

MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Grade 'A++' Accredited by NAAC

Sector-01, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai -410 209 Tel 022-27432471, 022-27432994, Fax 022 -27431094

E-mail: registrar@mgmuhs.com; Website: www.mgmuhs.com

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(with effect from 2023-24 Batches)

Curriculum for

B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology

Amended upto AC- 51/2025, Dated 29/04/2025

Amended History

- 1. Approved as per AC-46/2023 [Resolution No.6.3], Dated 28/04/2023.
- 2. Amended as per AC-46/2023 [Resolution No.6.7], Dated 28/04/2023.
- 3. Amended as per AC-48/2023 [Resolution No. 6.6], [Resolution No. 6.10]; Dated 12/12/2023.
- 4. Amended as per AC 49/2024 [Resolution No. 3.10 iii], Dated 25/04/2024.
- 5. Amended as per AC 50/2024 [Resolution No. 3.10]; Dated 27/11/2024.
- 6. Amended as per AC 51/2025 [Resolution No. 3.3 (Annexure-5G)]; [Resolution No.3.24]; Dated 29/04/2025.

Resolution No. 3.3 of Academic Council (AC-51/2025):

Resolved to approve the Learning Objectives for all 08 undergraduate programs –B.Sc. Medical Laboratory Technology, B.Sc. Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology, B.Sc. Operation Theatre & Anesthesia Technology, B.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology, B.Sc. Perfusion Technology, B. Optometry, **B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology**, and B.Sc. Physician Assistant in Emergency & Trauma Care offered under MGMSBS. These Learning Objectives will be applicable to all existing and forthcoming batches from the Academic Year 2025-26 onwards [ANNEXURE-5A, 5B, 5C, 5D, 5E, 5F, $\mathbf{5G}$ & 5H].



MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI

(A constituent unit of MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES)
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Sector 1, Kamothe Navi Mumbai-410209, Tel.No.022-27437631, 27437632 Email. <u>sbsnm@mgmuhs.com</u> / Website: <u>www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in</u>

B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology - Learning Objectives

At the end of completion of Internship in 4th year student shall achieve following skills:

Students will learn to integrate their knowledge, skills and abilities in a hands-on manner in a professional healthcare setting. These learning goals are divided into nine key areas:

- 1. Clinical care
- 2. Communication
- 3. Membership of a multidisciplinary health team
- 4. Ethics and accountability at all levels (clinical, professional, personal and social)
- 5. Commitment to professional excellence
- 6. Leadership and mentorship
- 7. Social accountability and responsibility
- 8. Scientific attitude and scholarship
- 9. Lifelong learning

1. Clinical care

Using a patient/family-centered approach and best evidence, each student will organize and implement the prescribed preventive, investigative and management plans; and will offer appropriate follow-up services. Program objectives should enable the students to:

- 1. Apply the principles of basic science and evidence-based practice Use relevant investigations as needed
- 2. Identify the indications for basic procedures and perform them in an appropriate manner
- 3. Provide care to patients efficiently and in a cost-effective way in a range of settings, and maintain foremost the interests of individual patients
- 4. Identify the influence of biological, psychosocial, economic, and spiritual factors on patients' well-being and act in an appropriate manner.
- 5. Incorporate strategies for health promotion and disease prevention with their patients

2. Communication

The student will learn how to communicate with patients/clients, care-givers, other health professionals and other members of the community effectively and appropriately. Communication is a fundamental requirement in the provision of health care services. Program objectives should enable the students to:

- 1. Provide sufficient information to ensure that the patient/client can participate as actively as possible and respond appropriately to the information
- 2. Clearly discuss the diagnosis and options with the patient, and negotiate appropriate treatment plans in a sensitive manner that is in the patient's and society's best interests
- 3. Explain the proposed healthcare service its nature, purpose, possible positive and adverse consequences, its limitations, and reasonable alternatives wherever they exist
- 4. Use effective communication skills to gather data and share information including attentive listening, open-ended inquiry, empathy and clarification to ensure understanding
- 5. Appropriately communicate with, and provide relevant information to, other stakeholders including members of the healthcare team
- 6. Use communication effectively and flexibly in a manner that is appropriate for the listener
- 7. Explore and consider the influence that the patient's ideas, beliefs and expectations have during interactions with them, along with varying factors such as age, ethnicity, culture and socioeconomic background
- 8. Develop efficient techniques for all forms of written and verbal communication including accurate and timely record keeping
- 9. Possess skills to counsel for lifestyle changes and advocate health promotion

3. Membership of a multidisciplinary health team

The student will put a high value on effective communication within the team, including transparency about aims, decisions, uncertainty and mistakes. Teambased health care is the provision of health services to individuals, families, and/or their communities by at least two health providers who work collaboratively to accomplish shared goals within and across settings to achieve coordinated, high quality care. Program objectives will aim at making the students being able to:

- 1. Recognize, clearly articulate, understand and support shared goals in the team that reflect patient and family priorities
- 2. Possess distinct roles within the team; to have clear expectations for each member's functions, responsibilities, and accountabilities, which in turn optimizes the team's efficiency and makes it possible for them to use division of labour advantageously, and accomplish more than the sum of its parts

3. Develop mutual trust within the team to create strong norms of reciprocity and greater opportunities for shared achievement

Communicate effectively so that the team prioritizes and continuously refines its communication channels creating an environment of general and specific understanding

5. Recognize measurable processes and outcomes, so that the individual and team can agree on and implement reliable and timely feedback on successes and failures in both the team's functioning and the achievement of their goals. These can then be used to track and improve performance immediately and over time.

4. Ethics and accountability

Students will understand core concepts of clinical ethics and law so that they may apply these to their practice as healthcare service providers. Program objectives should enable the students to:

- 1. Describe and apply the basic concepts of clinical ethics to actual cases and situations
- 2. Recognize the need to make health care resources available to patients fairly, equitably and without bias, discrimination or under influence.
- 3. Demonstrate an understanding and application of basic legal concepts to the practice.
- 4. Employ professional accountability for the initiation, maintenance and termination of patient-provider relationships
- Demonstrate respect for each patient's individual rights of autonomy, privacy, and confidentiality.

5. Commitment to professional excellence

The student will execute professionalism to reflect in his/her thought and action a range of attributes and characteristics that include technical competence, appearance, image, confidence level, empathy, compassion, understanding, and non-verbal communication, patience, manners, verbal discriminatory and non-judgmental attitude, and appropriate physical contact to ensure safe, effective and expected delivery of healthcare. Program objectives will aim at making the students being able to:

- Demonstrate distinctive, meritorious and high quality practice that leads to excellence and that depicts commitment to competence, standards, ethical principles and values, within the legal boundaries of practice.
- Demonstrate the quality of being answerable for all actions and 2. omissions to all, including service users, peers, employers, standardsetting/regulatory bodies or oneself
- Demonstrate humanity in the course of everyday practice by virtue of 3. having respect (and dignity), compassion, empathy, honour and integrity
- Ensure that self-interest does not influence actions or omissions, and 4. demonstrate regards for service-users and colleagues

6. Leadership and mentorship

The student must take on a leadership role where needed in order to ensure clinical productivity and patient satisfaction. They must be able to respond in an autonomous and confident manner to planned and uncertain situations, and should be able to manage themselves and others effectively.

They must create and maximize opportunities for the improvement of the health seeking experience and delivery of healthcare services. Program objectives should enable the students to:

- 1. Act as agents of change and be leaders in quality improvement and service development, so that they contribute and enhance people's wellbeing and their healthcare experience
- 2. Systematically evaluate care; ensure the use of these findings to help improve people's experience and care outcomes, and to shape clinical treatment protocols and services
- 3. Identify priorities and effectively manage time and resources to ensure the maintenance or enhancement of the quality of care
- 4. Recognize and be self-aware of the effect their own values, principles and assumptions may have on their practice. They must take charge of their own personal and professional development and should learn from experience (through supervision, feedback, reflection and evaluation)
- 5. Facilitate themselves and others in the development of their competence, by using a range of professional and personal development skills
- 6. Work independently and in teams. They must be able to take a leadership role to coordinate, delegate and supervise care safely, manage risk and remain accountable for the care given; actively involve and respect others' contributions to integrated person-centered care; yet work in an effective manner across professional and agency boundaries. They must know when and how to communicate with patients and refer them to other professionals and agencies, to respect the choices of service users and others, to promote shared decision-making, to deliver positive outcomes, and to coordinate smooth and effective transition within and between services and agencies.

7. Social Accountability and Responsibility

The students will recognize that allied and healthcare professionals need to be advocates within the health care system, to judiciously manage resources and to acknowledge their social accountability.

They have a mandate to serve the community, region and the nation and will hence direct all research and service activities towards addressing their priority health concerns. Program objectives should enable the students to:

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge of the determinants of health at local, regional and national levels and respond to the population needs
- 2. Establish and promote innovative practice patterns by providing evidence-based care and testing new models of practice that will

translate the results of research into practice, and thus meet individual and community needs in a more effective manner

- 3. Develop a shared vision of an evolving and sustainable health care system for the future by working in collaboration with and reinforcing partnerships with other stakeholders, including academic health centres, governments, communities and other relevant professional and non-professional organizations
- 4. Advocate for the services and resources needed for optimal patient care

8. Scientific attitude and Scholarship

The student will utilize sound scientific and/or scholarly principles during interactions with patients and peers, educational endeavours, research activities and in all other aspects of their professional lives. Program objectives should enable the students to:

- 1. Engage in ongoing self-assessment and structure their continuing professional education to address the specific needs of the population
- 2. Practice evidence-based by applying principles of scientific methods
- 3. Take responsibility for their educational experiences
- 4. Acquire basic skills such as presentation skills, giving feedback, patient education and the design and dissemination of research knowledge; for their application to teaching encounters

9. Lifelong learning

The student should be committed to continuous improvement in skills and knowledge while harnessing modern tools and technology. Program objectives will aim at making the students being able to:

- 1. Perform objective self-assessments of their knowledge and skills; learn and refine existing skills; and acquire new skills
- 2. Apply newly gained knowledge or skills to patient care
- 3. Enhance their personal and professional growth and learning by constant introspection and utilizing experiences

HOD

Head Clinical Coordinator

Director

2008/04/1451 DNB. Nephrology Associate Professor & In-charge Dialysis, MGM Medical College, Navi Mumbai

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B.Sc.MDT

MGM School of Biomedical Sciences MGM Institute of Health Sciences Kamothe, Navi Mumbai- 410 209, India



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CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Academic Year 2023 - 24)

Curriculum for

B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences

B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology

Semester I & II

Resolution No. 6.3 of Academic Council (AC-46/2023): Resolved to approve the major revision in the syllabus for all B.Sc. Allied program (1st and 2nd Semester) which is common for B.Sc. AT & OT, B.Sc. CCT, B.Sc. MDT, B.Sc. PT, B.Sc. MLT, B.Sc. MRIT, B. Optometry & B.Sc. PA, with effective from batch admitted in Academic Year 2023-24 onwards [ANNEXURE-47A, 47B, 47C, 47D, 47E, 47F, 47G, 47H].

