cases. All 4 examiners will conduct viva voce and practical if any.

#### 1.1 FG Course - MD

i) M.D. (GENERAL MEDICINE)

PRACTICAL SCHEME: .

Sr. Ho.	Heads	Description	Marks	Preparation time	Assessment time
1	Long Cases (one)	1 Neurology case	150	45 min each	20 min
2	Short Cases (Two)	Of systems other than the system of long cases	75 each = .150	15 min each	10 min
3	Viva (Four Tables)	Radiology (X-Rays, CT, MR)	25	- 3	5 min
		ECG/Lab investigations	25	2	5 min
		Therapeutics : ,	25		5 min
		Emergencies	25	· ·	5 min
	Ī	TOTAL PRACTICAL MARKS	400	· ·	

# ii) M.D. (PATHOLOGY) PRACTICAL SCHEME:

SN.	Exercises	Maximum Marks
1	Histopathology slides (25 slides, 5 marks each)	125
2	Clinical case	75
3	Haematology & Cytology slides (15 slides, 5 marks each)	75
4	Grossing	35
5	Autopsy	20
6	Histolechniques	15
7	Serology	15
8	Viva Voce	40
Total Mark	S	400 Marks

Day 1: i) Clinical case will include

15
15
15
15
15
20
30
75
200 marks

Day 2: -

Day 2: -	122 3 3
i) Histopathology slides-25 slides	
(The candidate should be assessed so as to evaluate performance in identifying common as well as rare lesions).	125
Five minutes duration for each slide.	
ii) Serology technique (Including routine serology and Blood Bank techniques)	15
iii) Histopathological Techniques	
1) Block cutting and staining H & E	10
2) Special stain 1	10
iv) Viva Voce: -	
Student will be examined by all the Examiners together, for	8
Subject knowledge, comprehension, analytical approach,	40 °
expression and interpretation of data, and will include	
discussion related to dissertation.	+ -
Total Marks · -	200 marks

MIN M D (MICROBIOLOGY) PRACTICAL SCHEME: -

	EXEF.CISE/VIVA	199	MAXIMUM MARK
SN.	A] LONG EXERCISE BACTERIOLO	)GY	50
	B] SHORT EXERCISES	127	
1	Bacteriology short exercise	Riv.	30
2	Mycobacteriology/special staining		10 .
3	Exercise in Virology	gr.	30
4	Exercise in Immunology	W. C.	30
5	Exercise in Mycology		30
6	Exercise in Parasitology		30
7	Serology/Exercise	-12-	30
8	Identification of slides		30
9	Microteaching/Pedagogy	1 3 ×	. 20
	Total of Short-exercises (B)	in the second	300
	C) ORAL (VIVA VOCE)		100
,	TOTAL of A, B, C		400

Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
Long exercise	Bacteriology Long exercise	Bacteriology Long
Bacteriology	(contd.)	exercise
Bactericlogy Short Exercise	Bacteriological Short Exercise (conclude)	Identification of slides Redagogy
Mycobacteriology	Exercise in Mycology	Oral (Viva -voce)
Exercise in Virology	Exercise in Parasitology Exercise in Immunology	Including on Dissertation
Mycology Exercise	Serology Exercise	

PG Courses- (3 yrs. duration)
Academic Calender and Examination Pattern.
Students admitted in May 2007

st yr - From 1<sup>st</sup> JUNE 2007 to 31<sup>st</sup> MAY 2008 - 1<sup>st</sup> yr Internal exam May 2008 2<sup>nd</sup> yr- From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2008 to 31<sup>st</sup> May 2009 - 2<sup>nd</sup> yr Internal exam May 2009 31<sup>st</sup> May 2010 - Submission of Thesis - Dec. - 2

- 1<sup>st</sup> yr Internal exam May 2008 2<sup>nd</sup> yr Internal exam May 2009 Submission of Thesis – Dec. – 2009. Prelim Exam March 2010. Preparation deave April / May 2010 University exam June 2010

## 16, Programme -

Sectional postings according to particular Departments

2G activities like Journal club, Seminar, case presentations.

