



# **MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES**

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

**Grade 'A++' Accredited by NAAC**

Sector-01, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai -410 209

Tel 022-27432471, 022-27432994, Fax 022 -27431094

E-mail: [registrar@mgmuhs.com](mailto:registrar@mgmuhs.com); Website :[www.mgmuhs.com](http://www.mgmuhs.com)

## **CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

**(with effect from 2024-2025 Batch onwards)**

## **Curriculum for B. Optometry**

Approved as per AC-51/2025, Dated 29/04/2025

## **Amended History**

1. Approved as per AC-48/2023, [Resolution No. 6.2] Dated 12/12/2023.
2. Amended as per AC-48/2023, [Resolution No. 6.6] Dated 12/12/2023.
3. Amended as per AC-50/2024, [Resolution No. 3.1], [Resolution No. 3.10]; Dated 27/11/2024.
4. Amended as per AC-51/2025, [Resolution No. 3.3 (Annexure-5F)]; [Resolution No. 3.24]; Dated 29/04/2025.



**Resolution No. 3.3 of Academic Council (AC-51/2025):**

Resolved to approve the Learning Objectives for all 08 undergraduate programs –B.Sc. Medical Laboratory Technology, B. Sc. Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology, B.Sc. Operation Theatre & Anesthesia Technology, B.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology, B.Sc. Perfusion Technology, **B. Optometry**, B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology, and B.Sc. Physician Assistant in Emergency & Trauma Care offered under MGMSBS. These Learning Objectives will be applicable to all existing and forthcoming batches from the Academic Year 2025-26 onwards [ANNEXURE-5 A, 5B, 5C, 5D, 5E, **5F**, 5G & 5H].



## **MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI**

**(A constituent unit of MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES)**

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Grade "A<sup>++</sup>" Accredited by NAAC

Sector 1, Kamothe Navi Mumbai-410209, Tel.No.022-27437631, 27437632

Email. [sbsnm@mgmuhs.com](mailto:sbsnm@mgmuhs.com) / Website: [www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in](http://www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in)

### **B. Optometry Learning Objectives**

**At the end of completion of Internship in 4th year student shall achieve following skills:**

- Have knowledge regarding the basic aspect of Human Anatomy, Physiology with special reference to Human Eye.
- Have understanding regarding general concept of Nutrition, inclusive of micro and macro nutrients, effect of Nutrition on Ocular Health and adverse effects of ocular nutritional supplements.
- Understand the basic concept of health care system, epidemiology of communicable and non-communicable diseases and national health programmes.
- Develop communication skills, use effective techniques to express their opinion, cultivate listening skills, gain confidence in communicating to flourish personally and professionally,
- Have knowledge of microorganisms, the disease process and the principles of diagnosis, sterilisation, disinfection in hospital and ophthalmic practice.
- Know about NABH quality parameters and its standards in Ophthalmology and Optometry Clinical Practice.
- Understand the Quality control in healthcare and patient safety principles, at the micro-, meso-, and macro levels.
- Have knowledge regarding the ethical practice and wide range of ethical issues in health care.
- Develop understanding regarding basic of intellectual property and its rights.
- Have a better understanding about Light, its Properties, Units and Nature and know the basis and application of wave optics, and lasers.
- Develop thorough understanding of mirrors, lenses, and prisms, its types, ray optics image formation and properties.
- Have Knowledge regarding the optics of ocular structures, aberrations, image formation on the retina and measurement of optical dimensions.

- Have a thorough understanding regarding the refractive anomalies, their types, and causes.
- Have fundamental knowledge regarding the pathophysiology of ocular diseases, differential diagnosis, diagnostic procedures, and management strategies.
- Develop skills in efficiently performing optometric work-up, diagnostic procedures, and through with its documentation and interpretation of the findings.
- Develop expertise in History taking, assessment of visual acuity, objective and subjective clinical refraction and patient counselling in regards to the diagnosis and management.
- Have knowledge regarding the effective techniques for time and stress management.
- Have a better understanding of different forms of lenses, types of lens designs, lens materials, coating, tints, miscellaneous spectacles, frame type, material, lens manufacturing process & frame construction.
- Have proficient skills in measurement of lens power, lens centration, transposition of various types of lenses, measurement of surface powers, follow standardization method for quality spectacle dispensing & troubleshooting complaints.
- Able to efficiently perform frame and lens measurement techniques and select appropriate frame and lenses for the given refractive prescription.
- Well- versed with the optics and working principal of various ophthalmic and optometric instruments.
- Know the basic principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, commonly used ocular drugs, mechanism of action, its indications, contraindications, drug dosage and adverse effects.
- Be able to understand the role of computer technology in health care and gain hand-on experience in using computers.
- Understand the basics of contact lenses, its properties and develop skill for fitting and assessing various contact lens design and have knowledge about the complications of contact lens use and measures to efficiently manage it.
- Be able to understand and identify the clinical presentation of binocular vision anomalies and develop skills for evaluating it using test battery.
- Have a better understanding regarding categorise of visual impairment, causes of Low vision, low vision aid devices, training of low vision devices, rehabilitation and counselling.
- Understand various systemic diseases and its relation to the ocular health and have knowledge regarding the adverse effect of drug usage for systemic disease management on ocular structures.
- Have knowledge regarding basics of physical examination, vitals measurement and asepsis

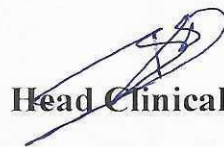
- Have a better understanding regarding the causes of Paediatric, Geriatric ocular disorders and its evaluation techniques.
- Have knowledge regarding role of vision in sports, sports related injuries, sports vision training program and skills to conduct sports specific task analysis and evaluate visual skills among different sports players.
- Describe Occupational health, hygiene and safety, have knowledge of occupational hazards and means of minimizing and managing them.
- Have skills to conduct occupational screening and have knowledge regarding visual standards for various occupations.

### **Skills and Competencies to be imparted:**


- Efficient Communication Skills
- Professional Conduct
- Maintaining registration documents
- Able to triage and maintain smooth working environment
- Better understanding and execution of clinical history taking and differential diagnosis
- Visual acuity assessment and comprehensive eye evaluation across all age group
- Able to efficiently conduct screening and diagnostic procedures in OPD, community and occupational settings.
- Preparation of patient preoperatively & in operation theatre as per instruction of Ophthalmologist.
- Thorough in identification of ocular anomalies, its evaluation, documentation, and management options
- Able to accurately evaluate the refractive anomalies and formulate the prescription as per patients need.
- Skilled in optometry specialities such as contact lenses, binocular vision, dispensing, low vision, paediatric & geriatric optometry, occupational optometry and sports vision.
- Knowledge about the telemedicine practices in India with especial regards to eye care.



**DR. VAIDH GORE**  
Professor & Head  
MGM Medical College  
Kamothe, Navi Mumbai,



**Head Clinical Coordinator**

  
Rohit I Gupta  
Coordinator  
Lecturer  
Dept. of Optometry  
MGM'SBS, NM.




**Director**  
**Director**

MGM School of Biomedical Sciences  
MGM Institute of Health Sciences  
Kamothe, Navi Mumbai- 410 209, India.

**Annexure-46G of AC-48/2023**



**MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES**  
**(A constituent unit of MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES)**

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Grade “A<sup>++</sup>” Accredited by NAAC

Sector 1, Kamothe Navi Mumbai-410209,

Tel.No.:022-27437631, 27437632,27432890

Email. [sbsnm@mgmuhs.com](mailto:sbsnm@mgmuhs.com)/Website : [www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in](http://www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in)

**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

**(Academic Year 2024 - 25)**

**Curriculum for**

**B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences**

**B. Optometry**

**Resolution No. 6.2 of Academic Council (AC-48/2023):**

- (i) Resolved to approve the syllabus realigning the curriculum notational hours, credit as per NEP-2020 and NCrF, for Semester I & II of B.Sc. AT & OT, B.Sc. CCT, B.Sc. MDT, B.Sc. PT, B.Sc. MLT, B.Sc. MRIT, B. Optometry & B.Sc. PA [Annexure-46A, 46B, 46C, 46D, 46E, 46F, 46G & 46H].
- (ii) Resolved to approve the reframed index from Semester III to VIII of all the above CBCS programs as per NCrF guidelines, to be effective from batch admitted in Academic Year 2024-25 onwards [Annexure-46I, 46J, 46K, 46L, 46M, 46N, 46O & 46P].



OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester I														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 101 L	Human Anatomy Part I	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 102 L	Human Physiology Part I	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM103 L	General Biochemistry & Nutrition	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
BOPTOM 104 L	Introduction to National Health Care System	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 101 P	Human Anatomy Part I	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 102 P	Human Physiology Part I	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 103 P	General Biochemistry Nutrition	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 105 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course)	-	-	-	24	8	-	-	-	360	360	-	50	50
Ability Enhancement Course														
AEC 001 L	English & Communication skills	4	-	-	-	4	60	-	-	-	60	10	40	50
AEC 002 L	Envioronmental Sciences	4	-	-	-	4	60	-	-	-	60	10	40	50
Total		17	0	3	24	25	255	0	45	360	660	60	290	350

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester II														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Asseme nt (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 106 L	Human Anatomy Part II	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 107 L	Human Physiology Part II	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 108 L	General Microbiology	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
BOPTOM 109 L	Basic Pathology & Hematology	4	-	-	-	4	60	-	-	-	60	10	40	50
BOPTOM 110 L	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 106 P	Human Anatomy Part II	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 107 P	Human Physiology Part II	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 108 P	General Microbiology	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 109 P	Basic Pathology & Hematology	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	-	-	-
BOPTOM 111 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course)	-	-	-	24	8	-	-	-	360	360	-	50	50
Skill Enhancement Elective Course														
SEC 001 L	Medical Bioethics & IPR	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
SEC 002 L	Human Rights & Professional Values													
Total		17	0	4	24	25	255	0	60	360	675	60	290	350

# FIRST YEAR

## B. Optometry

### SEMESTER-I

Code No.	Core Subjects
<b>Theory</b>	
BOPTOM101L	Human Anatomy Part I
BOPTOM102 L	Human Physiology Part I
BOPTOM103 L	General Biochemistry & Nutrition
BOPTOM104 L	Introduction to National HealthCare System (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)
<b>Practical</b>	
BOPTOM101 P	Human Anatomy Part I
BOPTOM102 P	Human Physiology Part I
BOPTOM103 P	General Biochemistry
BOPTOM105 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course)
<b>Ability Enhancement Course</b>	
AEC 001 L	English & Communication Skills
AEC 002 L	Environmental Sciences



<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Human Anatomy- Part I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 101 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To introduce the students to the concepts related to General anatomy, Muscular, Respiratory, Circulatory, Digestive and Excretory system</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Comprehend and describe the normal disposition, inter -relationships, gross, functional and applied anatomy of various structures in the human body.</li> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Respiratory and Circulatory system</li> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Digestive and Excretory system</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Subtopic</b>	<b>No. of Hours</b>
1	<b>Introduction to anatomy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To specify the various terms of anatomy</li> <li>To define cell</li> <li>To describe Cell Division</li> <li>To define tissue and enumerate its types</li> <li>To enumerate layers of skin and function</li> </ul>	Definition and various <b>terms of anatomy</b> Define <b>cell</b> with diagram, <b>Cell Division</b> – Definition and steps of mitosis and meiosis	3
			Tissue and enumerate the types of <b>tissues</b> with location and function	
			<b>Skin</b> - Layers and function of skin	
2	<b>Skeletal System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To define bone and classify</li> <li>To list the names and number of bones in skeleton</li> <li>To define joint</li> <li>To classify joints</li> <li>To describe synovial joint</li> <li>To describe Shoulder, Hip &amp; Knee joint</li> </ul>	<b>Bone</b> – Definition, functions, classification by - shape, region, development and structure <b>List the names and number of bones in appendicular and axial skeleton</b> <b>Appendicular skeleton I</b> - Bones of upper Limb, <b>Appendicular skeleton II</b> - Bones of lower limb <b>Axial skeleton I</b> -skull mandible,	6