Curriculum for B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology

MGM Institute of Health Sciences

				OUTL	INE OF COL	JRSE CU	JRRICUL	.UM						
				B.S	c. Medical D	ialysis [Technolo	gy						
88					Sen	ester I								
			9%	Credits/W	Veek				Hrs/Semes	ter			Marks	
Code No.	Core Course	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
					T	ieory				200				
BMDT 101 L	Human Anatomy Part I	2	-	-	-	2	30	14	-	34	30	10	40	50
BMDT 102 L	Human Physiology Part I	2	-	-	-	2	30		1.5		30	10	40	50
BMDT 103 L	General Biochemistry & Nutrition	3	_	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
BMDT 104 L	Introduction to National Health Care System	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-		30	10	40	50
	processor in the same					,	_				120			
BMDT 101 P	Human Anatomy Part I	-	-	1	-	-	=	-	15		15	-	-	-
BMDT 102 P	Human Physiology Part I	- 12	12	1	<u>"</u>		-	21	15		15	-	4	-
BMDT 103 P	General Biochemistry Nutrition	-	-	1	1-	-	-	je i	15	-	15	-	1	77-3
BMDT 105 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course)	-	-	-	24	8		-	-	360	360	121	50	50
					Ability Enha	ncement (Course							
AEC 001 L	English & Communication skills	4	-	-	-	4	60	je i	-	¥	60	10	40	50
					Multidisci	olinary Co	urse							
MD 001 L	Envioronmental Sciences	4	-	-	-	4	60		15		60	10	40	50
	Total	17	0	3	24	25	255	0	45	360	660	60	290	350

				OUT	LINE OF COUR	SE CUR	RICULU	М						
				B.S	Sc. Medical Dia	lysis Te	chnolog	y						
88					Semes	ter II								
				Credits/	Week				Hrs/Seme	ester			Marks	
Code No.	Core Course	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
					The	ory								
BMDT 106 L	Human Anatomy Part II	2		45.9	15.4	2	30	= 1	(5)	-	30	10	40	50
BMDT 107 L	Human Physiology Part II	2	-	123	2	2	30	-	121	= 1	30	10	40	50
BMDT 108 L	General Microbiology	3	(1-1)	183	-	3	45	H	-	-	45	10	40	50
BMDT 109 L	Basic Pathology & Hematology	4	4.5x	150	(2 0	4	60	5	1.50	-	60	10	40	50
BMDT 110 L	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)	3	-	-	le.l	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
19					Pract	ical								
BMDT 106 P	Human Anatomy Part II	1-	0-0	1	-	-	1-	1-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BMDT 107 P	Human Physiology Part II	15	0.72	1	(5)			15.0	15	5	15	-	-	150
BMDT 108 P	General Microbiology	-	-	1	(H)	-		-	15	-	15	-	-	100
BMDT109 P	Basic Pathology & Hematology	-		1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BMDT 111 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course)	-		-	24	8	=	-	-	360	360	-	50	50
	100				Skill Enhancement	Elective	Course							
SEC 001 L	Medical Bioethics & IPR													
SEC 002 L	Human Rights & Professional Values	3	-		El .	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
	Total	17	0	4	24	25	255	0	60	360	675	60	290	350

FIRST YEAR

B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology SEMESTER-I

Code No.	Core Subjects			
	Theory			
BMDT 101 L	BMDT 101 L Human Anatomy Part I			
BMDT 102 L	Human Physiology Part I			
BMDT 103 L	O3 L General Biochemistry & Nutrition			
Introduction to National Health Care System				
BMDT 104 L	(Multidisciplinary/ Interdisciplinary)			
Practical				
BMDT 101 P	Human Anatomy Part I			
BMDT 102 P	Human Physiology Part I			
BMDT 103 P	General Biochemistry			
DMDT 105 D	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including			
BMDT 105 P	related practicals to the Parent course)			
Ability Enhancement Course				
AEC 001 L	English & Communication Skills			
	Multidisciplinary Course			
MD 001 L	Environmental Sciences			

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Human Anatomy- Part I
Course Code	BMDT 101 L

Teaching Objective	To introduce the students to the concepts related to General anatom Muscular, Respiratory, Circulatory, Digestive and Excretory system			
Learning Outcomes	 Comprehend and describe the normal disposition, inter -relationships, gross, functional and applied anatomy of various structures in the human body. Describe the basic anatomy of Respiratory and Circulatory system Describe the basic anatomy of Digestive and Excretory system 			

Sr. No.	Topic	Learning objectives	Subtopic	No. of Hours
1	Introduction to anatomy	 To specify the various terms of anatomy To define cell To describe Cell Division To define tissue and enumerate its types To enumerate layers of skin and function 	Definition and various terms of anatomy Define cell with diagram, Cell Division – Definition and steps of mitosis and meiosis Tissue and enumerate the types of tissues with location and function Skin- Layers and function of skin	3
2	Skeletal System	 To define bone and classify To list the names and number of bones in skeleton To define joint To classify joints To describe synovial joint To describe Shoulder, Hip & Knee joint 	Bone – Definition, functions, classification by - shape, region, development and structure List the names and number of bones in appendicularand axial skeleton Appendicular skeleton I- Bones of upper Limb, Appendicular skeleton II- Bones of lower limb Axial skeleton II-skull mandible, Axial skeleton II- vertebrae sacrum and pelvis	6

3	Muscular System	 To define muscle To classify muscles To enumerate the muscles of upper limb To describe deltoid and biceps brachii To enumerate the muscles of lower limb, mastication & abdomen To describe Gluteus maximus, hamstrings, sternocleidomastoid & trapezius 	Joint-Definition of joint with structural classification and examples Definition and features of Synovial Jointclassification of Synovial Joint with examples Shoulder, Hip, Knee joint – for each joint type, bones forming joint, list of ligaments, Movements and muscle groups producing movements at these joints, applied anatomy Define Muscle and describe the types with features Enumerate the muscles of upper limb – group wise Describe deltoid and biceps brachii in detail Enumerate the muscles of lower limb – group wise Describe Gluteus maximus and hamstrings in detail Describe sternocleidomastoid in detail Enumerate the muscles of mastication Back - Describe trapezius in detail Enumerate the Muscles of abdomen	5
4	Respiratory System	 To specify parts of respiratory System To describe Larynx To enumerate list of bones and cartilages of Thoracic cage, To enumerate the movements. To describe diaphragm To describe Lung To list layers of pleura 	Respiratory System - Introduction to Respiratory system and Parts Larynx-List of cartilages with type, Describe interior, nerve supply (names), function & applied anatomy Thoracic cage - list of bones and cartilages forming cage, enumerate the movements. Diaphragm- Describe origin, insertion, major	4

		bronchopulmonary segments To define Mediastinum To list boundaries & applied an applied and applied an applie	ernal features, al surface, atomy me the layers external features on
5	Circulatory System	 To classify blood vessels To describe Heart To list layers of Pericardium To describe Coronary Circulation To enumerate Blood vessels of Thorax To classify blood vessels relatives Pericardi Coronary name vess vessel orig distributio heart, app Blood ves 	blood vessels- ion with example ternal& internal um- layers Circulation- els, for each gin and n, list veins of the lied anatomy sels of Thorax- sels, branches of
6	Digestive System	 To describe Pharynx, Oesophagus, Stomach To enumerate Parts, functions and differences of Small and Large Intestine To describe liver, Spleen, Pancreas To enumerate salivary glands and their functions Stomach shape, cap parts, block of vessels drainage (of nodes), functions, Small and - Parts, fur difference Liver - Ex location, fi anatomy 	- Extent, parts, list atures, list of and nerve supply of gus - extent, applied anatomy -Gross anatomy, acity, location, od supply (Names of, lymphatic Names of groups relation, applied anatomy I Large Intestine nction and

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			location, functions, applied	
			anatomy	
			Pancreas- External features,	
			location, ducts, functions,	
			applied anatomy	
			Salivary glands -Enumerate	
			salivary gland and functions	
		 To describe Kidney and 	Kidney - External features,	
		Urinary Bladder	blood supply (Names of	
			vessels) and function,	
			applied anatomy	
	Excretory		Urinary Bladder- External	
7	System		features, capacity, list of	2
	-		ligaments and location,	
			blood supply (Names of	
			vessels), applied anatomy	
			Urethra- male and female	
			urethra difference	
			Total	30 hrs

BMDT 101 P - Human Anatomy Part I- (Demonstration)

Sr No.	Торіс	Learning objectives	Subtopic	No. of Hours
1	Introduction to anatomy	To understand Terminology of anatomy	Terminology	1
2	Skeletal System	 To identify types of Bones, Joints, To understand Shoulder, Hip, Knee joint – movements 	Bone- Classification of bones Joint- classification and examples Shoulder, Hip, Knee joint – movements at these joints	1
3	Muscular System	 To identify Muscles of upper limb, lower limb, Sternocleidomastoid, muscles of Mastication, Trapezius 	ber limb, lower limb b, Neck – Sternocleidomastoid muscles of Mastication scles of stication, Muscles of lower limb Neck – Sternocleidomastoid muscles of Mastication Muscles of back - Trapezius	
4	Respiratory System	To identify features of LarynxTo identify bones and	Larynx- cartilages, interior Thoracic cage- bones and cartilages	1
		cartilages of Thoracic cageTo identify Lung external features	Lung- external features, mediastinal surface, Trachea- external features Mediastinum- definition, boundaries, divisions	1
5	Circulatory System	To identify external & internal features of Heart	Heart- external& internal features Right and left Coronary artery Blood vessels of Thorax- list of vessels, branches of arch of aorta	1
6	Digestive System	 To identify features of Pharynx, Stomach, Small and Large Intestine, Liver, Spleen & pancreas 	Pharynx - parts, internal features Oesophagus- extent, Stomach- Gross anatomy, shape, parts, interior Small and Large Intestine – Parts, features Liver- External features Spleen- External features Pancreas- External features	5
7	Excretory System	 To identify features of kidney & urinary bladder 	Kidney – External and internal features Urinary Bladder- External and internal features	2
			Total	15 hrs

Text Books:

- 1. Manipal Manual of Anatomy for Allied Health Sciences courses: Madhyastha S.
- 2. G.J. Tortora&N.P.Anagnostakos: Principles of Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. B.D. Chaurasia: Handbook of General Anatomy

Reference books:

- 1. B.D. Chaurasia:
 - Volume I-Upper limb & Thorax,
 - Volume II- Lower limb, Abdomen & Pelvis
 - Volume III- Head, Neck, Face
 - Volume IV- Brain-Neuroanatomy
- 2. Vishram Singh:
 - Textbook of Anatomy Upper limb & Thorax
 - Textbook of Anatomy Abdomen & Lower limb
 - Textbook of Head neck and Brain
- 3. Students Gray's Anatomy Descriptive and Applied, 36th Ed; Churchill Livingstone.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Human Physiology Part I
Course Code	BMDT 102 L

Teaching objective	To teach basic physiological concepts related to: General physiology, Hematology, Cardiovascular, Digestive, Respiratory physiology, Nerve-Muscle physiology
Learning outcomes	 At the end of the semester, the student shall be able to To demonstrate knowledge of Homeostasis, transport mechanism, composition & functions of blood and blood components, blood groups coagulation process, Immunity To demonstrate knowledge of basics of functioning of heart, Cardiac cycle, normal count & Variation in heart rate, cardiac output, Blood pressure. Normal ECG To demonstrate knowledge of Composition and functions of all Digestive juices, Movements of gut, Digestion & Absorption of food To demonstrate knowledge of Mechanism of respiration, Transport of Respiratory Gases-O2 & CO2, respiratory centers and their function To demonstrate knowledge of Structure & types of neuron, muscles, , Neuromuscular junction& Transmission