Work on Thesis: Selection of topic, submission of synopsis to Ethical committee and University. Presentation of synopsis to Vice Chancellor, Dean, Registrar, Ethical committee members, Clearance from Ethical. Committee & University. Carry out the thesis work. Submission to University 06 months before exams.

# Duties of Phstudent .-

- Maintenance of work performed in PG Students Record book & Remark of Sectional Heads.
- Maintenance of Emergency duties and work performed.
- > Internal Exam performance & Calculation of Internal assessment.
- > Obtain Sectional postings completion certificate.
- No dues certificate from various sections & departments, needed at the time of Thesis Submission and submission of University Exam form.
- Departmental Teaching duties and its record.
- > Record of Conferences attended and Papers presented.

'oint No. 6 should read as follows:-

i.1 Read 50% of marks in theory examination in all papers, taken together but minimum 40% marks in each paper

i.2 Read 50% of marks in clinical oral and practical taken together but minimum 40% marks in each { clinical ,oral & practical}

Point No. 7

Pattern of question paper is amended as follows:-

2.No.	Nature of Questions	Division of Marks'	Total Marks
	Long questions	01 x 25	25 Marks
2	SAQs attempt any 10 out of 12	10 x 05	50 Marks
3.	Long questions	01 x 25	25 Marks
	-	Total	100 Marks

In addition to above following suggestions were also made by the members for perusal of academic council:

## G Exam Pattern. Internal exams & University exams... iternal exams - Theory & Practical exams.

Internal exam - At the end of 1st yr Internal exam - At the end of 2<sup>nd</sup>yr - At the end of5th term relim exam tudents application in each section tudents application in teaching activities

- Marks Reduced to 25

- Marks Reduced to 25

- Marks Reduced to 25

- Marks Reduced to 15

- Marks Reduced to 10

Total

(Page 2)

100

otal marks obtained out of 100 will be added in Final exam. Details of Internal exam marks & portion for the exam, Theory, Practical and viva to be ecided & informed to Students by HOD)

Iniversity Exam -- Evaluation on basis of Theory, Practical and viva examination + aternal assessment. Contents of Theory & Practical exam will differ according to various ubjects.

#### troad outline

- 1) It was decided in previous meeting ot follow curriculum for MD similar to MUHS for each subject.
- 2) Suggest Theory exam pattern:- There will be 4 paper of 100 marks each, 3hrs duration.

In each paper - 3 main Questions

2 Long answer questions

I question with subdivisions

Recent advances can be asked in any paper

#### Evaluation Process—

- 1. Question to be evaluated on 0-10 grade scale
- 2. Total is converted into out of 100

Final Calculations:-	×	If no prevision for Internal.	Assessmiant
Theory 4 papers X 100marks Practicals exam total marks Viva Internal Assessment		Theory 400 marks Practicals 300 marks Viva 100 Morks  Total 800 marks	•

Minimum passing 50% in Aggregate in Theory & Practical Separately. In each paper, minimum 40% scoring in necessary.

Additional Mote - If no provision for Internal assemment marks in final exam mark theel; the the performance in Internal exams can be used for qualification to appear for Uni exam. Condidate must obtain Miminson passing morks as above.

## MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI

#### MARKLIST FOR PRACTICAL AND VIVA-VOCE EXAMINATION

	EXAM CENTRE:_											co	URSE / EXAM	f : PG –	
	DATE OF EXAMIN	NATION	V::						_EXAM	IINATIO	ON FOR	_M.D. (MIC	ROBIOLOGY)		
eat No.	1 LONG EXERCISE				S		2 XERCISI	ES	C				3 ORAL		Grant Total
	BACTERIOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total	viva voce	Dissertation Viva	Total	400 Marks (1+2+3)
	50 marks	30 marks	10 marks	30 marks	30 marks	30 marks	30 marks	30 marks	30 marks	30 marks	300	90	10	100	(11210)
									187						
			19												
×								- ^							
	10:														

NAME OF EXAMINER	COLLEGE	SIGNATURE WITH DATE
<u>1.</u>		N N
3		
<u>z.</u>		-
<u>3.</u>		
4.		
<del>-</del>		