			<b>Axial skeleton II-</b> vertebrae sacrum and pelvis <b>Joint-</b> Definition of <b>joint</b> with structural classification and examples Definition and features of <b>Synovial Joint</b> classification of <b>Synovial Joint</b> with examples <b>Shoulder, Hip, Knee joint</b> – for each joint type, bones forming joint, list of ligaments, Movements and muscle groups producing movements at these joints, applied anatomy	
3	<b>Muscular System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To define muscle</li> <li>To classify muscles</li> <li>To enumerate the muscles of upper limb</li> <li>To describe deltoid and biceps brachii</li> <li>To enumerate the muscles of lower limb, mastication &amp; abdomen</li> <li>To describe Gluteus maximus, hamstrings, sternocleidomastoid &amp; trapezius</li> </ul>	<b>Define Muscle and describe the types</b> with features Enumerate the muscles of <b>upper limb</b> – group wise Describe <b>deltoid</b> and <b>biceps brachii</b> in detail Enumerate the muscles of <b>lower limb</b> – group wise Describe <b>Gluteus maximus</b> and <b>hamstrings</b> in detail Describe <b>sternocleidomastoid</b> in detail Enumerate the muscles of <b>mastication</b> <b>Back</b> - Describe <b>trapezius</b> in detail Enumerate the Muscles of <b>abdomen</b>	5
4	<b>Respiratory System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To specify parts of respiratory System</li> <li>To describe Larynx</li> <li>To enumerate list of bones and cartilages of Thoracic cage,</li> <li>To enumerate the movements.</li> <li>To describe diaphragm</li> </ul>	<b>Respiratory System</b> - Introduction to Respiratory system and Parts <b>Larynx</b> -List of cartilages with type, Describe interior, nerve supply (names), function & applied anatomy <b>Thoracic cage</b> - list of bones and cartilages forming cage, enumerate the movements.	4

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe Lung</li> <li>To list layers of pleura</li> <li>To describe Trachea &amp; bronchopulmonary segments</li> <li>To define Mediastinum</li> <li>To list boundaries &amp; divisions</li> </ul>	<b>Diaphragm-</b> Describe origin, insertion, major openings, movements and applied anatomy <b>Lung-</b> external features, mediastinal surface, applied anatomy <b>Pleura-</b> name the layers <b>Trachea-</b> external features and function <b>Bronchopulmonary segments-</b> definition, list the segments, features of segments, applied anatomy <b>Mediastinum-</b> definition, boundaries, divisions	
5	<b>Circulatory System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To classify blood vessels</li> <li>To describe Heart</li> <li>To list layers of Pericardium</li> <li>To describe Coronary Circulation</li> <li>To enumerate Blood vessels of Thorax</li> </ul>	<b>Types of blood vessels-</b> classification with example <b>Heart-</b> external& internal features <b>Pericardium-</b> layers <b>Coronary Circulation-</b> name vessels, for each vessel origin and distribution, list veins of the heart, applied anatomy <b>Blood vessels of Thorax-</b> list of vessels, branches of arch of aorta	4
6	<b>Digestive System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe Pharynx, Oesophagus, Stomach</li> <li>To enumerate Parts, functions and differences of Small and Large Intestine</li> <li>To describe liver, Spleen, Pancreas</li> <li>To enumerate salivary glands and their functions</li> </ul>	<b>Pharynx -</b> Extent, parts, list internal features, list of muscles and nerve supply of pharynx <b>Oesophagus -</b> extent, function, applied anatomy <b>Stomach -</b> Gross anatomy, shape, capacity, location, parts, blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes), relation, functions, applied anatomy <b>Small and Large Intestine</b> – Parts, function and differences <b>Liver -</b> External features, location, functions, applied	6

			anatomy	
			<b>Spleen</b> -External features, location, functions, applied anatomy	
			<b>Pancreas</b> - External features, location, ducts, functions, applied anatomy	
			<b>Salivary glands</b> -Enumerate salivary gland and functions	
7	<b>Excretory System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe Kidney and Urinary Bladder</li> </ul>	<b>Kidney</b> - External features, blood supply (Names of vessels) and function, applied anatomy <b>Urinary Bladder</b> - External features, capacity, list of ligaments and location, blood supply (Names of vessels), applied anatomy <b>Urethra</b> - male and female urethra difference	2
<b>Total</b>				<b>30 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM101 P - Human Anatomy Part I- (Demonstration)**

Sr No.	Topic	Learning objectives	Subtopic	No. of Hours
1	<b>Introduction to anatomy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To understand Terminology of anatomy</li></ul>	Terminology	1
2	<b>Skeletal System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify types of Bones, Joints,</li><li>To understand Shoulder, Hip, Knee joint – movements</li></ul>	<b>Bone-</b> Classification of bones <b>Joint-</b> classification and examples Shoulder, Hip, Knee joint – movements at these joints	1
3	<b>Muscular System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify Muscles of upper limb, lower limb, Sternocleidomastoid, muscles of Mastication, Trapezius</li></ul>	Muscles of <b>upper limb</b> Muscles of <b>lower limb</b> Neck – <b>Sternocleidomastoid</b> muscles of <b>Mastication</b> Muscles of back - <b>Trapezius</b>	3
4	<b>Respiratory System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify features of Larynx</li><li>To identify bones and cartilages of Thoracic cage</li><li>To identify Lung external features</li></ul>	<b>Larynx-</b> cartilages, interior	1
			<b>Thoracic cage-</b> bones and cartilages	
			<b>Lung-</b> external features, mediastinal surface	1
			<b>Trachea-</b> external features	
			<b>Mediastinum-</b> definition, boundaries, divisions	
5	<b>Circulatory System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify external &amp; internal features of Heart</li></ul>	<b>Heart-</b> external& internal features	1
			Right and left <b>Coronary artery</b>	
			<b>Blood vessels of Thorax-</b> list of vessels, branches of arch of aorta	
6	<b>Digestive System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify features of Pharynx,</li><li>Stomach, Small and Large Intestine, Liver, Spleen &amp; pancreas</li></ul>	<b>Pharynx</b> - parts, internal features	5
			<b>Oesophagus-</b> extent	
			<b>Stomach-</b> Gross anatomy, shape, parts, interior	
			<b>Small and Large Intestine</b> – Parts, features	
			<b>Liver-</b> External features	
			<b>Spleen-</b> External features	
			<b>Pancreas-</b> External features	
7	<b>Excretory System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify featuresof kidney &amp; urinary bladder</li></ul>	Kidney – External and internal features	2
			<b>Urinary Bladder-</b> External and internal features	
<b>Total</b>				<b>15 hrs</b>

**Text Books :**

1. Manipal Manual of Anatomy for Allied Health Sciences courses: Madhyastha S.
2. G.J. Tortora&N.P.Anagnostakos: Principles of Anatomy and Physiology
3. B.D. Chaurasia: Handbook of General Anatomy

**Reference books:**

1. B.D. Chaurasia :
  - Volume I-Upper limb & Thorax,
  - Volume II- Lower limb, Abdomen & Pelvis
  - Volume III- Head, Neck, Face
  - Volume IV- Brain-Neuroanatomy
2. Vishram Singh:
  - Textbook of Anatomy Upper limb & Thorax
  - Textbook of Anatomy Abdomen & Lower limb
  - Textbook of Head neck and Brain
3. Students Gray's Anatomy - Descriptive and Applied, 36<sup>th</sup> Ed; Churchill Livingstone.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Human Physiology Part I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM102 L</b>

<b>Teaching objective</b>	<b>To teach basic physiological concepts related to:</b> General physiology, Hematology, Cardiovascular, Digestive, Respiratory physiology, Nerve-Muscle physiology
<b>Learning outcomes</b>	<b>At the end of the semester, the student shall be able to</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To demonstrate knowledge of Homeostasis, transport mechanism, composition &amp; functions of blood and blood components, blood groups coagulation process, Immunity</li> <li>• To demonstrate knowledge of basics of functioning of heart, Cardiac cycle, normal count &amp; Variation in heart rate, cardiac output, Blood pressure. Normal ECG</li> <li>• To demonstrate knowledge of Composition and functions of all Digestive juices, Movements of gut, Digestion &amp; Absorption of food</li> <li>• To demonstrate knowledge of Mechanism of respiration, Transport of Respiratory Gases-O<sub>2</sub> &amp; CO<sub>2</sub>, respiratory centers and their function</li> <li>• To demonstrate knowledge of Structure &amp; types of neuron, muscles, , Neuromuscular junction&amp; Transmission</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>Learning Objectives</b>	<b>No. of Hours</b>
1	<b>General Physiology-</b> a. Introduction to physiology, b. Homeostasis-Definition , Positive & negative feedback mechanism c. Transport Across cell membrane- Types, diffusion, osmosis, active transport	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define physiology and its significance</li> <li>• Define Homeostasis, Define&amp; describe Positive &amp; negative feedback mechanism with examples,</li> <li>• classify transport mechanism, Explain diffusion, osmosis, active transport</li> </ul>	2
2	<b>Blood –</b> a. Composition and functions of Blood, b. RBC-structure, Normal count, and Physiological variation of the RBC, stages of erythropoiesis,	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe composition &amp;</li> </ul>	8

	<p>factors required for erythropoiesis</p> <p>c. Hb Concentrations- normal value &amp; variation , function</p> <p>d. Anemia: Causes, effects on body</p> <p>e. WBC- Types and functions, Normal count, and Physiological variation,</p> <p>f. Blood Groups - ABO and RH grouping,</p> <p>g. Platelet - Normal count, and Physiological variation and functions</p> <p>h. Coagulations - &amp; Anticoagulants,</p> <p>i. Immunity – definition &amp; types,</p> <p>j. Body Fluid: Compartments, Composition,</p>	<p>functions of blood</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe structure &amp; function RBC, Normal count, and Physiological variation of the RBC,</li> <li>Enumerate stages of Erythropoiesis, &amp; factors required for Erythropoiesis</li> <li>Mention normal value &amp; variation &amp; function of hemoglobin</li> <li>Define Anemia, enumerate its causes, mention its effects on body</li> <li>Classify WBC, mention Normal count, and Physiological variation,</li> <li>Describe structure &amp; function each WBC,</li> <li>Enumerate functions of platelets &amp; variation in platelets count</li> <li>Explain ABO &amp; Rh blood groups and their importance</li> <li>Describe coagulation process and enumerate invivo and invitro Anticoagulants</li> <li>Define &amp; classify immunity</li> <li>Classify body fluid compartments &amp; mention their composition</li> </ul>	
3	<p><b>Cardio vascular system -</b></p> <p>a. general organization, functions &amp; importance of CVS ,</p> <p>b. Structure of heart, properties of cardiac muscle,</p> <p>c. Origin &amp; spread of Cardiac Impulse, cardiac</p>	<p>At the end of the session, the student shall be able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe general organization, functions importance of</li> </ul>	8