Sr. No.	Topics	Learning Objectives	No. of Hours
1	General Physiology- a. Introduction to physiology, b. Homeostasis-Definition, Positive & negative feedback mechanism c. Transport Across cell membrane- Types, diffusion, osmosis, active transport	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Define physiology and its significance • Define Homeostasis, Define& describe Positive & negative feedback mechanism with examples, • classify transport mechanism, Explain diffusion, osmosis, active transport	2
2	Blood – a. Composition and functions of Blood, b. RBC-structure, Normal count, and Physiological variation of the RBC, stages of erythropoiesis,	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Describe composition &	8

	factors required for erythropoiesis	functions of blood	
	c.Hb Concentrations- normal value & variation,	 Describe structure &function RBC, 	
	function	Normal count, and	
	d. Anemia: Causes, effects on body	Physiological	
	e .WBC- Types and functions, Normal count, and	variation of the	
	Physiological variation,	RBC,	
	f. Blood Groups - ABO and RH grouping,	• Enumerate stages	
	g. Platelet - Normal count, and Physiological	of Erythropoiesis,	
	variation and functions h. Coagulations - &	& factors required	
	Anticoagulants,	for Erythropoiesis	
	i. Immunity – definition &types,	Mention normal	
		value & variation	
	j. Body Fluid: Compartments, Composition,	& function of	
		hemoglobin	
		_	
		Define Anemia,	
		enumerate its	
		causes, mention	
		its effects on	
		body	
		• Classify WBC,	
		mention Normal	
		count, and	
		Physiological	
		variation,	
		Describe structure	
		&function each	
		WBC,	
		• Enumerate	
		functions of	
		platelets &	
		variation in	
		platelets count	
		Explain ABO & Rh	
		blood groups and	
		their importance	
		• Describe	
		coagulation process	
		and enumerate	
		invivo and invitro	
		Anticoagulants • Define & classify	
		immunity	
		Classify body fluid	
		compartments &	
		mention their	
		composition	
	Cardio vascular system -	At the end of the session,	
	a. general organization, functions & importance of	the student shall be able to	
3	CVS,	 Describe general 	
,	b. Structure of heart, properties of cardiac muscle,	organization,	
	c. Origin & spread of Cardiac Impulse, cardiac	functions	8
		importance of	
	1	1	

pacemaker,

- d. Cardiac cycle arterial & ventricular Events ,heart sounds- normal heart sounds, causes
- e. E C G-Normal waves & significance, Uses of ECG
- f. Heart Rate- normal count & Variation. factors affecting
- g. Cardiac output $_$ normal values , factors affecting
- h. Blood Pressure definition & normal values, Physiological needs & variation,
- g. concept of CVS regulatory mechanisms

CVS,

- Describe
 Structure of heart
 & Enumerate
 properties of
 cardiac muscle,
- Describe Origin & spread of Cardiac Impulse& mention cardiac pacemaker,
- Describe arterial & ventricular events in Cardiac cycle
- Enumerate normal heart sounds & its causes
- Draw & Identify Normal E C G waves & Mention their significance,
- Enumerate uses of ECG,
- Mention normal Heart Rate & define Tachycardia ,Bradycardia
- Enumerate factors affecting HR
- Define Cardiac output ,mention normal value
- Enumerate factors affecting CO
- Define Blood
 Pressure ,mention
 normal BP
 values &
 variation,
- Classify regulatory mechanisms, Enumerate function of VMC
- Enumerate effects

4	Digestive system – a. organization of Digestive system, b. Composition and functions of all Digestive juices- Saliva, gastric juice, Pancreatic juice, Bile, Intestinal juice, c. Deglutition-Stages, Peristalsis d. Digestion & Absorption of Carbohydrate, Proteins & Fats in short	of sympathetic and parasympathetic stimulation on heart, HR,CO,BP At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Describe organization of Digestive system, • Enumerate Composition and functions of Saliva, gastric juice, Pancreatic juice, Bile, Intestinal juice, • Enumerate Stages of Deglutition describe Peristalsis • Describe Digestion & Absorption of Carbohydrate, Proteins & Fats in	4
5	Respiratory System – a. Physiologic anatomy, functions of respiratory system, b. Mechanism of respiration-Inspiration& Expiration, Muscles of Respiration c. Lung Volumes & capacities-Definition & normal values d. Transport of Respiratory Gases-O2 & CO2-pressure gradient, forms of transport e. Regulation of Respiration- respiratory centers and their function	short At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Mention parts of and functions of respiratory system, • Describe Mechanism of Inspiration& Expiration, • Enumerate Muscles of Respiration • Define Lung Volumes & capacities & mention their normal values • Describe Transport of O2 by blood, Draw a	5

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c. Structure of skeletal Muscle, Sarcomere, Neuromuscular junction& Transmission.	 Draw a labeled Structure of neuron Classify neurons Classify muscles, Draw a labeled Structure of Sarcomere, Draw a labeled Structure Neuromuscular junction Describe the steps in Neuromuscular Transmission. 	3
b. Types of muscles,	D 1111	
Muscle nerve physiology – a. Structure of neuron & types,	labeled oxygen – Hb dissociation curve. Enumerate factors shifting the curve to left and right • Describe various forms in which CO2 transported • Enumerate respiratory centers and their function At the end of the session, the student shall be able to	

BMDT 102 P - Human Physiology Part I (Demonstration)

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Study of Microscope and its use, Collection of Blood and study of Haemocytometer	
2	Haemoglobinometry	
3	White Blood Cell count	
4	Red Blood Cell count	15
5	Determination of Blood Groups	
6	Leishman's staining and Differential WBC Count	
7	Determination of Bleeding Time, Determination of Clotting Time	
8	Pulse & Blood Pressure Recording, Auscultation for Heart Sounds	
9	Artificial Respiration –Demonstration, Spirometry-Demonstration	
	Total	15 hrs

Textbooks:

- 1. Basics of medical Physiology –D Venkatesh and H.H Sudhakar, 3rd edition.
- 2. Principles of Physiology DevasisPramanik, 5th edition.
- 3. Human Physiology for BDS –Dr A.K. Jain, 5th edition.

Reference books:

- 1. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Guyton, 2nd South Asia Edition.
- 2. Textbook of Physiology Volume I & II (for MBBS) Dr. A. K. Jain

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	General Biochemistry & Nutrition
Course Code	BMDT 103 L

	At the end of the course, the student demonstrates his knowledge and
	understanding on:Structure, function and interrelationship of biomolecules and consequences of
	deviation from normal.
	Action mechanism and importance of enzymes and isoenzymes in biological
Teaching Objective	system.
	Generation of Energy at cellular level.
	Understand aspects of Nutrition and it's deficiencies.
	• Clinical significance of vitamins and minerals in health and diseases.
	Universal Safety precautions in heath care.
	Define "biochemistry".
	• Classify carbohydrates and give their biological significance.
	• Classify proteins and give their biological significance.
	• Classify lipids and give their biological significance.
	• Describe structure, types and functions of DNA and RNA.
	• Explain the types and mechanism of enzyme (biochemical catalysts)
	action. Understand the diagnostic importance of enzymes and
	isoenzymes.
Learning Outcomes	• Explain the ultimate generation of large quantities of ATP from the fate
8	of various biomolecules.
	• Explain the functions and clinical importance of vitamins and minerals.
	• Describe the structure, types and functions of DNA and RNA.
	• Explain the functions and clinical importance of vitamins and minerals.
	Basic Knowledge of clinical laboratory samples, First-Aid and universal
	safety precautions.
	• Describe the importance of balanced diet, nutrition and its related
	deficiencies.

2	Introduction and scope of biochemistry 1) Chemistry of Carbohydrates: • Definition and classification of carbohydrates with examples (Definition and Functions of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides and Polysaccharides) 2) Chemistry of Proteins: • Amino acids (total number of amino acids, essential and non essential amino acids) • Definition and Classification of Proteins • Structural organization of proteins • Denaturation of Proteins. 3) Chemistry of Lipids: • Definition, functions, Classification of Lipids (Simple, Compound and Derived Lipids) • Essential Fatty Acids.	3
2	 Definition and classification of carbohydrates with examples (Definition and Functions of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides and Polysaccharides) Chemistry of Proteins: Amino acids (total number of amino acids, essential and non essential amino acids) Definition and Classification of Proteins Structural organization of proteins Denaturation of Proteins. Chemistry of Lipids: Definition, functions, Classification of Lipids (Simple, Compound and Derived Lipids) 	
2	 Amino acids (total number of amino acids, essential and non essential amino acids) Definition and Classification of Proteins Structural organization of proteins Denaturation of Proteins. 3) Chemistry of Lipids: Definition, functions, Classification of Lipids (Simple, Compound and Derived Lipids) 	3
	• Definition, functions, Classification of Lipids (Simple, Compound and Derived Lipids)	
	•	2
	 4) Chemistry of Nucleic acid: • Nucleosides and Nucleotides • Watson and Crick model of DNA • RNA- it's type along with functions 	2
		2
3	 Elementary knowledge of enzymes – Classification of enzymes Mechanism of enzyme action Factors affecting enzyme activity 	7
	Diagnostic importance of enzymes and isoenzymes.	
4	 Biological oxidation Outline of Electron transport chain. Definition of Oxidative phosphorylation. 	3
	 Vitamins and Minerals RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Fat soluble vitamins. RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Water soluble vitamins. RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Calcium, Phosphorous, Iron, Iodine. 	12
6	Pre examination Skills — Collection, preservation and transport of blood and urine samples Anticoagulants used in Biochemistry Disposal of biological Waste materials used in Biochemical laboratory Universal precautions and Safety measures First-Aid	6
7	Nutrition: • Specific Dynamic Action • BMR and its significance • Balanced Diet • Protein Energy Malnutrition (Kwashiorkor and Marasmus) • Nitrogen Balance	6
	Glycemic Index Total	45 hrs

BMDT 103 P – General Biochemistry (Demonstration)

C. No	Topics	No. of
Sr. No.		Hrs
1	Introduction to Personnel protective equipments used in laboratory and their importance (LCD)	
2	Principle and applications of colorimeter (LCD)	
3	Demonstration of tests for carbohydrates (Monosacchrides, disaccharides and polysaccharides)	
4	Test on bile salts and bile pigments (only demonstration)	
5	Tests on Normal constituents of Urine (only demo) • Urea • Creatinine • Uric acid • Ammonia	15
6	Tests on Abnormal constituents of Urine (only demo) Sugar Protein Blood Ketone bodies	
	Total	15 hrs

Textbooks:

- 1. Essentials of Biochemistry, 2nd Edition, Dr. Pankaja Naik
- 2. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, Volume 1, 3rd Edition by Praful Ghodkar
- 3. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, Volume 2, 3rd Edition by Praful Ghodkar
- 4. Essentials of Biochemistry, Third Edition, Dr. (Prof) Satyanarayana.

Reference books:

- 1. Textbook of Biochemistry for Medical Student, 6th Edition, DM Vasudevan
- 2. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 5th Edition, Wilson & Walker

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Introduction to National Health Care System (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)
Course Code	BMDT 104 L

Teaching Objective	 To teach the measures of the health services and high-quality health care To understand whether the health care delivery system is providing high-quality health care and whether quality is changing over time. To provide to National Health Programme- Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations,in various National Heath Programme. To introduce the AYUSH System of medicines.
Learning Outcomes	• The course provides the students a basic insight into the main features of Indian health care delivery system and how it compares with the other systems of the world.