# PAPER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF TOPIC IS AS GIVEN BELOW. 1.1. PG COURSES: - M.D.

SN	COURSE	SUBJECT NAME	PAPER NO. & TOPICS
Ť,	M.D.	GENERAL MEDICINE	I. Basic Sciences in General Medicine, Genetics, and Nutrition.
			II. Cardio-Vascular system, Respiratory System Nephrology, Rheumatology, Immunology, Infectious diseases, Dermatology.
			III. Gastroenterology, Nervous system, Psychiatry, Hematology, Oncology, Endocrinology, Miscellaneous.
			IV.  Recent Advances in General Medicine.
11)	M.D.	PATHOLOGY	I. General Pathology including General Neoplasia, Immunopathology and cytopathology.
			II. Systemic Pathology including Systemic Neoplasia.
			III. Haematology, Transfusion medicine, Immunehaematology including Recent Advances.
			IV. Clinical Pathology, Chemical Pathology, Pathology of infectious diseases, Recent Advances.
ji)	M.D.	MICROBIOLOGY	General Microbiology & Immunology
			II. Systemic Bacteriology,
			III. Mycology & Virology
			IV. Parasitology & Recent Advances
X	M.D.	PHARMACOLOGY	Screening and evaluation of drugs (Animal and Clinical), Clinical Pharmacology, General Pharmacology, Biostatistics.
			II. Systemic Pharmacology
			III. Applied Pharmacology including Therapeutics, Miscellaneous topics (GIT, RS. Autocolds, vitamins, skin, ocular Pharmacology, Immunopharmacology, chelating agents, Drugs and Pregnancy)
		ă a	IV. Recent Advances in Pharmacology

# IN PURSUIT OF EXCELLENCE

# MGM DEEMED UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

Constituent Colleges

#### Navi Mumbai



M.G.M School of Biomedical Science

M.G.M School of Physiotherapy
M.G.M New Bombay College of Nursing
M.G.M College of Nursing

#### Aurangabad



M.G.M. Medical College
M.G.M School of Biomedical Science
M.G.M School of Physiotherapy
M.G.M College of Nursing



**MAHATMA GANDHI MISSION** 



#### **AURANGABAD**

- MGM's Jawaharlal Nehru Engineering College
- · MGM's Institute of Management
- MGM's Mother Teresa College of Nursing
- MGM's Mother Teresa Institute of Nursing Education
- MGM's College of Journalism & Media Science
- MGM's Medical Center & Research Institute
- MGM's College of Fine Arts
- MGM's Dr. D. Y. Pathrikar College of Comp. Sc. & Tech.
- MGM's Hospital & Research Center
- MGM's College of Agricultural Bio-Technology
- MGM's Dept. of Bio-Technology & Bio-informaties.
- MGM's Inst. of Hotel Management & Catering Tech.
- MGM's Institute of Indian & foreign Languages & Comm.
- · MGM's College of Physiotherapy
- MGM's Hospital, Ajabnagar
- MGM's Sangeet Academy (Mahagami)
- MGM's Institute Naturopathy & Yoga
- · MGM's Sports Club & Stadium
- · MGM's Institute of Vocational Courses
- · MGM's Horticulture
- MGM's Health Care Management
- MGM's Junior College of Education (Eng. & Mar.)
- MGM's Sanskar Vidyalaya (Pri. & Sec. Mar.)
- MGM's Clover Dale School (Pri. & Sec. Eng.)
- MGM's First Steps School (Pre-Primary English)
- MGM's Sanskar Vidyalaya (Pre-Priamary Marathi)
- MGM's School of Biomedical Sciences

#### **NAVI MUMBAI**

- MGM's College of Engineering & Technology
- MGM's Institute of Management Studies & Research
- MGM's Dental College & Hospital
- MGM's College of Physiotherapy
- MGM's College of Media Science
- · MGM's Institute of Research
- MGM's New Bombay Hospital, Vashi
- MGM's Hospital, CBD
- MGM's Hospital, Kamothe
- MGM's Hospital, Kalamboli
- MGM's Infotech & Research Centre
- MGM's Pre-Primary School (English & Marathi)
- MGM's Primary & Secondatry School (Eng. & Mar.)
- · MGM's Junior College Science
- · MGM's Junior College of Vocational Courses
- MGM's Florence Nightingale Inst. Nursing Edu.
- MGM's College of Nursing
- MGM's College of Law