	<p>pacemaker,</p> <p>d. Cardiac cycle – arterial &amp; ventricular Events ,heart sounds- normal heart sounds, causes</p> <p>e. E C G-Normal waves &amp; significance, Uses of ECG</p> <p>f. Heart Rate- normal count &amp; Variation. factors affecting</p> <p>g. Cardiac output _ normal values ,factors affecting</p> <p>h. Blood Pressure definition &amp; normal values, Physiological needs &amp; variation,</p> <p>g. concept of CVS regulatory mechanisms</p>	<p>CVS ,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe Structure of heart &amp; Enumerate properties of cardiac muscle,</li> <li>• Describe Origin &amp; spread of Cardiac Impulse&amp; mention cardiac pacemaker,</li> <li>• Describe arterial &amp; ventricular events in Cardiac cycle</li> <li>• Enumerate normal heart sounds &amp; its causes</li> <li>• Draw &amp; Identify Normal E C G waves &amp; Mention their significance,</li> <li>• Enumerate uses of ECG ,</li> <li>• Mention normal Heart Rate &amp; define Tachycardia ,Bradycardia</li> <li>• Enumerate factors affecting HR</li> <li>• Define Cardiac output ,mention normal value</li> <li>• Enumerate factors affecting CO</li> <li>• Define Blood Pressure ,mention normal BP values &amp;variation,</li> <li>• Classify regulatory mechanisms, Enumerate function of VMC</li> <li>• Enumerate effects</li> </ul>	
--	--	--	--

		of sympathetic and parasympathetic stimulation on heart, HR, CO, BP	
4	<b>Digestive system –</b> a. organization of Digestive system, b. Composition and functions of all Digestive juices- Saliva, gastric juice , Pancreatic juice, Bile, Intestinal juice, c. Deglutition-Stages, Peristalsis d. Digestion & Absorption of Carbohydrate, Proteins & Fats in short	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe organization of Digestive system,</li> <li>• Enumerate Composition and functions of Saliva, gastric juice , Pancreatic juice, Bile, Intestinal juice,</li> <li>• Enumerate Stages of Deglutition describe Peristalsis</li> <li>• Describe Digestion &amp; Absorption of Carbohydrate, Proteins &amp; Fats in short</li> </ul>	4
5	<b>Respiratory System –</b> a. Physiologic anatomy, functions of respiratory system, b. Mechanism of respiration-Inspiration& Expiration, Muscles of Respiration c. Lung Volumes & capacities-Definition & normal values d. Transport of Respiratory Gases-O <sub>2</sub> & CO <sub>2</sub> - pressure gradient, forms of transport e. Regulation of Respiration- respiratory centers and their function	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mention parts of and functions of respiratory system,</li> <li>• Describe Mechanism of Inspiration&amp; Expiration,</li> <li>• Enumerate Muscles of Respiration</li> <li>• Define Lung Volumes &amp; capacities &amp; mention their normal values</li> <li>• Describe Transport of O<sub>2</sub> by blood, Draw a</li> </ul>	5

		labeled oxygen – Hb dissociation curve. Enumerate factors shifting the curve to left and right <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe various forms in which CO<sub>2</sub> transported</li> <li>• Enumerate respiratory centers and their function</li> </ul>	
6	<b>Muscle nerve physiology –</b> a. Structure of neuron & types, b. Types of muscles, c. Structure of skeletal Muscle, Sarcomere, Neuromuscular junction& Transmission.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draw a labeled Structure of neuron</li> <li>• Classify neurons</li> <li>• Classify muscles,</li> <li>• Draw a labeled Structure of Sarcomere,</li> <li>• Draw a labeled Structure Neuromuscular junction</li> <li>• Describe the steps in Neuromuscular Transmission.</li> </ul>	3
			<b>30hrs</b>

**BOPTOME102 P - Human Physiology Part I (Demonstration)**

Sr.No.	Topics	No.of Hrs.
1	Study of Microscope and its use, Collection of Blood and study of Haemocytometer	15
2	Haemoglobinometry	
3	White Blood Cell count	
4	Red Blood Cell count	
5	Determination of Blood Groups	
6	Leishman's staining and Differential WBC Count	
7	Determination of Bleeding Time, Determination of Clotting Time	
8	Pulse & Blood Pressure Recording, Auscultation for Heart Sounds	
9	Artificial Respiration – Demonstration, Spirometry – Demonstration	
<b>Total</b>		<b>15hrs</b>

**Textbooks:**

1. Basics of medical Physiology – D Venkatesh and H. H. Sudhakar, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition.
2. Principles of Physiology – Devasi Pramanik, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
3. Human Physiology for BDS – Dr A. K. Jain, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.

**Reference books:**

1. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Guyton, 2<sup>nd</sup> South Asia Edition.
2. Textbook of Physiology Volume I & II (for MBBS) – Dr. A. K. Jain

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>General Biochemistry &amp; Nutrition</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 103 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<p>At the end of the course, the student demonstrates his knowledge and understanding on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structure, function and interrelationship of biomolecules and consequences of deviation from normal.</li> <li>• Action mechanism and importance of enzymes and isoenzymes in biological system.</li> <li>• Generation of Energy at cellular level.</li> <li>• Understand aspects of Nutrition and it's deficiencies.</li> <li>• Clinical significance of vitamins and minerals in health and diseases.</li> <li>• Universal Safety precautions in health care.</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define "biochemistry".</li> <li>• Classify carbohydrates and give their biological significance.</li> <li>• Classify proteins and give their biological significance.</li> <li>• Classify lipids and give their biological significance.</li> <li>• Describe structure, types and functions of DNA and RNA.</li> <li>• Explain the types and mechanism of enzyme (biochemical catalysts) action. Understand the diagnostic importance of enzymes and isoenzymes.</li> <li>• Explain the ultimate generation of large quantities of ATP from the fate of various biomolecules.</li> <li>• Explain the functions and clinical importance of vitamins and minerals.</li> <li>• Describe the structure, types and functions of DNA and RNA.</li> <li>• Explain the functions and clinical importance of vitamins and minerals.</li> <li>• Basic Knowledge of clinical laboratory samples, First-Aid and universal safety precautions.</li> <li>• Describe the importance of balanced diet, nutrition and its related deficiencies.</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction and scope of biochemistry	1
2	<b>1) Chemistry of Carbohydrates:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Definition and classification of carbohydrates with examples (Definition and Functions of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides and Polysaccharides)</li> </ul>	3
	<b>2) Chemistry of Proteins:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Amino acids (total number of amino acids, essential and non essential amino acids)</li> <li>Definition and Classification of Proteins</li> <li>Structural organization of proteins</li> <li>Denaturation of Proteins.</li> </ul>	3
	<b>3) Chemistry of Lipids:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Definition, functions, Classification of Lipids (Simple, Compound and Derived Lipids)</li> <li>Essential Fatty Acids.</li> </ul>	2
	<b>4) Chemistry of Nucleic acid:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nucleosides and Nucleotides</li> <li>Watson and Crick model of DNA</li> <li>RNA- it's type along with functions</li> </ul>	2
3	<b>Elementary knowledge of enzymes –</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Classification of enzymes</li> <li>Mechanism of enzyme action</li> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity</li> <li>Diagnostic importance of enzymes and isoenzymes.</li> </ul>	7
4	<b>Biological oxidation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outline of Electron transport chain.</li> <li>Definition of Oxidative phosphorylation.</li> </ul>	3
5	<b>Vitamins and Minerals</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Fat soluble vitamins.</li> <li>RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Water soluble vitamins.</li> <li>RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Calcium, Phosphorous, Iron, Iodine.</li> </ul>	12
6	<b>Pre examination Skills –</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection, preservation and transport of blood and urine samples</li> <li>Anticoagulants used in Biochemistry</li> <li>Disposal of biological Waste materials used in Biochemical laboratory</li> <li>Universal precautions and Safety measures</li> <li>First-Aid</li> </ul>	6
7	<b>Nutrition:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specific Dynamic Action</li> <li>BMR and its significance</li> <li>Balanced Diet</li> <li>Protein Energy Malnutrition (Kwashiorkor and Marasmus)</li> <li>Nitrogen Balance</li> <li>Glycemic Index</li> </ul>	6
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 103 P – General Biochemistry (Demonstration)**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs</b>
1	Introduction to Personnel protective equipments used in laboratory and their importance (LCD)	15
2	Principle and applications of colorimeter (LCD)	
3	Demonstration of tests for carbohydrates (Monosacchrides, disaccharides and polysaccharides)	
4	Test on bile salts and bile pigments (only demonstration)	
5	Tests on Normal constituents of Urine (only demo) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Urea</li> <li>• Creatinine</li> <li>• Uric acid</li> <li>• Ammonia</li> </ul>	
6	Tests on Abnormal constituents of Urine (only demo) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sugar</li> <li>• Protein</li> <li>• Blood</li> <li>• Ketone bodies</li> </ul>	
<b>Total</b>		<b>15 hrs</b>

**Textbooks:**

1. Essentials of Biochemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Dr. Pankaja Naik
2. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, Volume 1, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Praful Ghodkar
3. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, Volume 2, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Praful Ghodkar
4. Essentials of Biochemistry, Third Edition, Dr. (Prof) Satyanarayana.

**Reference books:**

1. Textbook of Biochemistry for Medical Student, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, DM Vasudevan
2. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wilson & Walker

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Introduction to National Health Care System (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 104 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To teach the measures of the health services and high-quality health care</li> <li>To understand whether the health care delivery system is providing high-quality health care and whether quality is changing over time.</li> <li>To provide to National Health Programme- Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations, in various National Health Programme.</li> <li>To introduce the AYUSH System of medicines.</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The course provides the students a basic insight into the main features of Indian health care delivery system and how it compares with the other systems of the world.</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No</b>	<b>Topic Name</b>	<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>Hrs</b>
1	Introduction to healthcare delivery system	The student should be aware about healthcare delivery system in India and should be able to describe the healthcare delivery system functioning at various levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Healthcare delivery system in India</li> <li>Three tier healthcare delivery system in India</li> <li>Village level health workers (ASHA, AWW)</li> <li>Working and functions of Sub centre, PHC, CHC</li> <li>Role of Medical Officer, Health worker male/female</li> <li>Role of Health assistant-male/female</li> <li>National Health mission-key points and salient features</li> <li>Health system in developed nations-UK, Canada, USA, developing countries general idea</li> <li>Issues in healthcare delivery system in India</li> </ul>	6
2	Introduction to AYUSH system of medicine	The students should have a general idea about AYUSH system of medicine and should be able to describe the rationale behind need for integration of various system of medicine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe following: Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani, Siddha Naturopathy and Yoga under following head- a) Principle</li> </ul>	2



			b) Characteristic features c) Merits d) Demerits  • Need for integration of various systems of medicine	
3	Health scenario of India	Students should be able to link and give an overview of the evolution of Health scenario of India-past, present and future	The evolution of health scenario in India from various Health planning committees (only overview with emphasis on Bhorecommittee) to recent national Health Policy to Sustainable development goals.	2
4	Demography and vital statistics	Student should be <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>able to describe concept of demography,</li> <li>able to enumerate demographic indicators</li> <li>aware of various sources of epidemiological data</li> <li>Understand the relationship between demography and its effect on public health</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Definition of Demography</li> <li>Demography cycle</li> <li>Demographic indicators</li> <li>Population pyramids</li> <li>Dependency Ratio</li> <li>Indicators of Fertility(enumeration)</li> <li>Sex Ratio</li> <li>Population explosion</li> <li>Factors Responsible for High Fertility in India</li> <li>Population Census</li> <li>Vital statistics and its Registration</li> <li>Registration of Birth and Deaths Act</li> <li>National Family Health Survey(overview)</li> </ul>	5
5	Epidemiology-General principles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define epidemiology, describe its concept, principles and uses</li> <li>Enumerate, define and discuss epidemiological study methods</li> <li>Define, calculate and interpret epidemiological data</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define epidemiology</li> <li>Concept of epidemiology</li> <li>Uses of epidemiology</li> <li>Basic measurements in epidemiology</li> <li>Types of epidemiological studies</li> <li>Concept of Screening</li> <li>Monitoring and surveillance(overview)</li> </ul>	5
6	Epidemiology of Communicable diseases with Infectious Disease epidemiology	Student should know epidemiology of disease, lab diagnosis, prevention and control measures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Natural history of disease</li> <li>Iceberg phenomenon</li> <li>Carriers</li> <li>Modes of transmission</li> <li>IP and GT</li> <li>Secondary Attack Rate</li> <li>Basic concepts in Immunization including UIP</li> <li>Cold Chain</li> <li>Disinfection</li> <li>Notification of Disease</li> </ul> Epidemiology of <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Measles</li> <li>HIV</li> <li>TB</li> <li>Covid19</li> <li>Polio</li> <li>Acute diarrhoeal diseases</li> </ol>	5