Sr. No	Topic Name	Learning objectives	Topics	Hrs
1	Introduction to healthcare delivery system	The student should be aware about healthcare delivery system in India and should be able to describe the healthcare delivery system functioning at various levels	 Healthcare delivery system in India Three tier healthcare delivery system in India Village level health workers (ASHA, AWW) Working and functions of Sub centre, PHC, CHC Role of Medical Officer, Health worker male/female Role of Health assistant-male/female National Health mission-key points and salient features Health system in developed nations-UK, Canada, USA, developing countries general idea Issues in healthcare delivery system in India 	6
2	Introduction to AYUSH system of medicine	The students should have a general idea about AYUSH system of medicine and should be able to describe the rationale behind need for integration of various system of medicine	Describe following: Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani, Siddha Naturopathy and Yoga under following head- a) Principle	2

3	Health scenario of India	Students should be able to link and give an overview of the evolution of Health scenario of India-past,	b) Characteristic features c) Merits d) Demerits • Need for integration of various systems of medicine The evolution of health scenario in India from various Health planning committees (only overview with emphasis on Bhorecommittee)	2
4	Demography and vital statistics	Student should be • able to describe concept of demography, • able to enumerate demographic indicators • aware of various sources of epidemiological data • Understand the relationship between demography and its effect on public health	torecent national Health Policy to Sustainable development goals. Definition of Demography Demography cycle Demographic indicators Population pyramids Dependency Ratio Indicators of Fertility(enumeration) Sex Ratio Population explosion Factors Responsible for High Fertility in India Population Census Vital statistics and its Registration Registration of Birth and Deaths Act National Family Health Survey(overview)	5
5	Epidemiology- General principles	 Define epidemiology, describe its concept, principles and uses Enumerate, define and discuss epidemiological study methods Define, calculate and interpret epidemiological data 	 Define epidemiology Concept of epidemiology Uses of epidemiology Basic measurements in epidemiology Types of epidemiological studies Concept of Screening Monitoring and surveillance(overview) 	5
6	Epidemiology of Communicable diseases with Infectious Disease epidemiology	Student should know epidemiology of disease, lab diagnosis, prevention and control measures	 Natural history of disease Iceberg phenomenon Carriers Modes of transmission IP and GT Secondary Attack Rate Basic concepts in Immunization including UIP Cold Chain Disinfection Notification of Disease Epidemiology of Measles HIV TB Covid19 Polio Acute diarrhoeal diseases 	5

	I	Total		30 hrs
			 ICDS RMNCH+A NVBDCP NBCP NACP NTEP NPCDCS Ayushman Bharat 	3
8.	National Health Programmes	Student should be aware about various National programmes running in the country and should be able to give a basic idea about them	Heads to be focussed under National Health Programme: 1. Introduction 2. Goals/targets/objectives 3. Initiatives taken/Services provided under the programme, broadly.	
	Epidemiology of non- communicable diseases	Student should know epidemiology of disease, lab diagnosis, prevention and control measures	 Cancer Blindness Cardiovascular disease DM HTN Accidents and Injuries 	2
			 7. Acute Respiratory diseases 8. Vector borne diseases (Malaria, dengue) 9. Typhoid 10. Hepatitis 	

Books:

- 1. National Health Programs Of India National Policies and Legislations Related to Health: 1 J. Kishore (Author)
- 2. A Dictionary of Public Health Paperback by J Kishor
- 3. Health System in India: Crisis & Alternatives , National Coordination Committee, Jan Swasthya Abhiyan
- 4. In search In Search of the Perfect Health System
- 5. Central Bureau of Health Intelligence (1998). Health Information of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi.
- 6. Goyal R. C. (1993). Handbook of Hospital Personal Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 17–41. Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (1984). National Health Policy, Annual Report (1983–4), Government of India, New Delhi
- 7. Historical Development of Health Care in India, Dr. Syed Amin Tabish,
- 8. cultural Competence in Health Care by Wen-Shing Tseng (Author), Jon Streltzer (Author)
- 9. Do We Care: India's Health System by K. Sujatha Rao (Author)

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RMDT 105 P - Community Engagement & Cli	inical Visit (Including related
practicals to the Parent course) (Total -360 hr	s)
practicals to the Parent course) (Total -360 hr	s)
practicals to the Parent course) (Total -360 hr	s)
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practicals to the Parent course) (Total -360 hr	s)

ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	English and Communication Skills
Course Code	AEC 001 L

	•	This course deals with essential functional English aspects of the of		
Teaching Objective		communication skills essential for the health care professionals.		
Teaching Objective	•	To train the students in oral presentations, expository writing, logical		
		organization and Structural support.		
	•	Able to express better.		
Learning Outcomes	•	Grow personally and professionally and Developconfidence in every		
		field		

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Basics of Grammar - Vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Prefix and Suffix, Homonyms, Analogies and Portmanteau words	10
2	Basics of Grammar – Part II - Active, Passive, Direct and Indirect speech, Prepositions, Conjunctions and Euphemisms	10
3	Writing Skills - Letter Writing, Email, Essay, Articles, Memos, one word substitutes, note making and Comprehension	5
4	Writing and Reading, Summary writing, Creative writing, news paper reading	5
5	Practical Exercise, Formal speech, Phonetics, semantics and pronunciation	5
6	Introduction to communication skills - Communication process, Elements of communication, Barriers of communication and how to overcome them, Nuances for communicating with patients and their attenders in hospitals	6
7	Speaking - Importance of speaking efficiently, Voice culture, Preparation of speech. Secrets of good delivery, Audience psychology, handling , Presentation skills, Individual feedback for each student, Conference/Interview technique	5
8	Listening - Importance of listening, Self assessment, Action plan execution, Barriers in listening, Good and persuasive listening	5
9	Reading - What is efficient and fast reading, Awareness of existing reading habits, Tested techniques for improving speed, Improving concentration and comprehension through systematic study	5
10	Non Verbal Communication - Basics of non-verbal communication, Rapport building skills using neuro- linguistic programming (NLP), Communication in Optometry practice	4
	Total	60 hrs

Text books:

- Graham Lock, Functional English Grammar: Introduction to second Language Teachers. Cambridge University Press, New York, 1996.
- 2. Gwen Van Servellen. Communication for Health care professionals: Concepts,practice and evidence,

Jones & Bartlett Publications, USA, 2009

Multidisciplinary Course

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Environmental Sciences
Course Code	MD 001 L

	To understand and define terminology commonly used in environmental science
Teaching Objective	• To teach students to list common and adverse human impacts on biotic communities, soil, water, and air Quality.
reaching Objective	• To understand the processes that govern the interactions of organisms with the biotic and abiotic.
	• Understand the relationship between people and the environment; Differentiate between key ecological terms and concepts
	• Current environmental issues and highlight the importance of adopting an interdisciplinary approach.
Learning Outcomes	 Sample an ecosystem to determine population density and distribution. Create food webs and analyse possible disruption of feeding relationships.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Concept Of Environment, Land : A Natural Resource, Natural Resource : Forest, The Story Of Water, Treasure Of Earth	2
2	Global Food Position: Challenges And Solutions, Renewable Energy Resources: Energy And Environment, Energy & Environment, Part-1, Dams: Boon Or Curse, Fresh Water Ecology, Reservoir Ecosystem, Part-1	8
3	Reservoir Ecosystem, Part-2, The Concept Of Ecosystem, Energy Flow In Ecosystem, Eco-Friendly Agriculture, Desert Ecosystem, Forest Ecosystem, Ecological Succession, Food Webs & Ecological Pyramids, Grass Land Ecosystem	6
4	Bio-Geographical Classification Of India, Natural Dye, Biodiversity: An Introduction ,Biodiversity And Its Conservation, Biodiversity At Global National And Local-Level,Threats To Biodiversity, Value Of Biodiversity, Endangered Common Plant And Animal Species	8
5	India As - A Megadiversity Nation, Types Of Noise Pollution, Air Pollution, Soil Pollution, Effects Of Noise Pollution, Role Of An Individual In Prevention Of Pollution, Land Slides	8
6	Cyclone, Flood, Earth Quakes And Disaster Management, The Changing Nature Of Earth	4
7	Basics Of Municipal Solid Waste, Management Of Municipal Solid Waste, Agony Of Seas, The Price Of Panacea - Biomedical Waste, Effects And Controls Of Water	4

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	Pollution	
8	Nuclear Hazards, Industries & Waste, Dealing With Industrial Waste, Environmental Rights, Environmental Threats, Public Environmental Awarness, Ehtic's Of Environmental Education, Environmental Values	4
9	Indian Legislative Steps To Protect Our, Nvironment, Water Management Practices, Sustainable Development, Urban Problems Related To Energy, Resettlement And Rehabilitation	4
10	Environment And Climate Change, Sex Ratio, Population Explosion, Impact Of Human Population On Environment, Infectious Diseases And Waterborne Diseases	2
11	Hiv/Aids, Cancer & The Environment, Environment And Human Health, Chemicals In Food, Typha: A Bio-Remedial Plant, Castor Bean, Pinus	5
12	Malaria, Machla: A Serene Village, The Secret Of Taste – Chilli, Common Avenue – Trees, Common Village Trees, Flower - The Beautiful Gift Of Nature, Silk Cotton Tree: Kapok, Cotton Yarn	5
	Total	60 hrs

Books:

- 1-Bharucha, Erach (2005): "Text Book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses", Universities Press (India) pvt ltd, Hyderabad, India.
- 2-IGNOU 1991 AHE-1/5 Human Environment Management of Environment Indira Gandhi open university, New Delhi
- 3-IGNOU 1995 FST-1/4 Foundation course in Science and Technology "Environment and Resource" Indira Gandhi open university, New Delhi
- 4-Kothari Dr. Milind 2005 Environmental Education Universal Publication, Agra.

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FIRST YEAR

B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology

SEMESTER-II

Code No.	Core Subjects		
Theory			
BMDT 106 L	Human Anatomy Part II		
BMDT 107 L	Human Physiology Part II		
BMDT 108 L	General Microbiology		
BMDT 109 L Basic Pathology & Hematology			
DMDT 110 I	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety		
BMDT 110 L	(Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)		
Practical			
BMDT 106 P	Human Anatomy Part II		
BMDT 107 P Human Physiology Part II			
BMDT 108 P	BMDT 108 P General Microbiology		
BMDT 109 P Basic Pathology & Hematology			
BMDT 111 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including		
BMD1 111 P	related practicals to the Parent course)		
Skill Enhancement Elective Course			
SEC 001 L	Medical Bioethics & IPR		
SEC 002 L Human Rights & Professional Values			

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Human Anatomy- Part II
Course Code	BMDT 106 L

Teaching Objective	To teach students the basic anatomy of Reproductive, Lymphatic, Endocrine, Nervous systems and special senses
Learning Outcomes	 Describe the basic anatomy of Reproductive system. Describe the basic anatomy of Lymphatic system. Describe the basic anatomy of Endocrine system Describe the basic anatomy of Nervous system Describe the basic anatomy of Special senses

Sr. No.	Topics	Learning Objectives	Subtopics	No.of Hrs.
1	Reproductive system	 To describe testis To list parts of epididymis To list of coverings and contents of spermatic cord To describe ovaries, Fallopian Tube & Uterus To classify supports of uterus with examples 	Testis - coverings, features (external & internal), blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & any 2 applied aspects Epididymis – parts Spermatic cord – List of coverings and contents Ovaries – Position, features (external), ligaments, blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & applied anatomy Fallopian Tube- Position, features (external), blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & applied anatomy Uterus- Position, features (external & internal), supports (Classification with examples), blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes), applied anatomy	6
2	Lymphatic system	To list parts and	Lymphoid system – Lymph, Functions, Parts, Primary &	5

3	Endocrine system	functions of lymphoid system To classify lymphoid tissue with examples To describe microscopic features of lymph node, thymus, spleen, & tonsil To describe of cervical, axillary & inguinal lymph nodes To describe pituitary, thyroid,	secondary lymphoid tissue, Microscopic features, Functions Lymph node Thymus - Microscopic features, Functions Spleen- Microscopic features, Functions MALT - definition and examples Tonsil - Microscopic features, Functions Cervical, Axillary, Inguinal - Lymph node groups - Location, Number, Drainage area, applied aspect 1 each Pituitary gland - Coverings, Position, features (external),	4
		parathyroid and adrenal glands	Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels) & applied anatomy Thyroid gland - Coverings, Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & applied anatomy Adrenal gland - Coverings, Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels), & applied anatomy Parathyroid gland - Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels), & applied anatomy	
4	Nervous system	 To describe structure of neuron To classify neurons & neuroglia with examples To list divisions of nervous system To list meninges, dural folds To define & classify dural 	Introduction to nervous system – Neuron - Structure, Axon & dendrite differences, Classification with examples Neuroglia – Classification, Functions Divisions of Nervous system Meninges – Names, Names of dural folds, Dural venous sinuses – Definition, Classification & List Cavernous sinus - Position, features (external & internal),	13

- venous sinuses
- To describe cavernous sinus
- To describe features & functional areas of cerebrum
- To describe blood supply of brain
- To describe cerebellum
- To list parts of brain stem
- To describe medulla, pons & midbrain including their internal structure at inferior olivary nucleus, facial colliculus and superior colliculus
- To describe spinal cord including its internal structure
- To list cranial nerves
- To describe origin & distribution of III, VII & XII nerves
- To describe circulation of C.S.F
- To name ventricles of brain with their connections

Connections, Tributaries & applied anatomy

Cerebrum – Features, Sulci, gyri, Functional areas – Names & Numbers (Broadman), Location & Function.