#### NANDED

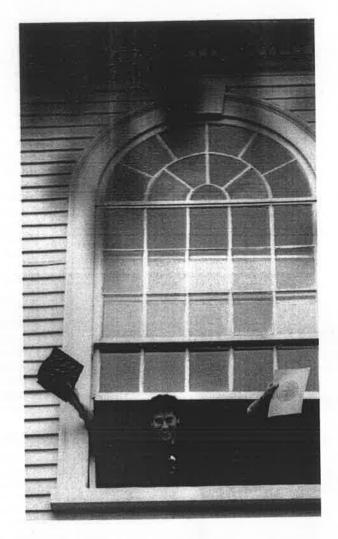
- MGM's College of Engineering
- MGM's College of Fine Arts
- MGM's College of Computer Science
- MGM's College of Journalism & Media Science
- · MGM's Centre for Astronomy & Space Tech.
- MGM's College of Library & Information Science

#### PARBHANI

• MGM's College of Computer Science

#### NOIDA (U.P.)

MGM's College of Engineering & Technology



MGM University of Health Sciences (Education - Health Services - Research) A Mission started, nurtured and Managed by Professional Doctors, Scientists Engineers...





# MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Post Box -6, MGM Educational Complex, Sector-18,
Kamothe, Navi Mumbai – 410209
Ph: -022-27422471, 65168127, 65138121 Fax: 022-27420320
E-mail: mgmuniversity@mgmuhs.com
Website: www.mgmuhs.com

# Resolution passed in BOM – 48/2017, dated 24/01/2017

**Resolution No. 5.25:** Resolved to institute 6 monthly progress Report for PG Students of all Courses from the batches admitted in 2016-17. [Annexure-XVII of BOM-48/2017]

# Wahatma Gandhi Wission's Wedical College and Hospital Navi Wumbai

# Six monthly Progress Report for Postgraduate Students

#### PARTA

Name	e of the <b>PG stu</b>	dent:		
Depa	rtment:			
Admi	tted in (Month	and Year):		
Name	e of the P <b>G gu</b> id	de:	AMERIKAN SAMANWARI BUTU SU	
	rt for the perio			
Atten	dance:	days (	%)	
			PART B	
		Gradin	<b>g as per p</b> erformanc	e
		Grade	Percentage	
		H H	80% and above 65% to 79% 50% to 64%	
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#### PARTE

## 1. Papers presented

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## 2. Posters presented

Title of Poster Authors Event	Date

## 3. Publications

(Note: Mention only those publications that are published or are accepted for publication during the said period only)

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Name and Signature of HOD:	
Final Remarks	
Satisfactory / Average / Un	satisfactory
Director (Academics)	Dean
Date:	

Resolution No. 1.3.8.11 of BOM-51/2017: Resolved to approve the topics to be included under Bioethics in UG. [Amexime-1X]

## Bioethics Topics for UG/PG

# For Post-graduates (MD Microbiology):

- 1. Universal principles
- 2. Sterilization techniques
  - 3. Biosafety and Biohazard
  - 4. Healthy Gene
  - 5. Outbreak report
  - 6. Drug resistance minimization
  - 7. Environmental ethics

Resolution No. 1.3.8.5 of BOM-51/2017: Resolved to approve subject wise topics for PG teaching (Microbiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, FMT). [Annexure N]