			7. Acute Respiratory diseases 8. Vector borne diseases (Malaria, dengue) 9. Typhoid 10. Hepatitis	
	Epidemiology of non-communicable diseases	Student should know epidemiology of disease, lab diagnosis, prevention and control measures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cancer</li> <li>• Blindness</li> <li>• Cardiovascular disease</li> <li>• DM</li> <li>• HTN</li> <li>• Accidents and Injuries</li> </ul>	2
8.	National Health Programmes	Student should be aware about various National programmes running in the country and should be able to give a basic idea about them	Heads to be focussed under National Health Programme: 1. Introduction 2. Goals/targets/objectives 3. Initiatives taken/Services provided under the programme, broadly.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ICDS</li> <li>• RMNCH+A</li> <li>• NVBDCP</li> <li>• NBCP</li> <li>• NACP</li> <li>• NTEP</li> <li>• NPCDCS</li> <li>• Ayushman Bharat</li> </ul>	3
<b>Total</b>				<b>30 hrs</b>

**Books:**

1. National Health Programs Of India National Policies and Legislations Related to Health: 1 J. Kishore (Author)
2. A Dictionary of Public Health Paperback by J Kishor
3. Health System in India: Crisis & Alternatives , National Coordination Committee, Jan Swasthya Abhiyan
4. In search In Search of the Perfect Health System
5. Central Bureau of Health Intelligence (1998). Health Information of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi.
6. Goyal R. C. (1993). Handbook of Hospital Personal Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 17–41. Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (1984). National Health Policy, Annual Report (1983–4), Government of India, New Delhi
7. Historical Development of Health Care in India, Dr. Syed Amin Tabish,
8. cultural Competence in Health Care by Wen-Shing Tseng (Author), Jon Streltzer (Author)
9. Do We Care: India's Health System by K. Sujatha Rao (Author)

**BOPTOM105 P - Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course) (Total -360 hrs)**

### ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>English and Communication Skills</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>AEC 001 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This course deals with essential functional English aspects of the of communication skills essential for the health care professionals.</li> <li>To train the students in oral presentations, expository writing, logical organization and Structural support.</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Able to express better.</li> <li>Grow personally and professionally and Develop confidence in every field</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Basics of Grammar</b> - Vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Prefix and Suffix, Homonyms, Analogies and Portmanteau words	10
2	<b>Basics of Grammar – Part II</b> - Active, Passive, Direct and Indirect speech, Prepositions, Conjunctions and Euphemisms	10
3	<b>Writing Skills</b> - Letter Writing, Email, Essay, Articles, Memos, one word substitutes, note making and Comprehension	5
4	Writing and Reading, Summary writing, Creative writing, news paper reading	5
5	Practical Exercise, Formal speech, Phonetics, semantics and pronunciation	5
6	<b>Introduction</b> to communication skills - Communication process, Elements of communication, Barriers of communication and how to overcome them, Nuances for communicating with patients and their attenders in hospitals	6
7	<b>Speaking</b> - Importance of speaking efficiently, Voice culture, Preparation of speech. Secrets of good delivery, Audience psychology, handling , Presentation skills, Individual feedback for each student, Conference/Interview technique	5
8	<b>Listening</b> - Importance of listening , Self assessment, Action plan execution, Barriers in listening, Good and persuasive listening	5
9	<b>Reading</b> - What is efficient and fast reading , Awareness of existing reading habits, Tested techniques for improving speed, Improving concentration and comprehension through systematic study	5
10	<b>Non Verbal Communication</b> - Basics of non-verbal communication, Rapport building skills using neuro- linguistic programming (NLP), Communication in Optometry practice	4
<b>Total</b>		<b>60 hrs</b>

**Text books:**

1. Graham Lock, Functional English Grammar: Introduction to second Language Teachers. Cambridge University Press, New York, 1996.
2. Gwen Van Servellen. Communication for Health care professionals: Concepts, practice and evidence, Jones & Bartlett Publications, USA, 2009

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Environmental Sciences</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>AEC 002 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To understand and define terminology commonly used in environmental science</li> <li>To teach students to list common and adverse human impacts on biotic communities, soil, water, and air Quality.</li> <li>To understand the processes that govern the interactions of organisms with the biotic and abiotic.</li> <li>Understand the relationship between people and the environment; Differentiate between key ecological terms and concepts</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Current environmental issues and highlight the importance of adopting an interdisciplinary approach.</li> <li>Sample an ecosystem to determine population density and distribution.</li> <li>Create food webs and analyse possible disruption of feeding relationships.</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Concept Of Environment, Land : A Natural Resource, Natural Resource : Forest, The Story Of Water, Treasure Of Earth	2
2	Global Food Position : Challenges And Solutions, Renewable Energy Resources : Energy And Environment, Energy & Environment, Part-1, Dams : Boon Or Curse, Fresh Water Ecology, Reservoir Ecosystem, Part-1	8
3	Reservoir Ecosystem, Part-2, The Concept Of Ecosystem, Energy Flow In Ecosystem, Eco-Friendly Agriculture, Desert Ecosystem, Forest Ecosystem, Ecological Succession, Food Webs & Ecological Pyramids, Grass Land Ecosystem	6
4	Bio-Geographical Classification Of India, Natural Dye, Biodiversity : An Introduction ,Biodiversity And Its Conservation, Biodiversity At Global National And Local-Level,Threats To Biodiversity, Value Of Biodiversity, Endangered Common Plant And Animal Species	8
5	India As - A Megadiversity Nation, Types Of Noise Pollution, Air Pollution, Soil Pollution, Effects Of Noise Pollution, Role Of An Individual In Prevention Of Pollution, Land Slides	8
6	Cyclone, Flood, Earth Quakes And Disaster Management, The Changing Nature Of Earth	4
7	Basics Of Municipal Solid Waste, Management Of Municipal Solid Waste, Agony Of Seas, The Price Of Panacea - Biomedical Waste, Effects And Controls Of Water Pollution	4
8	Nuclear Hazards, Industries & Waste, Dealing With Industrial Waste, Environmental Rights, Environmental Threats, Public Environmental Awareness, Ethics Of Environmental Education, Environmental Values	4

9	Indian Legislative Steps To Protect Our, Nvironment, Water Management Practices, Sustainable Development, Urban Problems Related To Energy, Resettlement And Rehabilitation	4
10	Environment And Climate Change, Sex Ratio, Population Explosion, Impact Of Human Population On Environment, Infectious Diseases And Waterborne Diseases	2
11	Hiv/Aids, Cancer & The Environment, Environment And Human Health, Chemicals In Food, Typha : A Bio-Remedial Plant, Castor Bean, Pinus	5
12	Malaria, Machla : A Serene Village, The Secret Of Taste – Chilli, Common Avenue – Trees, Common Village Trees, Flower - The Beautiful Gift Of Nature, Silk Cotton Tree : Kapok, Cotton Yarn	5
<b>Total</b>		<b>60 hrs</b>

**Books:**

1-Bharucha, Erach (2005):"Text Book of Enviromental Studies for Undergraduate Courses", Universities Press (India) pvt ltd, Hyderabad, India.

2-IGNOU – 1991 – AHE-1/5 – Human Environment Management of Environment - Indira Gandhi open university, New Delhi

3-IGNOU 1995 – FST-1/4 Foundation course in Science and Technology “Environment and Resource” - Indira Gandhi open university, New Delhi

4-Kothari Dr. Milind – 2005 – Environmental Education – Universal Publication, Agra.

# FIRST YEAR

## B. Optometry

### SEMESTER- II

Code No.	Core Subjects
<b>Theory</b>	
BOPTOM106 L	Human Anatomy Part II
BOPTOM107 L	Human Physiology Part II
BOPTOM108 L	General Microbiology
BOPTOM109 L	Basic Pathology & Hematology
BOPTOM110 L	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety
	(Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)
<b>Practical</b>	
BOPTOM106 P	Human Anatomy Part II
BOPTOM107 P	Human Physiology Part II
BOPTOM108 P	General Microbiology
BOPTOM109 P	Basic Pathology & Hematology
BOPTOM111 P	Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course)
<b>Skill Enhancement Elective Course</b>	
SEC 001L	Medical Bioethics & IPR
SEC 002L	Human Rights & Professional Values



<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Human Anatomy- Part II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM106 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	To teach students the basic anatomy of Reproductive, Lymphatic, Endocrine, Nervous systems and special senses
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Reproductive system.</li> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Lymphatic system.</li> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Endocrine system</li> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Nervous system</li> <li>Describe the basic anatomy of Special senses</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>Learning Objectives</b>	<b>Subtopics</b>	<b>No.of Hrs.</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Reproductivesystem</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe testis</li> <li>To list parts of epididymis</li> <li>To list of coverings and contents of spermatic cord</li> <li>To describe ovaries, Fallopian Tube &amp; Uterus</li> <li>To classify supports of uterus with examples</li> </ul>	<b>Testis</b> - coverings, features (external & internal), blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & any 2 applied aspects <b>Epididymis</b> – parts	<b>6</b>
			<b>Spermatic cord</b> – List of coverings and contents	
			<b>Ovaries</b> – Position, features (external), ligaments, blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & applied anatomy	
			<b>Fallopian Tube</b> - Position, features (external), blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) & applied anatomy	
			<b>Uterus</b> - Position, features (external & internal), supports (Classification with examples), blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes), applied anatomy	
<b>2</b>	<b>Lymphatic system</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To list parts and</li> </ul>	<b>Lymphoid system</b> – Lymph, Functions, Parts, Primary	<b>5</b>

		<p>functions of lymphoid system</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To classify lymphoid tissue with examples</li> <li>To describe microscopic features of lymph node, thymus, spleen, &amp; tonsil</li> <li>To describe of cervical, axillary &amp; inguinal lymph nodes</li> </ul>	<p>&amp;secondary lymphoid tissue, Microscopic features, Functions Lymph node</p> <p><b>Thymus</b> - Microscopic features, Functions</p> <p><b>Spleen</b>- Microscopic features, Functions</p> <p><b>MALT</b> – definition and examples Tonsil - Microscopic features, Functions</p> <p><b>Cervical,Axillary,Inguinal</b> - Lymphnodegroups – Location, Number, Drainage area, applied aspect 1 each</p>	
3	<b>Endocrine system</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid and adrenal glands</li> </ul>	<p><b>Pituitary gland</b> - Coverings, Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels) &amp; applied anatomy</p> <p><b>Thyroid gland</b> - Coverings, Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels), lymphatic drainage (Names of groups of nodes) &amp; applied anatomy</p> <p><b>Adrenal gland</b> - Coverings, Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels), &amp; applied anatomy</p> <p><b>Parathyroid gland</b> - Position, features (external), Secretions, blood supply (Names of vessels), &amp; applied anatomy</p>	4
4	<b>Nervous system</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To describe structure of neuron</li> <li>To classify neurons &amp; neuroglia with examples</li> <li>To list divisions of nervous system</li> <li>To list meninges, dural folds</li> <li>To define &amp; classify dural</li> </ul>	<p><b>Introduction to nervous system</b> – Neuron - Structure, Axon &amp; dendrite differences, Classification with examples Neuroglia – Classification, Functions Divisions of Nervous system</p> <p><b>Meninges</b> – Names, Names of dural folds, Dural venous sinuses – Definition, Classification&amp;List</p> <p><b>Cavernous sinus</b> - Position, features (external &amp; internal),</p>	13

		venous sinuses • To describe cavernous sinus • To describe features & functional areas of cerebrum • To describe blood supply of brain • To describe cerebellum • To list parts of brain stem • To describe medulla, pons & midbrain including their internal structure at inferior olivary nucleus, facial colliculus and superior colliculus • To describe spinal cord including its internal structure • To list cranial nerves • To describe origin & distribution of III, VII & XII nerves • To describe circulation of C.S.F • To name ventricles of brain with their connections	Connections, Tributaries & applied anatomy <b>Cerebrum</b> – Features, Sulci, gyri, Functional areas – Names & Numbers (Broadman), Location & Function. <b>Blood supply of brain</b> – Names of arteries and their area of distribution with applied anatomy. Circle of Willi's – Location, Formation, Branches and Applied <b>Cerebellum</b> – Location, Features, Divisions, Deep nuclei (names), Connections – Names of 3 peduncles with main tracts passing through, Blood supply – Names of arteries, Cerebellar syndrome <b>Brainstem</b> - Parts <b>Medulla</b> - Location, features (external), List of cranial nerves emerging from it, Internal features – T.S at inferior olivary nucleus, Applied aspect <b>Pons</b> - Location, features (external), List of cranial nerves emerging from it, Internal features – T.S at facial colliculus, Applied aspect <b>Midbrain</b> - Location, features (external), List of cranial nerves emerging from it, Internal features – T.S at superior colliculus, Applied aspect <b>Spinal cord</b> - Extent, size, features (external), number of spinal nerves, Internal features – T.S showing tracts, List of ascending and descending tracts with their function, Applied aspects any 2 List of cranial nerves with function <b>Oculomotor, Facial,</b>	
--	--	--	--	--