Blood supply of brain -

Names of arteries and their area of distribution with applied anatomy. Circle of Willi's – Location, Formation, Branches and Applied

Cerebellum – Location, Features, Divisions, Deep nuclei (names), Connections – Names of 3 peduncles with main tracts passing through, Blood supply – Names of arteries, Cerebellar syndrome

Brainstem - Parts

Medulla - Location, features (external), List of cranial nerves emerging from it, Internal features – T.S at inferior olivary nucleus, Applied aspect

Pons - Location, features (external), List of cranial nerves emerging from it, Internal features – T.S at facial colliculus, Applied aspect

Midbrain - Location, features (external), List of cranial nerves emerging from it, Internal features – T.S at superior colliculus, Applied aspect

Spinal cord - Extent, size, features (external), number of spinal nerves, Internal features – T.S showing tracts, List of ascending and descending tracts with their function, Applied aspects any 2

List of cranial nerves with function

Oculomotor, Facial,

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5	Sensory system	 To specify parts of eye and ear with their functions To list contents of middle ear 	Hypoglossal nerve – Origin and distribution CSF – Path of circulation and applied aspect Ventricles – Names and connections Eye – Parts of eye and their functions Ear – Parts of ear and their functions, List of middle ear contents	2
			Total	30 hrs

BMDT 106 P - Human Anatomy Part II (Demonstration)

Sr.No.	Topics	Learning Objectives	Subtopics	No.of Hrs.
1	Reproduc tive system	To identify features of organs of male and female reproductive	Testis - coverings, features (external & internal) Epididymis – parts Spermatic cord – coverings and contents	1
	,,,,,,,	system	Ovaries – features (external), Ligaments Fallopian Tube - Parts, features (external) Uterus - Position, Parts, features, broad ligament, Structures at cornu	1
2	Lymphati c system	To identify location of Cervical, Axillary, Inguinal Lymph node groups	Cervical, Axillary, Inguinal - Lymph node groups – Location	1
3	Endocrin e system	To identify features of thyroid, parathyroid & adrenal glands	Thyroid gland - Position, features (external) Adrenal gland - Position, features (external) Parathyroid gland - Position	1
4	Nervous system	To identify features of cerebrum, cerebellum,	Cerebrum – Features, Sulci, gyri, Functional areas – Names & Numbers (Broadman), Location Circle of Willi's – Location, Formation	4
		 brain stem, spinal cord To identify formation of circle of Willis' To identify 	Cerebellum – Location, features, Divisions, 3 peduncles Brainstem - Parts Medulla - features (external), cranial nerves attachment Pons - features (external), cranial nerves attachment	6
		features of ventricles of brain	Midbrain - features (external), cranial nerves attachment Spinal cord - Extent, size, features (external) Ventricles - Identification	- - -
5	Sensory system	To understand parts of eye and ear	Eye – Parts of eye Ear – Parts of ear	1
		To	otal	15 hrs

Textbooks:

- 1. Manipal Manual of Anatomy for Allied Health Sciences courses: Madhyastha S.
- 2. G.J.Tortora &N.P Anagnostakos: Principles of Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. Text book of Histology, Apracticalguide :- J.P Gunasegaran

- 1. B. D. Chaurasia:
 - Volume I Upper limb & Thorax,
 - Volume II Lower limb, Abdomen & Pelvis
 - Volume III Head, Neck, Face
 - Volume IV- Brain Neuroanatomy
- 2. Vishram Singh:
 - Textbook of Anatomy Upper limb &Thorax
 - Textbook of Anatomy Abdomen & Lower limb
 - Text book of Head neck and Brain,
- 3. Students Gray's Anatomy Descriptive and Applied, 36th Ed; Churchill Livingstone.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Human Physiology Part II
Course Code	BMDT 107 L

	To teach students the basic physiological concepts related to:
Teaching Objective	Renal system, Endocrinology& Reproductive system, CNS, Special senses
Learning Outcomes	 At the end of the semester, the student shall be able to To demonstrate knowledge of Parts and Functions of Nervous system, Synapse, Receptors, Reflex, spinal cord, Ascending tracts, Descending tracts, Cerebral cortex, Cerebellum, Basal ganglia Hypothalamus To demonstrate knowledge of Structure of Eye, functions of different parts of eye, Refractive errors of Eye, functions of ear, Tests for Hearing To demonstrate knowledge of Structure and function of skin, body temperature, cause of fever To demonstrate knowledge of endocrine glands of the body and hormone secreted by each gland & their main functions To demonstrate knowledge of Parts of Male Reproductive System, stages of spermatogenesis, ,functions of Testosterone, parts of Female reproductive system, Menstrual cycle, functions of Oestrogen &Progesterone, urine pregnancy test Contraceptives methods To demonstrate knowledge of functions of kidney, steps of Glomerular filtration, functions of PCT, DCT, Loop of Henle, CT of Nephron, Micturition reflex

Sr. No.	Topics	Learning Objectives	No. of Hours
1	Nervous system – a. Parts and Functions of Nervous system b. Synapse-transmission, Receptors- Types & examples, c. Reflexes –definition & Classification d. Spinal cord- structure and function e. Ascending tracts-Names & functions, f. Descending tracts- Names & functions, g. Functions of various parts of the Brain- Cerebral cortex, Cerebellum, Basal ganglia Hypothalamus. h. Cerebro-Spinal Fluid (CSF): Composition, functions & Circulation, Lumbar Puncture, i. Autonomic Nervous System (ANS): Functions.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to Enumerate Parts and Functions of Nervous system, Draw labeled diagram of Synapse Describe steps of synaptic transmission, Classify Receptors with examples, Define Reflex, Classify reflexes with example Explain structure (parts) of spinal cord and function Enumerate Ascending tracts & their functions, Enumerate Descending tracts & their functions, Enumerate Functions of various parts of the Brain-Cerebral cortex, Cerebellum, Basal ganglia Hypothalamus. Describe Composition, functions & Circulation Cerebro-Spinal Fluid (CSF), Explain significance of Lumbar Puncture Explain Functions of Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)	10
2	Special senses- a. Vision: Structure of Eye, functions of different parts, Refractive errors of Eye and correction, b. Hearing: Structure and function of ear, Tests for Hearing (Deafness)	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Draw Structure of Eye • Enumerate functions of different parts of eye, • Classify and Define different Refractive errors of Eye and	6

		 correction, Enumerate function of ear, Describe Tests for Hearing (Deafness) 	
3	Skin – Structure and function, Body temperature- Normal value & variation, heat gain and heat lost mechanisms, fever.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Describe Structure and function of skin • Mention Normal value & variation of body temperature • Enumerate heat gain and heat lost mechanisms, • Define fever & Enumerate cause of fever	4
4	Endocrine System - Names of endocrine glands, Names of hormone secreted by each gland and their main function	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Enumerate endocrine glands of the body and hormone secreted by each gland • Enumerate the main functions of Growth hormone, thyroid hormone, parathyroid, Insulin, Aldosterone, cortisone	2
5	Reproductive systems – a. Male Reproductive System: spermatogenesis, functions of Testosterone, b. Female reproductive system: Ovulation, Menstrual cycle, functions of Oestrogen &Progesterone, Pregnancy test, Contraceptives, Lactation: Composition of Milk, advantages of breast Feeding.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to • Enumerate Parts of Male Reproductive System • Enumerate stages of spermatogenesis, Enumerate functions of Testosterone, • Enumerate parts of Female reproductive system • Define Ovulation, • Enumerate uterine changes in Menstrual cycle, • Enumerate functions of Oestrogen & Progesterone, • Explain Physiological basis of urine pregnancy test, • Enumerate different Contraceptives methods, • Composition of Milk, • Enumerate advantages of breast	4

 Enumerate functions of PCT, DCT, Loop of Henle, CT of Nephron. Draw labeled structure of Juxta Glomerular Apparatus and 	Glomerular filtration & tubular functions of Nephron, Juxta Glomerular Apparatus, Micturition, Artificial Kidney. Total	DCT, Loop of Henle, CT of Nephron. • Draw labeled structure of Juxta	4 30 hrs
		 enumerate functions Describe nerve supply of urinary bladder Explain Micturition reflex 	

BMDT 107 P - Human Physiology Part II –(Demonstration)

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Recording of body temperature	
2	Examination of sensory system- somatic sensations	15
3	Examination of motor system-, movements, reflexes	
4	Examination of Eye- Distance and Near vision, Color vision, Visual reflexes	
5	Examination of ear-tests for hearing	
	Total	15 hrs

Textbooks:

- 1. Basics of medical Physiology –D Venkatesh and H.H Sudhakar, 3rd edition.
- 2. Principles of Physiology Devasis Pramanik, 5th edition.
- 3. Human Physiology for BDS –Dr A.K. Jain, 5th edition.