## PG teaching topics in Microbiology

Sr Nos	rt teaching topics in Micr	Cobiology
134 1405		Sections
	Historical aspects of Microbiology	General Microbiology
	Structure of bacteria	General Microbiology
	Bacternal growth, nutrition metabolism	General Microbiology
5	Microscopes	General Microbiolog
: 6.	Disinfection	General Microbiology
7.	Culture methods	General Microbiology
8.	Bacterial genetics and mutation	General Microbiology
\$1.000.000	Bacterial gene transfer	General Microbiology
9. 10.	Infection	General Microbiology
	Immunity	Immunology
11.	Immunoglobulins	Immunology
12.	Precipitation	Immunology
13.	Agglutination	Immunology
14.	ELISA	Immunology
15.	Complement	Immunology
16.	Anaphylaxis	
17.	Autoimmunity	Immunology
18.	Tumour immunity	Immunology
19,	Transplantation immunity	Immunology
20.	MRSA	Immunology
21.	Streptococcal infections	Systemic Bacteriology
22.	Gas gangrene	Systemic Bacteriology
23.	Salmonellosis	Systemic Bacteriology
24.	Leptospirosis	Systemic Bacteriology
25.	Rickettial diseases	Systemic Bacteriology
26.	PUO	Systemic Bacteriology
27.	Diarrheoal diseases	Clinical Microbiology
2Ř,	STDs	Clinical Microbiology
29.	UTI	Clinical Microbiology
30.	Superficial Mycosis	Clinical Microbiology
31.	Deep mycosis	Mycology
32.	Opportunistic mycosis	Mycology
33.	Hepatitis B	Mycology
34.	Enteroviruses	Virology
35	Retroviruse	Virology
36.		Virology
37.	Oncogenic viruses	Virology
38.	Arboviruses	Virology
39	Malaria	Parasitology
	Toxoplasmosis	Parasitology
***********************	Lymphatic filariasis	Parasitology
	Tapeworm and Cysticercosis	Parasitology
	Leishmaniasis	Parasitology
13.	Free living amoebae	Parasitology
14.	Healthy gene	Bioethics
[5. ]	Universal principles	Bioethics
16.	Outbreak report	Bioethics

47. Drug resistance minimization 48. Sterilization Techniques	Bioethics Bioethics
49 Diosafety and Biohazard	Bloethics
20. Environmental ethics	Piochies

## Lise of Topics for PG Teaching (Pharmacology)

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1- Recent advances in treatment of hypertension	2hrs
2- Recent advances in treatment of Congestive Cardiac Failure	2hrs
3-Newer trend in Pharmacotherapy of Angina Pectoris	2hrs
4-Treatment of Arrhythmias	2hrs
5-Drug affecting blood coagulation	2hrs
6- Advances in Treatment of Shock	2hrs
7-Central neurotransmitters	Hur
8- Treatment of Parkinsonian disease	2hrs
9- Pharmacotherapy of Alzheimer's disease	2hrs
T/T of convulsive disorders	2hrs
10- Newer antidepressants	Thrs
11- Pharmacotherapy of pain	2hrs
12- Pharmacotherapy of Migraine	l hr
13- T/T of skeletal muscle dysfunction	2hrs
14- Advances in Insulin	Thrs
15- Recent advances in Pharmacotherapy of diabetes mellitus	2hrs
16-oral contraceptives	2hrs
17-Corticosteroids	2hrs
18-Advances in treatment of Osteoporosis	2hrs
19-Drugs acting on Uterus	2hrs
20-Advances in treatment of bronchial asthma	2hrs
21-Occular Pharmacology	2hrs
22- Pharmacotherapy of peptic ulcer	2hrs
23- Pharmacology of antiemetic drugs	lhr
24- immunomodulaters	2hrs

Resolution No. 1.3.7.11 (i) of BOM-51/2017: Resolved that the following Bioethics topics in PG Curriculum are to be included for PG students of all specialization and a sensitization of these topics can be done during PG Induction programme:

- Concept of Autonomy
- Informed Consent
- Confidentiality
- Communication Skills
- Patient rights
- Withholding / Withdrawing life-saving treatment
- Palliative Care
- Issues related to Organ Transplantation
- Surgical Research and Surgical Innovation
- Hospital Ethics Committee
- Doctor-Patient relationship

Resolution No. 1.3.23 of FOM-51/2017: Resolved to implement a Structural Induction programme (07 days) for PG students. [Annexure XIIV]

## MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES Navi Mumbai

## Induction Program for newly admitted Postgraduate students

Day 1	* Address by Dean, Medical Suptd, Director (Academics)	Contant management of the continue of the cont
	Pre-test	,
	<ul> <li>Communication Skills</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Universal Safety Precautions</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Biomedical Waste Management</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Infection Control Policy</li> </ul>	
Day 2	Emergency services	
	<ul> <li>Laboratory services</li> </ul>	
. ~	Blood Bank services	
that the	Medicolegal issues	
1. 1	Prescription writing	
	<ul> <li>Adverse Drug Reaction</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Handling surgical specimens</li> </ul>	
Day 3	Principles of Ethics	the state of the second make the state of th
ydy www.	Professionalism	
	Research Ethics	
	∘ Informed Consent	
	Confidentiality	
	<ul> <li>Doctor-Patient relationship</li> </ul>	
Day 4	Research Methodology	The state of the s
**************************************	Synopsis writing	
Day 5	Dissertation writing	
Day 6	Statistics	
Day 7	◆ ATES	
	Post-test	

The Induction Program will be conducted in the first week of June. Timing: 9.30 am to 3.30 pm

(Prof. Dr. Siddharth P. Dubhashi)
Director (Academics)

Resolution No. 3.6.6 of BOM-52/2018: Resolved to accept posting schedule of MD students in allied department [Annexure-VII]

## Schedule of Allied Posting for Post graduates

## **Microbiology**

Mandatory Postings	Duration
Hematology and Clinical Pathology	1 month
Transfusion medicine	1month
Biochemistry	1month
RNTCP	2 months
CSSD (Central Sterilization Supply Department)	1 month
TOTAL	6 months
	Hematology and Clinical Pathology Transfusion medicine Biochemistry RNTCP CSSD (Central Sterilization Supply Department)

**Resolution No. 4.5.4.2 of BOM-55/2018:** Resolved to have 10 short notes out of 11 (10 marks each) in all the papers in university examination for PG courses including superspeciality. To be implemented from batch appearing in April/May 2019 examination onwards for MD/MS/Diploma and August/September 2019 examination onwards for superspeciality.

#### Resolution No. 4.13 of BOM-55/2018: Resolved as follows:-

- (i) Slow learners must be re-designated as potential learners.
- (ii) Students scoring less than 35% marks in a particular subjects/course in the 1<sup>st</sup> formative exam are to be listed as potential learners. These learners must be constantly encouraged to perform better with the help of various remedial measures.
- (iii) Students scoring more than 75% marks in a particular subjects/course in the 1<sup>st</sup> formative exam are to be listed as advanced learners. These learners must be constantly encouraged to participate in various scholarly activities.

**Resolution No. 3.1.2.3 of BOM-57/2019:** It was resolved to approve the proposed changes in topics for Paper 3 and Paper 4 for MD Microbiology Examination from batch appearing in April 2020 University examination:

	Existing Portion (Paperwise)	Proposed Portion (Paperwise)
Paper 1	General Microbiology, Immunology	General Microbiology, Immunology
	and Basic Sciences	and Basic Sciences
Paper 2	Systemic Bacteriology	Systemic Bacteriology
Paper 3	Mycology & virology	Mycology, Virology and
		Parasitology
Paper 4	Parasitology & Recent advances	Recent Advances in Medical
		Microbiology and Applied
		Microbiology

#### Resolution No. 3.1.4.2 of BOM-57/2019:

- i. Resolved to include "Gender Sensitization" into UG (from new batch 2019-2020) and PG (from existing batches) curricula. [Annexure-21]
- **ii.** Resolved to align the module of "Gender Sensitization" with MCI CBME pattern for MBBS students.
- iii. Resolved that Dr. Swati Shiradkar, Prof., Dept. of OBGY., MGM Medical College, Aurangabad will coordinate this activity at both campuses.