			<b>Hypoglossal nerve</b> – Origin and distribution	
			<b>CSF</b> – Path of circulation and applied aspect	
			<b>Ventricles</b> – Names and connections	
5	<b>Sensory system</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To specify parts of eye and ear with their functions</li> <li>To list contents of middle ear</li> </ul>	<b>Eye</b> – Parts of eye and their functions <b>Ear</b> – Parts of ear and their functions, List of middle ear contents	2
<b>Total</b>				<b>30 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 106 P - Human Anatomy Part II (Demonstration)**

Sr.No.	Topics	LearningObjectives	Subtopics	No.of Hrs.
1	Reproductive system	To identify features of organs of male and female reproductive system	Testis - coverings, features (external &internal) Epididymis – parts	1
			Spermatic cord – coverings and contents	
			Ovaries – features (external), Ligaments	1
			Fallopian Tube - Parts, features (external)	
			Uterus - Position, Parts, features, broad ligament, Structures at cornu	
2	Lymphatic system	To identify location of Cervical,Axillary,Inguinal Lymphnodegroups	Cervical, Axillary, Inguinal - Lymphnodegroups – Location	1
3	Endocrine system	To identify features of thyroid, parathyroid & adrenal glands	Thyroid gland - Position, features (external)	1
			Adrenal gland - Position, features (external)	
			Parathyroid gland - Position	
4	Nervous system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To identify features of cerebrum, cerebellum, brain stem, spinal cord</li><li>To identify formation of circle of Willis’</li><li>To identify features of ventricles of brain</li></ul>	Cerebrum – Features, Sulci, gyri, Functional areas – Names & Numbers (Broadman), Location	4
			Circle of Willi’s – Location, Formation	
			Cerebellum – Location, features, Divisions, 3 peduncles	6
			Brainstem - Parts	
			Medulla - features (external), cranial nerves attachment	
			Pons - features (external), cranial nerves attachment	
			Midbrain - features (external), cranial nerves attachment	
			Spinal cord - Extent, size, features (external)	
			Ventricles – Identification	
5	Sensory system	To understand parts of eye and ear	Eye – Parts of eye	1
			Ear – Parts of ear	
Total				15 hrs

**Textbooks:**

1. Manipal Manual of Anatomy for Allied Health Sciences courses: Madhyastha S.
2. G.J. Tortora & N.P. Anagnostakos: Principles of Anatomy and Physiology
3. Textbook of Histology, A practical guide: - J.P. Gunasegaran

**Reference Books:**

1. B.D. Chaurasia:
  - Volume I - Upper limb & Thorax,
  - Volume II - Lower limb, Abdomen & Pelvis
  - Volume III - Head, Neck, Face
  - Volume IV - Brain - Neuroanatomy
2. Vishram Singh:
  - Textbook of Anatomy Upper limb & Thorax
  - Textbook of Anatomy Abdomen & Lower limb
  - Textbook of Head, Neck and Brain ,
3. Students Gray's Anatomy - Descriptive and Applied, 36<sup>th</sup> Ed; Churchill Livingstone.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B.Optomtry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Human Physiology Part II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM107 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<p><b>To teach students the basic physiological concepts related to:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Renal system, Endocrinology&amp; Reproductive system, CNS, Special senses</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<p><b>At the end of the semester, the student shall be able to</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To demonstrate knowledge of Parts and Functions of Nervous system, Synapse, Receptors, Reflex, spinal cord , Ascending tracts ,Descending tracts ,Cerebral cortex, Cerebellum, Basal ganglia Hypothalamus</li> <li>To demonstrate knowledge of Structure of Eye, functions of different parts of eye , Refractive errors of Eye, functions of ear, Tests for Hearing</li> <li>To demonstrate knowledge of Structure and function of skin, body temperature, cause of fever</li> <li>To demonstrate knowledge of endocrine glands of the body and hormone secreted by each gland &amp; their main functions</li> <li>To demonstrate knowledge of Parts of Male Reproductive System , stages of spermatogenesis, ,functions of Testosterone, parts of Female reproductive system, Menstrual cycle, functions of Oestrogen &amp;Progesterone , urine pregnancy test Contraceptives methods</li> <li>To demonstrate knowledge of functions of kidney, steps of Glomerular filtration , functions of PCT, DCT, Loop of Henle, CT of Nephron, Micturition reflex</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics	Learning Objectives	No. of Hours
1	<b>Nervous system –</b> a. Parts and Functions of Nervous system b. Synapse-transmission, Receptors-Types & examples, c. Reflexes –definition & Classification d. Spinal cord- structure and function e. Ascending tracts-Names & functions, f. Descending tracts- Names & functions,, g. Functions of various parts of the Brain- Cerebral cortex, Cerebellum, Basal ganglia Hypothalamus. h. Cerebro-Spinal Fluid (CSF): Composition, functions & Circulation, Lumbar Puncture, i. Autonomic Nervous System (ANS): Functions.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enumerate Parts and Functions of Nervous system ,</li> <li>• Draw labeled diagram of Synapse</li> <li>• Describe steps of synaptic transmission,</li> <li>• Classify Receptors with examples,</li> <li>• Define Reflex , Classify reflexes with example</li> <li>• Explain structure (parts) of spinal cord and function</li> <li>• Enumerate Ascending tracts &amp; their functions,</li> <li>• Enumerate Descending tracts &amp; their functions,</li> <li>• Enumerate Functions of various parts of the Brain- Cerebral cortex, Cerebellum, Basal ganglia Hypothalamus.</li> <li>• Describe Composition, functions &amp; Circulation Cerebro-Spinal Fluid (CSF), Explain significance of Lumbar Puncture</li> <li>• Explain Functions of Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)</li> </ul>	10
2	<b>Special senses-</b> a. Vision: Structure of Eye, functions of different parts, Refractive errors of Eye and correction, b. Hearing: Structure and function of ear, Tests for Hearing (Deafness)	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draw Structure of Eye</li> <li>• Enumerate functions of different parts of eye,</li> <li>• Classify and Define different Refractive errors of Eye and</li> </ul>	6



		correction, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate function of ear,</li> <li>Describe Tests for Hearing (Deafness)</li> </ul>	
3	<b>Skin</b> – Structure and function, Body temperature- Normal value & variation, heat gain and heat lost mechanisms, fever.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe Structure and function of skin</li> <li>Mention Normal value &amp; variation of body temperature</li> <li>Enumerate heat gain and heat lost mechanisms,</li> <li>Define fever &amp; Enumerate cause of fever</li> </ul>	4
4	<b>Endocrine System -</b> Names of endocrine glands, Names of hormone secreted by each gland and their main function	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate endocrine glands of the body and hormone secreted by each gland</li> <li>Enumerate the main functions of Growth hormone, thyroid hormone, parathyroid, Insulin, Aldosterone, cortisone</li> </ul>	2
5	<b>Reproductive systems –</b> a. Male Reproductive System: spermatogenesis, functions of Testosterone, b. Female reproductive system: Ovulation, Menstrual cycle, functions of Oestrogen & Progesterone, Pregnancy test, Contraceptives, Lactation: Composition of Milk, advantages of breast Feeding.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate Parts of Male Reproductive System</li> <li>Enumerate stages of spermatogenesis, Enumerate functions of Testosterone,</li> <li>Enumerate parts of Female reproductive system</li> <li>Define Ovulation,</li> <li>Enumerate uterine changes in Menstrual cycle,</li> <li>Enumerate functions of Oestrogen &amp; Progesterone ,</li> <li>Explain Physiological basis of urine pregnancy test,</li> <li>Enumerate different Contraceptives methods,</li> <li>Composition of Milk,</li> <li>Enumerate advantages of breast</li> </ul>	4

		Feeding.	
6	<b>Excretory System-</b> structure & functions of kidney, Glomerular filtration & tubular functions of Nephron, Juxta Glomerular Apparatus, Micturition, Artificial Kidney.	At the end of the session, the student shall be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enumerate functions of kidney,</li> <li>• Draw labeled structure of Nephron</li> <li>• Enumerate steps and pressure gradient of Glomerular filtration</li> <li>• Enumerate functions of PCT, DCT, Loop of Henle, CT of Nephron.</li> <li>• Draw labeled structure of Juxta Glomerular Apparatus and enumerate functions</li> <li>• Describe nerve supply of urinary bladder Explain Micturition reflex</li> <li>• Artificial Kidney</li> </ul>	4
<b>Total</b>			<b>30 hrs</b>

### BOPTOM 107 P - Human Physiology Part II –(Demonstration)

Sr.No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Recording of body temperature	15
2	Examination of sensory system- somatic sensations	
3	Examination of motor system-, movements, reflexes	
4	Examination of Eye- Distance and Near vision, Color vision, Visual reflexes	
5	Examination of ear- tests for hearing	
<b>Total</b>		<b>15 hrs</b>

#### Textbooks:

1. Basics of medical Physiology – D Venkatesh and H.H. Sudhakar, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition.
2. Principles of Physiology – Devasis Pramanik, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
3. Human Physiology for BDS – Dr A.K. Jain, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.