- 1. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Guyton, 2nd South Asia Edition.
- 2. Textbook of Physiology Volume I & II (for MBBS) Dr. A. K. Jain.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	General Microbiology
Course Code	BMDT 108 L

Teaching Objective	 To teach the students general principles of immunology, bacteriology, mycology, and virology. Understand the importance of clinical information in supporting a timely, accurate Microbiological diagnosis. To provide students with essential medical knowledge and a broad understanding of human infection. To demonstrate clinical skills essential in providing basic diagnostic services such as proper collection, transportation, receiving, acceptance or rejection and storage of blood sample, urine, stool, body fluids. To inculcate knowledge regarding rationale and principles of technical procedures of the microbiological diagnostic lab tests and interpretation of test results.
Learning Outcomes	 Describe the working pattern of different Sections. (Bacteriology, Immunology/serology, mycology, parasitology, and virology) Apply methods of sterilization and disinfection to control hospital and community acquired infections Demonstrate knowledge of microorganisms and the disease process as well as aseptic and sterile techniques for their isolation and identification Perform Microbiological laboratory procedures according to appropriate safety standards Perform beside tests for detection of infectious diseases and to correlate the clinical manifestations with the etiological agents

Sr. No.	I	Objectives	No.of Hrs.
	Concepts and Principles of Microbiology- Introduction to Bacteriology, Historical Perspective, Koch's Postulates, Importance of Microbiology, Microscopy	 To understand the principles of Microbiology To understand the history of Microbiology To understand the principle and types of Microscopy 	4

2	General Characters of Microbes- Morphology, staining methods, Bacterial growth & Nutrition 1) Morphology of Bacteria, 2) Staining Method: Gram stain & AFB stain 3) Routine: Basic culture media, Blood Agar, Mac conkey Agar, Nutrient Agar 4) Antibiotic Sensitivity Test	 To be able to perform the various staining procedures-Gram staining, ZN staining To understand the morphology and physiology of microorganisims To be able to understand bacteriological medias and biochemicals To be able to understand antibiotic susceptibility test methods 	6
3	Sterilization and Disinfection-Concept of sterilization, Disinfection asepsis, Physical methods of Sterilization, Chemical methods (Disinfection), OT Sterilization, Biomedical Waste Management.	To apply methods of sterilization and disinfection to control hospital and community acquired infections	5
4	Infection and Infection Control-Infection, Sources, portal of entry and exit, Standard (Universal) safety Precautions & hand hygiene, Hospital acquired infections & Hospital Infection Control	 To know about Infection control practices. To be able to demonstrate Universal safety precautions (Standard Precautions) 	3
5	Immunity–Types Classification, Antigen, Antibody–Definition and types, Ag-Ab Reactions (Serological)–Types and examples,	 To understand types of immunity To Know about antigen and types of antibodies To be able to understand the principle & procedure of common serological tests 	6
6	Systemic Bacteriology (Morphology, diseases caused)—Introduction, 1.Gram positive cocci (GPC)- Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus Str.pyogenes, S.pneumoniae) 2. Gram positive bacilli (GPB) — Corynebacterium diphtheriae (CD) 3. Gram negative Cocci (GNC) — Neisseria meningitidis, Neisseria gonorrhoeae.	 List of gram-positive bacteria and diseases caused by them List of gram-negative bacteria and diseases caused by them List of anerobic bacteria and diseases caused by them Mycobacterium tuberculosisdiagnosis and diseases caused by them 	7
	5. Gram negative bacilli a) Enterobacteriaceae– E.coli, Klebsiella, Proteus, Salmonella, Shigella		
	b) Pseudomonas, Vibrio Cholera		
	6. Mycobacteria – M. tuberculosis, M.leprae7. Anaerobic bacteria – Clostridium tetani,		

	welchi		
7	Mycology-Introduction, Classification, Enumerate common fungi & disease caused Candida Aspergillus Cryptococcus Mucor	To be able to classify fungi on morphological baenumerate list of common fungi and diseases caused by them Candida Aspergillus Cryptococcus Mucor	3
8	 Virology– Introduction, General Properties of viruses Difference between Virus & Bacteria Enumerate DNA & RNA Virus 1) HIV (Route of transmission, Disease caused	To be able to describe General Properties of Virus Difference between Virus & Bacteria Enumerate DNA & RNA Virus To describe Route of transmission, Disease	4
	& Lab diagnosis).2) Hep B virus (Route of transmission, Disease caused & Lab diagnosis).	caused & Lab diagnosis of 1) Human immunodeficiency Virus- HIV 2) Hepatitis B virus - HBV	
9	Parasitology – Introduction to Parasitology – Classification & general characteristics List of common parasite ((Enumerate & disease caused) E. histolytica, Plasmodium spp, Taeniaspp, Roundworm, Hookworm, W. bancrofti – Filaria. Life cycle & Lab diagnosis of Malaria & Roundworm.	 To be able classify and mention general characteristics of parasites To enumerate list of common parasites and mention diseases caused by parasites- E. histolytica, Plasmodium spp, Taeniaspp, Roundworm, Hookworm, W. bancrofti – Filaria. To be able to perform stool examination for ova, cysts and 	7
	Total	trophozoites of parasites	45hrs

BMDT 108 P - General Microbiology (Demonstration)

Sr No	Topics	No of hrs
1	Microscopy	
2	Collection & transport of specimen	
3	Gram stain	
4	ZN stain	
5	Morphology of bacteria – Gram positive & negative cocci, Gram positive & negative bacilli	
6	Sterilization	
7	Disinfection	15
8	Infection control – Biomedical waste (BMW) hand hygiene	
9	Uninoculated culture media and culture methods	
10	Antibiotic sensitivity testing	
11	Serological reactions	
12	Virology	
13	Parasitology- stool examination	
14	Mycology	
15	Vaccines & immunization schedule	
	TOTAL	15 hrs

Text Book:

1. Text Book of Microbiology for Nursing Students, Anant Narayan Panikar

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Basic Pathology & Hematology
Course Code	BMDT 109 L

Teaching Objective	 To teach the students general principles of hematology, histopathology, cytopathology, clinical pathology and blood bank techniques Understand the importance of clinical information in supporting a timely, accurate pathological diagnosis. Describe normal and disordered hematopoiesis. To provide students with essential medical knowledge and a broad understanding of human disease. To demonstrate clinical skills essential in providing basic diagnostic services such as proper collection, transportation, receiving, acceptance or rejection and storage of blood sample, urine, body fluids and tissue samples.
Learning Outcomes	 The student should be able to describe the working pattern of different laboratories (Hematology, Histopathology & Cytology) and blood bank. The student should be able to provide technical help for selected sophisticated hematological techniques with adequate knowledge of various principles. To aid hematology in the reference ranges for hemoglobin, hematocrit, erythrocytes, and leukocytes in infants, children and adult The student should be able to describe the practice of collection, handling and transportation of medical laboratory specimens. The student should be able to explain quality assurance in medical laboratories.

Sr.	Topic	Objectives	No. of
No			hours
2.	Introduction to Pathology Working and maintenance of laboratory instruments.	Role of pathologist in diagnosis of disease, Definition and its various branches. Principle, operational steps and uses of the following instruments: 1. Automated hematology analyzer 2. Cyto-centrifuge	2
3.	General principles of Hematology techniques: • Laboratory requisition form • Introduction/overview to hematology: hematopoiesis • Normal constituents of Blood, their structure and functions • Various anticoagulants used in Hematology • Blood collection: Basic steps for blood collection by venipuncture, order of draw and complications of venipuncture. • Processing of blood sample • Preparation, fixation, routine staining of peripheral blood smear. • Peripheral smear (CBC report) • Hemoglobin estimation, different methods and normal values • Total leucocyte count	 3. Histokinette Laboratory requisition form Enlist the functions of blood. Stages of hematopoiesis with morphology of cells. Draw and label the different cells of blood. Anticoagulant: Definition Preference of anticoagulant for different hematological studies. Mechanism of action of each anticoagulant. Differences between plasma and serum. Enlist the steps in preparation of peripheral blood smear. Enlist the different stains used for Peripheral smear staining. Enumerate the characteristic features of an ideal peripheral blood smear. Thick and thin smear and their uses. Enlist names of parasites identified on peripheral smear. Interpretation of normal CBC report. Structure of hemoglobin and enumerate the various methods of hemoglobin estimation.(Cyanmethemoglobin method, Acid hematin method and cell counter) Normal values of hemoglobin in Male and Female. Enlist the causes of increased and decreased hemoglobin. Advantages of Cyanmethemoglobin method over Acid hematin method. 	10

	(TLC)Differential LeucocyteCount (DLC)Platelet count	 Normal values of total WBC count, platelet count. Define leukocytosis and enumerate the causes. 	
		 Uses of WBC pipette and contents of WBC diluting fluid. Define leucopenia and enumerate the 	
		causes. • Define thrombocytosis and enumerate the	
		causes.	
4		Define thrombocytopenia and enumerate the causes.	
4.	General principles of	Collection: What is a historeth classy specimen?	
	histopathology techniquesCollection	What is a histopathology specimen?Importance of specimen collection to the	
	Fixation of tissue	laboratory.	
	Tissue processing	 Steps in specimen collection. 	
	 Routine staining (H&E 	Enumerate the types of histopathological	
	staining)	specimens.	
	<i>S</i>)	• Enlist criteria of specimen rejection.	
		Fixation:	
		• Define fixation.	
		Define fixation.Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. Commonly used dehydrating agents. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. Commonly used dehydrating agents. Microtome and its application. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. Commonly used dehydrating agents. Microtome and its application. Enumerate types of microtome. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. Commonly used dehydrating agents. Microtome and its application. Enumerate types of microtome. Staining: 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. Commonly used dehydrating agents. Microtome and its application. Enumerate types of microtome. Staining: Principle and uses of H&E stain. 	6
		 Define fixation. Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation. Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation. Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents. Tissue processing: Steps in tissue processing. Define dehydration. Commonly used dehydrating agents. Microtome and its application. Enumerate types of microtome. Staining: Principle and uses of H&E stain. Enumerate the steps of H&E staining. 	6

5.	General principles of	Collection:	
	cytopathology techniques	What is a cytology specimen?	
	• Collection,	Enumerate the types of cytology specimens.	
	preservation,	• Steps in transportation of cytology sample.	
	transportation and	• Enlist criteria of specimen rejection.	
	processing of	Steps in cervical cytology specimen	
	cytological specimens.	collection (Pap smear).	
	Routine cytology	concention (1 up sineur).	
	staining (Pap)	Fixation:	
	summing (1 up)	• Enumerate the common fixatives used for	5
		cytology samples.	
		Processing:	
		Enumerate steps in processing of cytology	
		sample.	
		sumple.	
		Staining:	
		 Principle and uses of Pap stain. 	
		• Enumerate the steps of Pap staining.	
6.	General principles of clinical	Collection & transport:	
0.	pathology techniques	 Steps in clinical pathology sample collection. 	
	• Collection, transport,	Common clinical pathology tests.	
	preservation and	Importance of clinical pathology.	
	processing of various	 Steps in transportation of clinical pathology 	
	clinical specimens.	sample?	
	 Urine examination - 	Enlist criteria of specimen rejection.	
	collection and	Elinist effection of specimen rejection.	
	preservation, Physical,	Preservation:	
	chemical and	 Preservation of clinical pathology samples. 	
	microscopic	Processing:	5
	examination for	Enumerate steps in processing of clinical	5
	abnormal constituents	pathology sample.	
	by urine strip method	Staining:	
	Introduction to body	Enumerate the stains used for clinical	
	fluids (Distinguish	pathology sample.	
	between Transudate	Urine examination:	
	and exudate)	Methods of urine collection	
		 Enlist the gross and microscopic features of 	
		abnormal urine/ example of abnormal urine	
		aonormal arme, example of aonormal arme	
1	1		

7.	General principles of Blood Bank techniques Introduction/Review of blood banking Blood group system Collection and processing of blood for transfusion Compatibility testing Blood transfusion reactions	 ABO and Rh system of blood grouping. Enlist the different methods of blood group estimation. Enlist donor selection criteria. Enumerate transfusion reactions and enlist the investigations carried out in transfusion reactions. Enlist the different blood components for transfusion. In brief: storage of whole blood and its components. 	5
8	General and systemic pathology: I) Cell Injury Reversible cell injury Irreversible cell injury Cellular adaptations — Hypertrophy, hyperplasia, atrophy and metaplasia.	 Enlist the causes of reversible and irreversible cell injury. Enlist differences between reversible and irreversible cell injury. Definition of different types of cellular adaptations. 	
	II) Inflammation: • Acute inflammation: cellular and vascular changes and inflammatory cells • Chronic inflammation: general features, granulomatous inflammation with examples	 Definition of acute and chronic inflammation. Enlist the causes of Acute and chronic inflammation. Types of Tuberculosis, enlist the organs affected and lab investigations Types of Hepatitis and enlist the investigations 	20
	III) Circulatory disturbances:	 Definition and enlist the types of circulatory disturbances. Define edema and enlist the causes. Define thrombosis and mention the types and 	