#### **Annexure - 21**

Gender sensitization for UG (2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> semesters) and PG (3 hours)

#### **INCLUSION OF "GENDER SENSATIZATION" IN CURRICULUM**

#### **Introduction:**

The health care provider should have a healthy gender attitude, so that discrimination, stigmatization, bias while providing health care will be avoided. The health care provider should also be aware of certain medico legal issues related with sex & gender.

Society particularly youth & adolescents need medically accurate, culturally & agewise appropriate knowledge about sex, gender & sexuality. So we can train the trainers for the same. It is need of the hour to prevent sexual harassment & abuse .

To fulfill these objectives, some suggestions are there for approval of BOS.

#### **Outline**

- 1)For undergraduates :- Three sessions of two hours each, one in 2<sup>nd</sup> term, one in 3<sup>rd</sup> term & one in 8<sup>th</sup> term.
- 2) For Faculties and postgraduates: One session of two hrs.
- 3) For those want to be trainers or interested for their ownself, value added course, which is optional about sex, gender, sexuality & related issues.

#### Responsibility

ICC of MGM, MCHA , with necessary support from IQAC & respective departments.

#### **Details of undergraduate sessions**

#### 1)First session in 2<sup>nd</sup> term

Aim - To make Students aware about the concept of sexuality & gender.

To check accuracy of knowledge they have,

To make them comfortable with their own gender identify & related issues.

To make them aware about ICC & it is functioning.

**Mode** – Brain storming, Interactive power point presentation experience sharing.

**Duration** – Around two hours

**Evaluation** – Feedback from participants.

## 2)Second session in 3<sup>rd</sup> / 4<sup>th</sup> term

**Aim** – To ensure healthy gender attitude in these students as now they start interacting with patients.

To ensure that the maintain dignity privacy while interacting with patients and relatives, particularly gender related.

To make them aware about importance of confidentiality related with gender issues.

To encourage them to note gender related issues affecting health care & seek solutions.

Mode – focused group discussions on case studies, Role plays & discussion.

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Duration – Around two hours.

Evaluation – Feedback from participants.

Third session in 8<sup>th</sup> term.

**Aim** – To understand effect of gender attitudes on health care in various subjects.

To develop healthy gender attitude while dealing with these issues.

**Mode** – Suggested PBL by departments individually. (In collaboration with ICC till faculty sensitization is complete)

**Evaluation** – Feedback

\*\*\*\*

#### **FOR POSTGRADUATES**

Session of 2-3 hrs preferably in induction program.

**Aim** – To introduce medically accurate concept of gender, sex, gender role & sex role.

To ensure healthy gender attitude at workplace.

To understand gender associated concepts on health related issues & avoid such bias wile providing health care.

To make them aware about ICC & it's functioning.

**Mode** – Interactive PPT

Role plays & discussion

**Duration** – 2 to 3 hrs

**Evaluation** – Feedback.

#### **FOR FACULTIES**

Session of 2 hours may be during combined activities.

**Aim** – To ensure clarity of concept abut gender & sex.

To discuss effect of these concept on health related issues.

To identify such gender & sex related issues in indivual subject specialties.

To discuss methodology like PBL for under graduate students when whey are in  $7^{\text{th}}$ - $8^{\text{th}}$  semester.

Mode – Role play

Focused group discussion

Case studies

**Evaluation** – Feed back.

\*\*\*\*\*

**Resolution No.3.1.2.6 of BOM-59/2019:** The revised distribution for mandatory allied posting for MD Microbiology training which is in accordance with MCI Guidelines is approved. This is to be effective from Academic Year 2019-20 onwards. **[Annexure-9]** 

Annexure Item 9 Annexure-9

#### 1. Item 9: Change in Mandatory allied posting schedule for MD Microbiology

Existing	Proposed
Hematology and Clinical Pathology– 1mth	Clinical Pathology- 1mth
Transfusion Medicine- 1mth	Clinical Biochemistry- 1mth
Biochemistry-1mth	Transfusion Medicine- 15 days
RNTCP- 2mths	ICTC and RNTCP- 2months
CSSD- 1mth	Skin and VD-15 Days
Total -6mths	CSSD- 1mth
	Total -6mths



## MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Grade 'A' Accredited by NAAC

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