#### Reference books:

1. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Guyton, 2<sup>nd</sup> South Asia Edition.
2. Textbook of Physiology Volume I & II (for MBBS) – Dr. A.K. Jain.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B.Optomtry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>General Microbiology</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM108 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To teach the students general principles of immunology, bacteriology, mycology, and virology. Understand the importance of clinical information in supporting a timely, accurate Microbiological diagnosis.</li> <li>To provide students with essential medical knowledge and a broad understanding of human infection.</li> <li>To demonstrate clinical skills essential in providing basic diagnostic services such as proper collection, transportation, receiving, acceptance or rejection and storage of blood sample, urine, stool, body fluids.</li> <li>To inculcate knowledge regarding rationale and principles of technical procedures of the microbiological diagnostic lab tests and interpretation of test results.</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<p>The student should be able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the working pattern of different Sections. (Bacteriology, Immunology/serology, mycology, parasitology, and virology)</li> <li>Apply methods of sterilization and disinfection to control hospital and community acquired infections</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge of microorganisms and the disease process as well as aseptic and sterile techniques for their isolation and identification</li> <li>Perform Microbiological laboratory procedures according to appropriate safety standards Perform beside tests for detection of infectious diseases and to correlate the clinical manifestations with the etiological agents</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>Objectives</b>	<b>No.of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>ConceptsandPrinciplesofMicrobiology-</b> Introduction to Bacteriology, HistoricalPerspective,Koch'sPostulates, ImportanceofMicrobiology,Microscopy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To understand the principles of Microbiology</li> <li>To understand the history of Microbiology</li> <li>To understand the principle and types of Microscopy</li> </ul>	4

2	<b>General Characters of Microbes-</b> Morphology, staining methods, Bacterial growth & Nutrition 1) Morphology of Bacteria, 2) Staining Method : Gram stain & AFB stain 3) Routine: Basic culture media, Blood Agar, MacConkey Agar, Nutrient Agar 4) Antibiotic Sensitivity Test	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To be able to perform the various staining procedures-Gram staining, ZN staining</li> <li>To understand the morphology and physiology of microorganisms</li> <li>To be able to understand bacteriological media and biochemicals</li> <li>To be able to understand antibiotic susceptibility test methods</li> </ul>	6
3	<b>Sterilization and Disinfection-</b> Concept of sterilization, Disinfection, asepsis, Physical methods of Sterilization, Chemical methods (Disinfection), OT Sterilization, Biomedical Waste Management.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To apply methods of sterilization and disinfection to control hospital and community acquired infections</li> </ul>	5
4	<b>Infection and Infection Control-</b> Infection, Sources, portal of entry and exit, Standard (Universal) safety Precautions & hand hygiene, Hospital acquired infections & Hospital Infection Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To know about Infection control practices.</li> <li>To be able to demonstrate Universal safety precautions (Standard Precautions)</li> </ul>	3
5	<b>Immunity-</b> Types Classification, Antigen, Antibody- Definition and types, Ag-Ab Reactions (Serological)- Types and examples,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To understand types of immunity</li> <li>To know about antigen and types of antibodies</li> <li>To be able to understand the principle &amp; procedure of common serological tests</li> </ul>	6
6	<b>Systemic Bacteriology (Morphology, diseases caused)-</b> Introduction, <b>1. Gram positive cocci (GPC)-</b> Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus Str. pyogenes, S. pneumoniae) <b>2. Gram positive bacilli (GPB) –</b> Corynebacterium diphtheriae (CD) <b>3. Gram negative Cocci (GNC) –</b> Neisseria meningitidis, Neisseria gonorrhoeae. <b>5. Gram negative bacilli</b> a) Enterobacteriaceae- E. coli, Klebsiella, Proteus, Salmonella, Shigella b) Pseudomonas, Vibrio Cholera <b>6. Mycobacteria –</b> M. tuberculosis, M. leprae <b>7. Anaerobic bacteria –</b> Clostridium tetani,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>List of gram-positive bacteria and diseases caused by them</li> <li>List of gram-negative bacteria and diseases caused by them</li> <li>List of anaerobic bacteria and diseases caused by them</li> <li>Mycobacterium tuberculosis- diagnosis and diseases caused by them</li> </ul>	7

	welchi		
7	<b>Mycology</b> -Introduction,Classification, Enumerate common fungi & disease caused Candida Aspergillus Cryptococcus Mucor	To be able to classify fungi on morphological basis & enumerate list of common fungi and diseases caused by them <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Candida</li> <li>• Aspergillus</li> <li>• Cryptococcus</li> <li>• Mucor</li> </ul>	3
8	<b>Virology</b> – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction,GeneralProperties of viruses</li> <li>• Difference between Virus &amp; Bacteria</li> <li>• Enumerate DNA &amp; RNA Virus</li> </ul> 1) HIV(Route of transmission, Disease caused & Lab diagnosis). 2) Hep B virus (Route of transmission, Disease caused & Lab diagnosis).	To be able to describe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GeneralProperties of Virus</li> <li>• Difference between Virus &amp; Bacteria</li> <li>• Enumerate DNA &amp; RNA Virus</li> </ul> To describe Route of transmission, Disease caused & Lab diagnosis of 1) Human immunodeficiency Virus- HIV 2) Hepatitis B virus - HBV	4
9	<b>Parasitology</b> – Introduction to Parasitology – Classification & general characteristics List of common parasite ((Enumerate & disease caused) E. histolytica, Plasmodium spp, Taeniaspp, Roundworm, Hookworm, W. bancrofti – Filaria. Life cycle & Lab diagnosis of Malaria & Roundworm.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To be able to classify and mention general characteristics of parasites</li> <li>• To enumerate list of common parasites and mention diseases caused by parasites- E. histolytica, Plasmodium spp, Taeniaspp, Roundworm, Hookworm, W. bancrofti – Filaria.</li> <li>• To be able to perform stool examination for ova, cysts and trophozoites of parasites</li> </ul>	7
<b>Total</b>			<b>45hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 108 P - General Microbiology(Demonstration)**

<b>Sr No</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No of hrs</b>
1	Microscopy	15
2	Collection & transport of specimen	
3	Gram stain	
4	ZN stain	
5	Morphology of bacteria – Gram positive & negative cocci, Gram positive & negative bacilli	
6	Sterilization	
7	Disinfection	
8	Infection control – Biomedical waste (BMW) hand hygiene	
9	Uninoculated culture media and culture methods	
10	Antibiotic sensitivity testing	
11	Serological reactions	
12	Virology	
13	Parasitology- stool examination	
14	Mycology	
15	Vaccines & immunization schedule	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>15 hrs</b>

**Text Book:**

1. Text Book of Microbiology for Nursing Students, Anant Narayan Panikar

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Basic Pathology &amp; Hematology</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM109 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To teach the students general principles of hematology, histopathology, cytopathology, clinical pathology and blood bank techniques</li> <li>• Understand the importance of clinical information in supporting a timely, accurate pathological diagnosis.</li> <li>• Describe normal and disordered hematopoiesis.</li> <li>• To provide students with essential medical knowledge and a broad understanding of human disease.</li> <li>• To demonstrate clinical skills essential in providing basic diagnostic services such as proper collection, transportation, receiving, acceptance or rejection and storage of blood sample, urine, body fluids and tissue samples.</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The student should be able to describe the working pattern of different laboratories (Hematology, Histopathology &amp; Cytology) and blood bank.</li> <li>• The student should be able to provide technical help for selected sophisticated hematological techniques with adequate knowledge of various principles.</li> <li>• To aid hematology in the reference ranges for hemoglobin, hematocrit, erythrocytes, and leukocytes in infants, children and adult</li> <li>• The student should be able to describe the practice of collection, handling and transportation of medical laboratory specimens.</li> <li>• The student should be able to explain quality assurance in medical laboratories.</li> </ul>

Sr. No	Topic	Objectives	No. of hours
1.	Introduction to Pathology	Role of pathologist in diagnosis of disease, Definition and its various branches.	1
2.	Working and maintenance of laboratory instruments.	Principle, operational steps and uses of the following instruments: 1. Automated hematology analyzer 2. Cyto-centrifuge 3. Histokinette	2
3.	General principles of Hematology techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Laboratory requisition form</li> <li>Introduction/overview to hematology : hematopoiesis</li> <li>Normal constituents of Blood, their structure and functions</li> <li>Various anticoagulants used in Hematology</li> <li>Blood collection: Basic steps for blood collection by venipuncture, order of draw and complications of venipuncture.</li> <li>Processing of blood sample</li> <li>Preparation, fixation, routine staining of peripheral blood smear.</li> <li>Peripheral smear (CBC report)</li> <li>Hemoglobin estimation, different methods and normal values</li> <li>Total leucocyte count</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Laboratory requisition form</li> <li>Enlist the functions of blood.</li> <li>Stages of hematopoiesis with morphology of cells.</li> <li>Draw and label the different cells of blood.</li> <li>Anticoagulant: Definition</li> <li>Preference of anticoagulant for different hematological studies.</li> <li>Mechanism of action of each anticoagulant.</li> <li>Differences between plasma and serum.</li> <li>Enlist the steps in preparation of peripheral blood smear.</li> <li>Enlist the different stains used for Peripheral smear staining.</li> <li>Enumerate the characteristic features of an ideal peripheral blood smear.</li> <li>Thick and thin smear and their uses. Enlist names of parasites identified on peripheral smear.</li> <li>Interpretation of normal CBC report.</li> <li>Structure of hemoglobin and enumerate the various methods of hemoglobin estimation. (Cyanmethemoglobin method, Acid hematin method and cell counter)</li> <li>Normal values of hemoglobin in Male and Female.</li> <li>Enlist the causes of increased and decreased hemoglobin.</li> <li>Advantages of Cyanmethemoglobin method over Acid hematin method.</li> </ul>	10



	(TLC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)</li> <li>Platelet count</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Normal values of total WBC count, platelet count.</li> <li>Define leukocytosis and enumerate the causes.</li> <li>Uses of WBC pipette and contents of WBC diluting fluid.</li> <li>Define leucopenia and enumerate the causes.</li> <li>Define thrombocytosis and enumerate the causes.</li> <li>Define thrombocytopenia and enumerate the causes.</li> </ul>	
4.	General principles of histopathology techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection</li> <li>Fixation of tissue</li> <li>Tissue processing</li> <li>Routine staining (H&amp;E staining)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Collection:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What is a histopathology specimen?</li> <li>Importance of specimen collection to the laboratory.</li> <li>Steps in specimen collection.</li> <li>Enumerate the types of histopathological specimens.</li> <li>Enlist criteria of specimen rejection.</li> </ul> <p><b>Fixation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define fixation.</li> <li>Aim of fixation. Mention advantages and disadvantages of fixation.</li> <li>Enumerate the common fixatives used for tissue fixation.</li> <li>Define decalcification and name common decalcifying agents.</li> </ul> <p><b>Tissue processing:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Steps in tissue processing.</li> <li>Define dehydration.</li> <li>Commonly used dehydrating agents.</li> <li>Microtome and its application.</li> <li>Enumerate types of microtome.</li> </ul> <p><b>Staining:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Principle and uses of H&amp;E stain.</li> <li>Enumerate the steps of H&amp;E staining.</li> <li>Interpretation of H&amp;E staining.</li> <li>Enlist the various mounting agents.</li> </ul>	6

5.	<p>General principles of cytopathology techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection, preservation, transportation and processing of cytological specimens.</li> <li>Routine cytologystaining (Pap)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Collection:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What is a cytology specimen?</li> <li>Enumerate the types of cytology specimens.</li> <li>Steps in transportation of cytology sample.</li> <li>Enlist criteria of specimen rejection.</li> <li>Steps in cervical cytology specimen collection (Pap smear).</li> </ul> <p><b>Fixation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate the common fixatives used for cytology samples.</li> </ul> <p><b>Processing:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate steps in processing of cytology sample.</li> </ul> <p><b>Staining:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Principle and uses of Pap stain.</li> <li>Enumerate the steps of Pap staining.</li> </ul>	5
6.	<p>General principles of clinical pathology techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection, transport, preservation and processing of various clinical specimens.</li> <li>Urine examination - collection and preservation, Physical, chemical and microscopic examination for abnormal constituents by urine strip method</li> <li>Introduction to body fluids (Distinguish between Transudate and exudate)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Collection &amp; transport:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Steps in clinical pathology sample collection.</li> <li>Common clinical pathology tests.</li> <li>Importance of clinical pathology.</li> <li>Steps in transportation of clinical pathology sample?</li> <li>Enlist criteria of specimen rejection.</li> </ul> <p><b>Preservation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Preservation of clinical pathology samples.</li> </ul> <p><b>Processing:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate steps in processing of clinical pathology sample.</li> </ul> <p><b>Staining:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enumerate the stains used for clinical pathology sample.</li> </ul> <p><b>Urine examination:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Methods of urine collection</li> <li>Enlist the gross and microscopic features of abnormal urine/ example of abnormal urine</li> </ul>	5