Define infraction and enlist the causes and organs affected IV)Hypersensitivity reaction Mention the types of hypersensitivity reactions Anaphylaxis: Definition, morphological features and distinguishing features V) Neoplasia Definition of anaplasia, dysplasia and metaplasia Difference between benign and malignant lesions VI) AIDS, Malaria, Dengue AIDS- Enlist the modes of spread and investigations Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations. Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations Pefine anemia and enumerate the types of anemia Enlist the investigations for anemia Enlist the types of leukemia Enlist the investigations in leukemia. Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH Enlist the importance of NABL and NABH			Define shock. Enumerate the types	
reactions Anaphylaxis: Definition, morphological features and distinguishing features Definition of anaplasia, dysplasia and metaplasia Defiference between benign and malignant lesions VI) AIDS, Malaria, Dengue AIDS- Enlist the modes of spread and investigations Alaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations. Dengue- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations Pefine anemia and enumerate the types of anemia Enlist the investigations for anemia Enlist the types of leukemia Enlist the types of leukemia Enumerate clinical features and lab investigations in leukemia. Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH				
V) Neoplasia Definition of anaplasia, dysplasia and metaplasia Difference between benign and malignant lesions VI) AIDS, Malaria, Dengue AIDS- Enlist the modes of spread and investigations Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations. Dengue- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations Define anemia and enumerate the types of anemia Leukemia Define leukemia Define leukemia Enlist the types of leukemia Enumerate clinical features and lab investigations in leukemia. In Introduction to concepts of Define NABL and NABH		IV) Hypersensitivity reaction	reactions • Anaphylaxis: Definition, morphological	
lesions lesions VI) AIDS, Malaria, Dengue • AIDS- Enlist the modes of spread and investigations • Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations. • Dengue- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations • Define anemia and enumerate the types of anemia • Enlist the investigations for anemia • Define leukemia 5 • Enlist the types of leukemia • Enumerate clinical features and lab investigations in leukemia. 10 Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH 1		V) Neoplasia	metaplasia	
investigations Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations. Dengue- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations Hematology: Anemia Leukemia Define anemia and enumerate the types of anemia Enlist the investigations for anemia Define leukemia Enlist the types of leukemia Enumerate clinical features and lab investigations in leukemia. Introduction to concepts of Define NABL and NABH				
9. Hematology: • Anemia • Leukemia • Define anemia and enumerate the types of anemia • Enlist the investigations for anemia • Define leukemia • Enlist the types of leukemia • Enumerate clinical features and lab investigations in leukemia. 10 Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH 1		VI) AIDS, Malaria, Dengue	 investigations Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations. Dengue- Clinical features, Mode of spread 	
investigations in leukemia. 10 Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH NABL and NABH 1	9.	Anemia	 Define anemia and enumerate the types of anemia Enlist the investigations for anemia Define leukemia Enlist the types of leukemia 	5
NARI and NARH	10	Introduction to concents of	investigations in leukemia.	
	10	1	 Define NABL and NABH Enlist the importance of NABL and NABH 	1

BMDT 109 P – Basic Pathology & Hematology (Demonstration)

Sr. No.	Topics	
1.	 Methods of blood collection: Basic steps for blood collection by 	
	venepuncture, order of draw and complications of venepuncture.	2
	 Anticoagulants used in Hematology and Vacutainer. 	
2.	Processing of blood sample : Automated hematology analyzer	1
3.	Preparation, fixation, routine staining of peripheral blood smear.	
	Peripheral smear (CBC report)	2
	Peripheral smear for malaria, anemia and leukemia.	
4.	Hemoglobin estimation, different methods and normal values.	
	Total leucocyte count (TLC)	1
	Differential leucocyte count (DLC)	
5.	Histopathology:	
	• Collection	
	Fixation of tissue	3
	Tissue processing including histokinette and microtome	
	Routine staining (H&E staining)	
6.	Cytopathology:	
	Collection, preservation, transportation and processing of cytological	
	specimens.	2
	• Routine staining (PAP staining)	
7.	Clinical pathology:	
	 Collection, transport, preservation and processing of various clinical 	
	specimens including cyto-centrifuge.	2
	Urine examination - collection and preservation, microscopic	
	examination for abnormal constituents.	
8.	Blood Bank techniques:	
	Visit to blood Bank	
	 Collection and processing of blood for transfusion 	2
	Blood group estimation, Rh typing and cross- matching.	
	Total	15 hrs

- 1. A Handbook of Medical Laboratory (Lab) Technology: Second Edition. V.H. Talib(Author)
- 2. Comprehensive Textbook of Pathology for Nursing (Pathology, Clinical Pathology, Genetics) (English, Paperback, Dr. A.K. Mandal, Dr. Shramana Choudhury)
- 3. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology- Praful B. Godkar, Darshan P. Godkar.
- 4. Medical Laboratory Technology. Methods and Interpretations RamnikSood, 6th Edition (Volume 1&2)
- 5. Medical Laboratory technology a procedure manual for routine diagnostic test including phlebotomy/ venipuncture procedure 4th Edition, Volume- I, II, III. Kanai L. Mukharjee(Author)
- 6. Practical Pathology P. Chakraborty, Gargi Chakraborty New Central Book Agency, Kolkata.
- 7. Theory & Practice of Histological Techniques John D. Bancroft et.al. Churchill Livingstone Printed in China.
- 8. Hand Book of Histopathological & Histochemical Techniques C.F.A. Culling ButterworthsCompany Ltd. London.
- 9. Essentials of Hematology by Shirish M Kawthalkar, 3rd Edition.
- 10. Textbook of Pathology for *Allied Health Sciences* by *RamadasNayak*, Edition: 1st Publisher: Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
- 11. The ABC of CBC: interpretation of complete blood count & histograms. D P Lokwani and SunitLokwani(Author). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety
Course Code	BMDT 110 L

Teaching Objective	 The objective of the course is to help students understand the basic concepts of quality in health Care and develop skills to implement sustainable quality assurance program in the health system. To understand the basics of emergency care and life support skills. To Manage an emergency including moving a patient To help prevent harm to workers, property, the environment and the general public. To provide a broad understanding of the core subject areas of infection prevention and control. To provide knowledge on the principles of on-site disaster management
Learning Outcomes	• Upon completion, Students should be able to apply healthcare quality improvement and patient safety principles, concepts, and methods at the micro, meso-, and macro-system levels.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Quality assurance and management – Concepts of Quality of Care, Quality Improvement Approaches, Standards and Norms, Introduction to NABH guidelines	7
2	Basics of emergency care and life support skills - Basic life support (BLS), Vital signs and primary assessment, Basic emergency care – first aid and triage, Ventilations including use of bag-valve-masks (BVMs), Choking, rescue breathing methods, One-and Two-rescuer CPR	7
3	Bio medical waste management and environment safety -Definition of Biomedical Waste, Waste minimization, BMW – Segregation, collection, transportation, treatment and disposal (including color coding), Liquid BMW, Radioactive waste, Metals/ Chemicals / Drug waste, BMW Management & methods of disinfection, Modern technology for handling BMW, Use of Personal protective equipment (PPE), Monitoring & controlling of cross infection (Protective devices)	8
4	Infection prevention and control - Evidence-based infection control principles and practices [such as sterilization, disinfection, effective hand hygiene and use of Personal protective equipment (PPE)], Prevention & control of common healthcare associated infections, Components of an effective infection control program, Guidelines (NABH and JCI) for Hospital Infection Control	8
5	Antibiotic Resistance - History of Antibiotics, How Resistance Happens and Spreads, Types of resistance- Intrinsic, Acquired, Passive, Trends in Drug Resistance, Actions to Fight Resistance, Bacterial persistence, Antibiotic sensitivity, Consequences of antibiotic resistance	8
6	Disaster preparedness and management - Fundamentals of emergency management, Psychological impact management, Resource management, Preparedness and risk reduction, information management, incident command and institutional mechanisms.	7
	Total	45 hrs

- 1. Washington Manual of Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Paperback 2016 by Fondahn (Author)
- 2. Understanding Patient Safety, Second Edition by Robert Wachter (Author)
- 3. Handbook of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety Author: Girdhar J Gyani, Alexander Thomas
- 4. Researching Patient Safety and Quality in Healthcare: A Nordic Perspective Karina Aase, Lene Schibevaag
- 5. Old) Handbook Of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety by Gyani Girdhar J (Author)
- 6. Handbook of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety by .Gyani G J/Thomas A
- 7. Quality Management in Hospitals by S. K. Jos

Curriculum for B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology	MGM Institute of Health Science
	inical Visit (Incliiding ralatad
BMDT 111 P - Community Engagement & Claraticals to the Parent course) (Total - 360 h	re)
BMDT 111 P - Community Engagement & Clipracticals to the Parent course) (Total - 360 h	rs)
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BMDT 111 P - Community Engagement & Clipracticals to the Parent course) (Total - 360 h	rs)
BMDT 111 P - Community Engagement & Clipracticals to the Parent course) (Total - 360 h	rs)

SKILL ENHANCEMENT ELECTIVE COURSE

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
Name of the Course	Medical Bioethics & IPR
Course Code	SEC 001 L

	• To introduce the wide range of ethical issues in health care.
	• To provide basic skills in: A) Approaching ethical issues. B) Analysis and
	statement of issues. C) Understanding the relevant ethical principles invoked.
T	• Imparting knowledge and skills that will enable students to develop ethical
Teaching Objective	answers to these issues
	• To acquire acquire specialized knowledge of law and IPR.
	•The main objective of the IPR is to make the students aware of their rights for
	the protection of their invention done in their project work.
	• Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Recognize
	what constitutes an ethical concern in health care
	•Understanding ethical issues in Health care.
	• Understand better the complexity and multi-dimensionality of medical ethical
	concerns and uniqueness of each problem.
Learning Outcomes	Capacity to rationally justify your decision
Learning Outcomes	• Develop the ability to reason through difficult medical/clinical ethical issues
	both orally, in the context of a group of their peers, and through written
	• The students get awareness of acquiring the patent and copyright for their
	innovative works.
	•They also get the knowledge of plagiarism in their innovations which can be
	questioned legally.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction to Bioethics- Bioethical issues related to Healthcare & medicine.	5
2	Anatomy - Cadaver ethics, Human dignity, PNDT, Disposal of cadaver, Genetic Counselling	7
3	Physiology - Animal ethics, Health policy privacy	7
4	Biochemistry & Pathology - Prudence of investigation confidentiality, Patients bill of rights, Disposal of investigative material, Integrity, Blood transfusion	5
5	Pharmacology - Rational drug prescribing, Clinical trials, Risk minimization, Animal ethics	5
6	Microbiology - Hand wash, Drug resistance minimization, Prudence of investigation confidentiality, Sterilization procedure, Biosafety and bio hazard	5
7	Medicolegal aspects of medical records	3
8	Introduction to Intellectual Property:	8

Curriculum for	B.Sc. Medical D	Dialysis Technology
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MGM Institute of Health Sciences

Concept of Intellectual CopyrightsDesigns, Traden	1 2	1 2	
protection and Remedies Lic	ensing and its types	_	
	Total		45 hrs

- 1. Contemporary issues in bioethics Beauchamp & walters (B&W) 4th edition.
- Classic philosophical questions by Gloud (8th Edition)
- 3. Case book series and booklets by UNESCO Bioethics Core curriculum 2008
- 4. Encyclopedia of Bioethics 5 vol set, (2003) ISBN-10: 0028657748
- 5. Intellectual property rights- Ganguli-Tat McGrawhill. (2001) ISBN-10: 0074638602,
- 6. Intellectual Property Right- Wattal- Oxford Publicatiopn House.(1997) ISBN:0195905024.