7.	<p>General principles of Blood Bank techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction/Review of blood banking</li> <li>• Blood group system</li> <li>• Collection and processing of blood for transfusion</li> <li>• Compatibility testing</li> <li>• Blood transfusion reactions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ABO and Rh system of blood grouping.</li> <li>• Enlist the different methods of blood group estimation.</li> <li>• Enlist donor selection criteria.</li> <li>• Enumerate transfusion reactions and enlist the investigations carried out in transfusion reactions.</li> <li>• Enlist the different blood components for transfusion.</li> <li>• In brief: storage of whole blood and its components.</li> </ul>	5
8	<p>General and systemic pathology:</p> <p>I) Cell Injury</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reversible cell injury</li> <li>• Irreversible cell injury</li> <li>• Cellular adaptations – Hypertrophy, hyperplasia, atrophy and metaplasia.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enlist the causes of reversible and irreversible cell injury.</li> <li>• Enlist differences between reversible and irreversible cell injury.</li> <li>• Definition of different types of cellular adaptations.</li> </ul>	20
	<p>II) Inflammation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acute inflammation: cellular and vascular changes and inflammatory cells</li> <li>• Chronic inflammation: general features, granulomatous inflammation with examples</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Definition of acute and chronic inflammation.</li> <li>• Enlist the causes of Acute and chronic inflammation.</li> <li>• Types of Tuberculosis, enlist the organs affected and lab investigations</li> <li>Types of Hepatitis and enlist the investigations</li> </ul>	
	<p>III) Circulatory disturbances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Edema</li> <li>• Thrombosis</li> <li>• Embolism</li> <li>• Shock</li> <li>• Infarction</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Definition and enlist the types of circulatory disturbances.</li> <li>• Define edema and enlist the causes.</li> <li>• Define thrombosis and mention the types and</li> </ul>	

		<p>causes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define Embolism and enlist types and causes.</li> <li>• Define shock. Enumerate the types</li> <li>• Define infraction and enlist the causes and organs affected</li> </ul>	
	IV) Hypersensitivity reaction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mention the types of hypersensitivity reactions</li> <li>• Anaphylaxis: Definition, morphological features and distinguishing features</li> </ul>	
	V) Neoplasia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Definition of anaplasia, dysplasia and metaplasia</li> <li>• Difference between benign and malignant lesions</li> </ul>	
	VI) AIDS, Malaria, Dengue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AIDS- Enlist the modes of spread and investigations</li> <li>• Malaria- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations.</li> <li>• Dengue- Clinical features, Mode of spread and enlist the Lab investigations</li> </ul>	
9.	Hematology: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Anemia</li> <li>• Leukemia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define anemia and enumerate the types of anemia</li> <li>• Enlist the investigations for anemia</li> <li>• Define leukemia</li> <li>• Enlist the types of leukemia</li> <li>• Enumerate clinical features and lab investigations in leukemia.</li> </ul>	5
10	Introduction to concepts of NABL and NABH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define NABL and NABH</li> <li>• Enlist the importance of NABL and NABH</li> </ul>	1
<b>Total</b>			<b>60 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM109 P – Basic Pathology & Hematology (Demonstration)**

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Methods of blood collection: Basic steps for blood collection by venepuncture, order of draw and complications of venepuncture.</li> <li>Anticoagulants used in Hematology and Vacutainer.</li> </ul>	2
2.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Processing of blood sample : Automated hematology analyzer</li> </ul>	1
3.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Preparation, fixation, routine staining of peripheral blood smear.</li> <li>Peripheral smear (CBC report)</li> <li>Peripheral smear for malaria, anemia and leukemia.</li> </ul>	2
4.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hemoglobin estimation, different methods and normal values.</li> <li>Total leucocyte count (TLC)</li> <li>Differential leucocyte count (DLC)</li> </ul>	1
5.	<b>Histopathology:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection</li> <li>Fixation of tissue</li> <li>Tissue processing including histokinette and microtome</li> <li>Routine staining (H&amp;E staining)</li> </ul>	3
6.	<b>Cytopathology:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection, preservation, transportation and processing of cytological specimens.</li> <li>Routine staining (PAP staining)</li> </ul>	2
7.	<b>Clinical pathology:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection, transport, preservation and processing of various clinical specimens including cyto-centrifuge.</li> <li>Urine examination - collection and preservation, microscopic examination for abnormal constituents.</li> </ul>	2
8.	<b>Blood Bank techniques:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Visit to blood Bank</li> <li>Collection and processing of blood for transfusion</li> <li>Blood group estimation, Rh typing and cross- matching.</li> </ul>	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>15 hrs</b>

**Reference Books:**

1. A Handbook of Medical Laboratory (Lab) Technology: Second Edition. V.H. Talib(Author)
2. Comprehensive Textbook of Pathology for Nursing (Pathology, Clinical Pathology, Genetics) (English, Paperback, Dr. A.K. Mandal, Dr. Shramana Choudhury)
3. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology- Praful B. Godkar, Darshan P. Godkar.
4. Medical Laboratory Technology. Methods and Interpretations – RamnikSood, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition (Volume 1&2)
5. Medical Laboratory technology a procedure manual for routine diagnostic test including phlebotomy/ venipuncture procedure – 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Volume- I, II, III. Kanai L. Mukharjee(Author)
6. Practical Pathology P. Chakraborty, Gargi Chakraborty New Central Book Agency, Kolkata.
7. Theory & Practice of Histological Techniques John D. Bancroft et.al. Churchill Livingstone Printed in China.
8. Hand Book of Histopathological & Histochemical Techniques C.F.A. Culling ButterworthsCompany Ltd. London.
9. Essentials of Hematology by Shirish M Kawthalkar, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
10. Textbook of Pathology for *Allied Health Sciences* by RamadasNayak, Edition: 1st Publisher:Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
11. The ABC of CBC: interpretation of complete blood count & histograms. D P Lokwani and SunitLokwani(Author). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Introduction to Quality and Patient safety</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 110 L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The objective of the course is to help students understand the basic concepts of quality in health Care and develop skills to implement sustainable quality assurance program in the health system.</li> <li>• To understand the basics of emergency care and life support skills.</li> <li>• To Manage an emergency including moving a patient</li> <li>• To help prevent harm to workers, property, the environment and the general public.</li> <li>• To provide a broad understanding of the core subject areas of infection prevention and control.</li> <li>• To provide knowledge on the principles of on-site disaster management</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upon completion, Students should be able to apply healthcare quality improvement and patient safety principles, concepts, and methods at the micro-, meso-, and macro-system levels.</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Quality assurance and management</b> – Concepts of Quality of Care, Quality Improvement Approaches, Standards and Norms, Introduction to NABH guidelines	7
2	<b>Basics of emergency care and life support skills</b> - Basic life support (BLS), Vital signs and primary assessment, Basic emergency care – first aid and triage, Ventilations including use of bag-valve-masks (BVMs), Choking, rescue breathing methods, One- and Two-rescuer CPR	7
3	<b>Bio medical waste management and environment safety</b> -Definition of Biomedical Waste, Waste minimization, BMW – Segregation, collection, transportation, treatment and disposal (including color coding), Liquid BMW, Radioactive waste, Metals/ Chemicals / Drug waste, BMW Management & methods of disinfection, Modern technology for handling BMW, Use of Personal protective equipment (PPE), Monitoring & controlling of cross infection (Protective devices)	8
4	<b>Infection prevention and control</b> - Evidence-based infection control principles and practices [such as sterilization, disinfection, effective hand hygiene and use of Personal protective equipment (PPE)], Prevention & control of common healthcare associated infections, Components of an effective infection control program, Guidelines (NABH and JCI) for Hospital Infection Control	8
5	<b>Antibiotic Resistance</b> - History of Antibiotics, How Resistance Happens and Spreads, Types of resistance- Intrinsic, Acquired, Passive, Trends in Drug Resistance, Actions to Fight Resistance, Bacterial persistence, Antibiotic sensitivity, Consequences of antibiotic resistance	8
6	<b>Disaster preparedness and management</b> - Fundamentals of emergency management, Psychological impact management, Resource management, Preparedness and risk reduction, information management, incident command and institutional mechanisms.	7
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Reference Books:**

1. Washington Manual of Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Paperback – 2016 by Fondahn (Author)
2. Understanding Patient Safety, Second Edition by Robert Wachter (Author)
3. Handbook of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety Author : Girdhar J Gyani, Alexander Thomas
4. Researching Patient Safety and Quality in Healthcare: A Nordic Perspective Karina Aase, Lene Schibevaag
5. Old) Handbook Of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety by Gyani Girdhar J (Author)
6. Handbook of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety by .Gyani G J/Thomas A
7. Quality Management in Hospitals by S. K. Jos



**BOPTOM 111 P - Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including related practicals to the Parent course) (Total - 360 hrs)**

**SKILL ENHANCEMENT ELECTIVE COURSE**

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Medical Bioethics &amp; IPR</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>SEC 001L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To introduce the wide range of ethical issues in health care.</li> <li>• To provide basic skills in: A) Approaching ethical issues. B) Analysis and statement of issues. C) Understanding the relevant ethical principles invoked.</li> <li>• Imparting knowledge and skills that will enable students to develop ethical answers to these issues</li> <li>• To acquire specialized knowledge of law and IPR.</li> <li>• The main objective of the IPR is to make the students aware of their rights for the protection of their invention done in their project work.</li> </ul>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Recognize what constitutes an ethical concern in health care</li> <li>• Understanding ethical issues in Health care.</li> <li>• Understand better the complexity and multi-dimensionality of medical ethical concerns and uniqueness of each problem.</li> <li>• Capacity to rationally justify your decision</li> <li>• Develop the ability to reason through difficult medical/clinical ethical issues both orally, in the context of a group of their peers, and through written</li> <li>• The students get awareness of acquiring the patent and copyright for their innovative works.</li> <li>• They also get the knowledge of plagiarism in their innovations which can be questioned legally.</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Introduction to Bioethics-</b> Bioethical issues related to Healthcare & medicine .	5
2	<b>Anatomy -</b> Cadaver ethics, Human dignity, PNDT, Disposal of cadaver, Genetic Counselling	7
3	<b>Physiology -</b> Animal ethics, Health policy privacy	7
4	<b>Biochemistry &amp; Pathology -</b> Prudence of investigation confidentiality, Patients bill of rights, Disposal of investigative material, Integrity, Blood transfusion	5
5	<b>Pharmacology -</b> Rational drug prescribing, Clinical trials, Risk minimization, Animal ethics	5
6	<b>Microbiology -</b> Hand wash, Drug resistance minimization, Prudence of investigation confidentiality, Sterilization procedure, Biosafety and bio hazard	5
7	<b>Medicolegal aspects of medical records</b>	3
8	<b>Introduction to Intellectual Property:</b> Concept of Intellectual Property Kinds of Intellectual Property Patents, Copyrights Designs, Trademarks, Geographical Indication, Infringement of IPR, Its protection and Remedies Licensing and its types	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Reference Books:**

1. Contemporary issues in bioethics – Beauchamp & Walters (B&W ) 4th edition.
2. Classic philosophical questions by Glouck (8<sup>th</sup> Edition)
3. Case book series and booklets by UNESCO Bioethics Core curriculum 2008
4. Encyclopedia of Bioethics 5 vol set, (2003) ISBN-10: 0028657748
5. Intellectual property rights- Ganguli-Tat McGrawhill. (2001) ISBN-10: 0074638602,
6. Intellectual Property Right- Wattal- Oxford Publication House.(1997) ISBN:0195905024.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Human Rights &amp; Professional Values</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>SEC 002L</b>

<b>Teaching Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To understand interaction between society and educational institutions.</li> <li>• To sensitize the citizens so that the norms and values of human rights and duties of education programme are realized.</li> <li>• To encourage research activities.</li> </ul> <p>To encourage research studies concerning the relationship between Human Rights and Duties Education.</p>
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This course will aim at making the learners acquire conceptual clarity and develop respect for norms and values of freedom, equality, fraternity and justice.</li> <li>• It will include awareness of civil society organizations and movements promoting human rights.</li> <li>• This will make the students realize the difference between the values of human rights and their duties</li> </ul>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Background</b> - Introduction, Meaning, Nature and Scope, Development of Human Rights, Theories of Rights, Types of Rights	6
2	<b>Human rights at various level</b> - Human Rights at Global Level UNO, <b>Instruments:</b> U.N. Commission for Human Rights, European Convention on Human Rights.	6
3	<b>Human rights in India</b> - Development of Human Rights in India, Human Rights and the Constitution of India, Protection of Human Rights Act 1993- National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Composition Powers and Functions, National Commission for Minorities, SC/ST and Woman	7
4	<b>Human Rights Violations</b> - Human Rights Violations against Women, Children, Violations against Minorities SC/ST and Trans-genders, Preventive Measures.	6
5	<b>Professional values</b> - Integrity, Objectivity, Professional competence and due care, Confidentiality	6
6	<b>Personal values</b> - ethical or moral values, Attitude and behavior- professional behavior, treating people equally	6
7	<b>Code of conduct</b> - professional accountability and responsibility, misconduct, Cultural issues in the healthcare environment	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Reference Books:**

1. Jagannath Mohanty Teaching of Human Rights New Trends and Innovations Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi 2009
2. Ram Ahuja: Violence Against Women Rawat Publications Jewahar Nager Jaipur. 1998.
3. Sivagami Parmasivam Human Rights Salem 2008
4. Hingorani R.C.: Human Rights in India: Oxford and IBA New Delhi.