Name of the Programme B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology	
Name of the Course	Human Rights & Professional Values
Course Code	SEC 002 L

	• To understand interaction between society and educational institutions.
	• To sensitize the citizens so that the norms and values of human rights and
Tagahing Ohiastina	duties of education programme are realized.
Teaching Objective	• To encourage research activities.
	• To encourage research studies concerning the relationship between Human
	Rights and Duties Education.
Learning Outcomes	 This course will aim at making the learners acquire conceptual clarity and develop respect for norms and values of freedom, equality, fraternity and justice. It will include awareness of civil society organizations and movements promoting human rights. This will make the students realize the difference between the values of human rights and their duties

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Background - Introduction, Meaning, Nature and Scope, Development of Human Rights, Theories of Rights, Types of Rights	6
2	Human rights at various level- Human Rights at Global Level UNO, Instruments: U.N. Commission for Human Rights, European Convention on Human Rights.	6
Human rights in India - Development of Human Rights in India, Human Rights and the Constitution of India, Protection of Human Rights Act 1993- National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Composition Powers and Functions, National Commission for Minorities, SC/ST and Woman		7
4 Human Rights Violations -Human Rights Violations against Women, Children, Violations against Minorities SC/ST and Trans-genders, Preventive Measures.		6
5	Professional values- Integrity, Objectivity, Professional competence and due care, Confidentiality	6
6	6 Personal values - ethical or moral values, Attitude and behavior- professional behavior, treating people equally	
7	Code of conduct- professional accountability and responsibility, misconduct, Cultural issues in the healthcare environment	8
	Total	45 hrs

- 1. Jagannath Mohanty Teaching of Human Rights New Trends and Innovations Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi2009
- 2. Ram Ahuja: Violence Against Women Rawat Publications Jewahar Nager Jaipur.1998.
- 3. Sivagami Parmasivam Human Rights Salem 2008
- 4. Hingorani R.C.: Human Rights in India: Oxford and IBA New Delhi.

B.Sc. Allied Courses Scheme of Examination Pattern

B.Sc. First Year (Semester I & II) w.e.f.(Academic Year 2023-24 onwards)

Internal Examination Pattern (Theory)

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
Short answers	5	4	4 x 3 marks each	12 marks
CIA	 Seminar / poster (4 marks) Assignments/open book test (4 marks) 			8 marks
Total 20 marks				20 marks

Note -20 marks to be converted to 10 marks weightage for submission to the university.

University Examination Pattern (Theory)

Question	No. of	Questions to	Question X	Total		
Type	Questions	be Answered	marks	marks		
	Section A					
Structured	3	2	2X8	16 Marks		
LAQ		_				
Short notes	8	6	6X4	24 Marks		
Total			40 Marks			

Note: The exam pattern for Course "Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including Related Practicals To The Parent Course)" is as per Annexure No-1.

Name of the Internal Faculty/Observer: Name of the External Faculty/Observer:

Name of the Student: Program/Course:

Semester:

50

EVALUATION FORM FOR

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT & CLINICAL VISIT (INCLUDING RELATED PRACTICALS TO THE PARENT COURSE)

Sr. No.	Core Competencies	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1.	Community Engagement/Educational Tour/Field work/Hospital visits/NSS (Report)	15	
2.	Demonstrated understanding of responsibilities		
3.	Managed time effectively to meet deadlines		
4.	Communicated well with others (Staff members, Teacher, Patients, Community Members, etc) 10		
5.	. Demonstrated knowledge required to meet objectives		
6.	Completed required tasks as assigned by Teacher/Coordinator		
7.	Model making / Quiz/ Poster/Conference/ Seminar/ Presentation/Innovative Ideas Competition	15	
8.	Attendance	10	

Internal Faculty/Observer Signature:
External Faculty/Observer Signature:

Date:

Total Marks

Resolution No.6.10 of Academic Council (AC-48/2023): Resolved to grant Post-facto approval for correction in the index for UG programme (B.Sc. Medical Laboratory Technology, B.Sc. Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology, B.Sc. Operation Theatre & Anaesthesia Technology, B.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology, B.Sc. Perfusion Technology, B. Optometry, B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology, B.Sc. Physician Assistant in Emergency & Trauma Care) for Batch admitted in Academic Year 2020-21 Semester VII & VIII onwards [Annexure-53A, 53B, 53C, 53D, 53E, 53F, 53G & 53H].

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM

B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology

Semester VII & VIII

Semester vii a viii						
	Core Course	Credits		Marks		
Code No.		Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
BMDT 126	B.Sc. MDT Internship (Semester VII)	20	20	20	80	100
BMDT 127	B.Sc. MDT Internship (Semester VIII)	20	20	20	80	100

Internship is for 12 months (July-December; January-June) after deducting for national holidays/Sick Holidays/ sundays + Examination), (6 days/ week; 8 Hours/day). Minimum of 21 weeks/semester. Students are encouraged to involve in community outreach activities as part of their clinical postings without absenting himself/herself for the other regular classes. During Internship a candidate must have 100% attendance before the award of the degree. NOC from the Dean/Director, MGMSBS to be made mandatory while applying for Convocation Degree.

Internal Assessment Exam Pattern (IA)
for Semester VII & VIII (Internship
Program)

Internal exam pattern: Total 20 marks with following breakup

Description	Marks	
Internal exam (at	10 marks	
department)		
Viva	5 marks	
Log Book	5 marks	
Total = 20 Marks		

Scheme of University Semester End Examination (SEE) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program)

Practical exam pattern: Total 80 marks with following breakup

Exercise	Description	Marks
Q No 1	Case Study	2 x15=30 M
Q No 2	Station exercise	3 x 5=15 M
Q No 3	VIVA	15 M
QNo 4	Log Book	10 M
QNo 5	Attendance	10 M
Total = 80 Marks		

Attendance (10 marks) of the student. It was decided that weightage be given to attendance as per following scheme

Attendance Percentage	Marks
< 75	Zero
75	5
76-80	6
81-85	7
86-90	8
91-95	9
96-100	10



Vice Chancellor <vc@mgmuhs.com>

Annexure-49 of AC-48/2023 Revised Post facto approval for amending the ATKT rules.

1 message

SBS Navi Mumbai <sbsnm@mgmuhs.com>

Wed, Jul 19, 2023 at 10:20 AM

To: Vice Chancellor <vc@mgmuhs.com>

Cc: Registrar MGMIHS <registrar@mgmuhs.com>, Controller of Exam MGMIHS <coe@mgmuhs.com>

Respected Sir,

Please find attached herewith the request letter for Post facto approval for amending the ATKT rules.

Kindly do the needful.

Thanking you,

Director
MGM School of Biomedical Sciences
(Deemed University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956) Grade 'A++' Accredited by NAAC
MGMIHS, Kamothe
Navi Mumbai
022 27437631 / 32

Letter to VC Post facto approval for amending the atkt rules 19.07.2023.pdf 4143K

D As based on the NEP Polying. BSc. The 1 yrof Inter ship become

4 year of Progr sole we had a made it up to I to VIII Sem. So

4 year of Progr sole we had approved for ATKT Rule for sem VI S

request to approved post facto approval for ATKT Rule for sem VI S

request to approved post facto approval for ATKT Rule for sem VI S

TIII. So that condidate will be allowed for VI, VII sem exam

TIII. So that candidate will be allowed for (Sem VIII) unlerg

and to appear in the final Semenaumotion (I built

the condidate has cleared all the previous sem examination (I built

the condidate has cleared all the previous sem examination (I built)

Huller 1917/23. Approved
1917123.



MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI

(A constituent unit of MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES)

(Deemed University u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956) Grade "A" Accredited by NAAC

Sector I, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai-410209, Tel.No.022-27437631, 27432890 Email: sbsnm@mgmuhs.com Website: www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in

Ref: MGMSBS/23/07/1709

Date: 18-07-2023

To,
Hon'ble Vice Chancellor
MGMIHS,
Kamothe, Navi Mumbai

Through - proper channel

Sub: Post facto approval for amending the ATKT rules.

Respected Sir,

As per National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, we have accordingly changed our credit & semester pattern where students will have to appear for VII & VIII Semester exams as approved vide resolution no. 6.7 of AC - 46/2023 for batch AY 2020-21 onwards.

We request post-facto approval to amend our ATKT rules (Resolution No. 3.2.1.d of BOM 57/2019 dated 26.04.2019) for batch AY 2020-21 onwards as per below:

Carryover Pattern (ATKT Rules):

- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester II irrespective of number of heads of failure in the Semester I.
- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester III if he/she passes each Semester I & II OR fails
 in not more than two courses each in Semester I & II.
- Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester IV irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester III. However, the student shall pass each course of Semester I and Semester II in order to appear for Semester IV.
- Student shall be allowed to keep term for Semester V if he/she passes Semester I, Semester II, Semester, III and Semester IV. OR shall pass Semester I and Semester II and fails in not more than two courses each in Semester III and Semester IV.
- Student shall be allowed to keep term for Semester VI irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester V. However,he/she has passes Semester I, Semester II, Semester, III and Semester IV.
- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester VIIII he/she passes each Semester V & VI OR fails in not more than two courses each in Semester V & VI.
- A Candidate shall not be allowed to appear in the final semester examination (Semester VIII) unless the candidate has cleared all the previous semester examinations (I to VII).

BIO-MA

KAMOTHE

Request postfacto approval as regular Semester VI exams are due on 3rd Week of August 2023.

hanking you,

MGM School of Biomedical Sciences

Kamothe, Navi Mumbai

Director

MGM School of Biomedical Science

cc to: Controller of Examination, MCRYI Mumbai Registrar, MGMIHS

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Resolution No. 3.10 of Academic Council (AC-49/2024):

Resolved to implement the old syllabus of Semester III to VIII of all B.Sc. programs (which is effective for academic year 2022-23) for the Academic Year 2023-2024.

Resolution No. 3.10 of Academic Council (AC-50/2024): Resolved to approve the amended Grace marks rule for CBCS Allied programme (Biomedical) for UG Allied Health Sciences programmes under MGM SBS:

- 1. A Candidate shall be eligible for grace marks only in UG courses.
- 2. Maximum Grace Marks up to 5 marks may be allowed in case of failure in one or more heads of passing a subject/s or examination in to (Theory/Practical).

Resolution No. 3.24 of Academic Council (AC-51/2025):

Resolved to follow uniform grace mark guidelines as prescribed by MGMIHS (maximum upto 5 marks), applicable to Under Graduate students of <u>Biomedical Sciences</u>, Physiotherapy, Prosthetic & Orthotics and Pharmacy. The guidelines as prescribed by the Indian Nursing Council to be followed for B.Sc. and M.Sc. Nursing examinations.

Revised Re-Evaluation Rules:

This is with reference to the Circular No. 02-June/2025 – (Reference No. MGMIHS /57.2/X-1/01-2025 dated 13.01. 2025 and Resolution no 5 of Academic Council-50, 27-11-2024). This is to inform you that for all UG & PG students there is no provision for re-evaluation of theory papers University Examination as the system of double evaluation has been implemented for all programs . However, the provision for retotaling and photocopy of answer scripts will continue to remain in practice with effect from 01.06. 2025.



MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Grade 'A++' Accredited by NAAC

Sector-01, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai - 410209

Tel 022-27432471, 022-27432994, Fax 022-27431094

E-mail- registrar@mgmuhs.com Website: www.mgmuhs.com