## B.Sc. Allied Courses Scheme of Examination Pattern

**B.Sc. First Year (Semester I & II)**  
**w.e.f.(Academic Year 2023-24 onwards)**

### Internal Examination Pattern (Theory)

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
Short answers	5	4	4 x 3 marks each	12 marks
CIA	1. Seminar / poster (4 marks) 2. Assignments/open book test (4 marks)			8 marks
Total				20 marks

**Note –20 marks to be converted to 10 marks weightage for submission to the university.**

### University Examination Pattern (Theory)

Question Type	No. of Questions	Questions to be Answered	Question X marks	Total marks
<b>Section A</b>				
Structured LAQ	3	2	2X8	16 Marks
Short notes	8	6	6X4	24 Marks
<b>Total</b>				<b>40 Marks</b>

**Note: The exam pattern for Course “Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including Related Practicals To The Parent Course)” is as per Annexure No-1.**

## EVALUATION FORM FOR

### COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT & CLINICAL VISIT (INCLUDING RELATED PRACTICALS TO THE PARENT COURSE)

**Name of the Student:**

**Program/Course:**

**Semester:**

**Name of the Internal Faculty/Observer:**

**Name of the External Faculty/Observer:**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Core Competencies</b>	<b>Marks Allotted</b>	<b>Marks Obtained</b>
1.	Community Engagement/Educational Tour/Field work/Hospital visits/NSS (Report)	15	
2.	Demonstrated understanding of responsibilities	10	
3.	Managed time effectively to meet deadlines		
4.	Communicated well with others (Staff members, Teacher, Patients, Community Members, etc)		
5.	Demonstrated knowledge required to meet objectives		
6.	Completed required tasks as assigned by Teacher/Co-ordinator		
7.	Model making / Quiz/ Poster/Conference/ Seminar/ Presentation/Innovative Ideas Competition	15	
8.	Attendance	10	
<b>Total Marks</b>		<b>50</b>	

**Internal Faculty/Observer Signature:**

**Date:**

**External Faculty/Observer Signature:**

**Resolution No. 6.2 of Academic Council (AC-48/2023):**

Resolved to approve the reframed index from Semester III to VIII of all the above CBCS programs as per NCrF guidelines, to be effective from batch admitted in Academic Year 2024-25 onwards [Annexure-46I, 46J, 46K, 46L, 46M, 46N, 46O & 46P].

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optometry														
Semester III														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (I)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (I)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 112 L	Physical Optics	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 113 L	Geometrical Optics	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 114 L	Visual Optics I/II	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 115 L	Ocular diseases I	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 116 L	Clinical Examinations and Visual systems	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 117 CP	BOPTOM Directed Clinical Education-I	-	-	-	12	4	-	-	-	180	180	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 112 P	Physical Optics	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 113 P	Geometrical Optics	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 114 P	Visual Optics I/II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 116 P	Clinical Examinations and Visual systems	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	120	-	120	10	40	50
Generic Elective Course														
GEC 001 L	Pursuit of Inner Self Excellence (POIS)	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
GEC 002 L	Organisational Behaviour													
Total		15	0	10	12	24	225	0	210	180	615	150	650	800
OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomerty														
Semester IV														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 118 L	Dispensing & Optometric Optics	4	-	-	-	4	60	-	-	-	60	20	80	100
BOPTOM 119 L	Ocular diseases II -Posterior Segment	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 120 L	Optometric Instrumentation	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 121 L	Basic & Ocular Pharmacology	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 122 CP	BOPTOM Directed Clinical Education- II	-	-	-	21	7	-	-	-	315	315	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 118 P	Dispensing & Optometric Optics	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	120	-	120	10	40	50
BOPTOM 120 P	Optometric Instrumentation	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
Ability Enhancement Elective Course														
AEC 003 L	Computer and Applications	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
AEC 004 L	Research and Innovation													
Total		13	0	6	21	23	195	0	150	315	660	110	490	600



OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester V														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 123 L	Contact Lenses I	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 124 L	Binocular Vision I&II	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 125 L	Low Vision Aids	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 126 L	Systemic Disease	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 127 CP	BOPTOM Directed Clinical Education-III	-	-	-	21	7	-	-	-	315	315	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 123 P	Contact Lenses I	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 124 P	Binocular Vision I&II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 125 P	Low Vision Aids	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
Discipline Specific Elective														
DSE 001 L	Basics of Clinical Skill Learning	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
DSE 002 L	Hospital Operation Management													
Total		14	0	6	21	24	210	0	90	315	615	120	530	650

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester VI														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 128 L	Contact Lenses II	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 129 L	Pediatric Optometry	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 130 L	Geriatric Optometry	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 131 L	Occupational Optometry	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 132 CP	BOPTOM Directed Clinical Education-IV	-	-	-	3	10	-	-	-	450	450	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 128 P	Contact Lenses II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 129 P	Pediatric Optometry	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 130 P	Geriatric Optometry	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
Total		8	0	6	3	21	120	0	90	450	660	110	490	600

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM										
B.Optomtry										
Semester VII & VIII										
Code No.	Core Course	Credits		Marks						
		Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total				
BOPTOM 133	B.Optomtry Internship (Semester VII)	20	20	20	80	100				
BOPTOM 134	B.Optomtry Internship (Semester VIII)	20	20	20	80	100				
Internship is for 12 months (July-December; January-June) after deducting for national holidays/Sick Holidays/ sundays + Examination), (6 days/ week ;8 Hours/day). Minimum of 21 weeks/semester. Students are encouraged to involve in community outreach activities as part of their clinical postings without absenting himself/herself for the other regular classes. During Internship a candidate must have 100% attendance before the award of the degree. NOC from the Dean/Director, MGMSBS to be made mandatory while applying for Convocation Degree.										
Internal Assessment Exam Pattern (IA) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program)			Scheme of University Semester End Examination (SEE) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program)				Attendance (10 marks ) of the student. It was decided that weightage be given to attendance as per following scheme			
Internal exam pattern: Total 20 marks with following breakup			Practical exam pattern: Total 80 marks with following breakup				Attendance Percentage	Marks		
Description	Marks		Exercise	Description	Marks		< 75	Zero		
Internal exam (at department)	10 marks		Q No 1	Case Study	2 x15=30 M		75	5		
Viva	5 marks		Q No 2	Station exercise	3 x 5=15 M		76-80	6		
Log Book	5 marks		Q No 3	VIVA	15 M		81-85	7		
Total = 20 Marks			QNo 4	Log Book	10 M		86-90	8		
			QNo 5	Attendance	10 M		91-95	9		
			Total = 80 Marks				96-100	10		

## Revised Post facto approval for amending the ATKT rules.

1 message

SBS Navi Mumbai <sbsnm@mgmuhs.com>

Wed, Jul 19, 2023 at 10:20 AM

To: Vice Chancellor <vc@mgmuhs.com>

Cc: Registrar MGMIHS <registrar@mgmuhs.com>, Controller of Exam MGMIHS <coe@mgmuhs.com>

Respected Sir,

Please find attached herewith the request letter for Post facto approval for amending the ATKT rules.

Kindly do the needful.

Thanking you,

Director

MGM School of Biomedical Sciences

(Deemed University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956) Grade 'A++' Accredited by NAAC

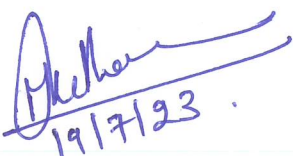
MGMIHS, Kamothe

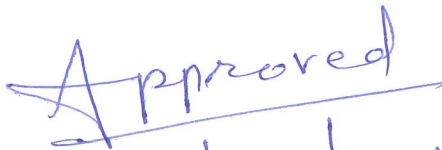
Navi Mumbai

022 27437631 / 32

 Letter to VC Post facto approval for amending the atkt rules 19.07.2023.pdf  
4143K

① As based on the NEP Policy. BSc. III<sup>rd</sup> + 1<sup>st</sup> yr of Inter ship become 4 year of Progr <sup>so now</sup> we have made it upto 1 to VIII Sem. So request to approved post facto approval for ATKT Rule for sem VII & VIII. So that candidate will be allowed for II, VII sem exam and <sup>not</sup> allowed to appear in the final Sem examination (sem VIII) unless the candidate has cleared all the previous sem examination (I to VII).

  
19/7/23.

  
19/7/23.





# MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES, NAVI MUMBAI

(A constituent unit of MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES)

(Deemed University u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Grade "A" Accredited by NAAC

Sector 1, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai-410209, Tel.No.022-27437631, 27432890

Email: [sbsnm@mgmuhs.com](mailto:sbsnm@mgmuhs.com) Website: [www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in](http://www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in)

Ref: MGMSBS/23/07/1709

Date: 18-07-2023

To,  
Hon'ble Vice Chancellor  
MGMIHS,  
Kamothe, Navi Mumbai

Through – proper channel

Sub: Post facto approval for amending the ATKT rules.

Respected Sir,

As per National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, we have accordingly changed our credit & semester pattern where students will have to appear for VII & VIII Semester exams as approved vide resolution no. 6.7 of AC - 46/2023 for batch AY 2020-21 onwards.

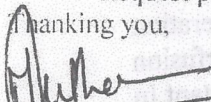
We request post-facto approval to amend our ATKT rules (Resolution No. 3.2.1.d of BOM 57/2019 dated 26.04.2019) for batch AY 2020-21 onwards as per below:

Carryover Pattern (ATKT Rules):

- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester II irrespective of number of heads of failure in the Semester I.
- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester III if he/she passes each Semester I & II **OR** fails in not more than two courses each in Semester I & II.
- Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester IV irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester III. However, the student shall pass each course of Semester I and Semester II in order to appear for Semester IV.
- Student shall be allowed to keep term for Semester V if he/she passes Semester I, Semester II, Semester, III and Semester IV. **OR** shall pass Semester I and Semester II and fails in not more than two courses each in Semester III and Semester IV.
- Student shall be allowed to keep term for Semester VI irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester V. However, he/she has passes Semester I, Semester II, Semester, III and Semester IV.
- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester VII if he/she passes each Semester V & VI **OR** fails in not more than two courses each in Semester V & VI.
- A Candidate shall not be allowed to appear in the final semester examination (Semester VIII) unless the candidate has cleared all the previous semester examinations (I to VII).

Request postfacto approval as regular Semester VI exams are due on 3<sup>rd</sup> Week of August 2023.

Thanking you,

  
Director

MGM School of Biomedical Sciences

Kamothe, Navi Mumbai

Director

MGM School of Biomedical Science

Kamothe, Navi Mumbai

cc to: Controller of Examination, MGMIHS

Registrar, MGMIHS



**Resolution No. 3.1 of Academic Council (AC-50/2024):**

Resolved to approve CBCS syllabus & Indexes [ANNEXURE-3A, 3B, 3C, 3D, 3E, **3F**, 3G, 3H] along with the revised COs & POs (Semester I to VIII) [ANNEXURE-3I, 3J, 3K, 3L, 3M, 3N, 3O, 3P] for B.Sc. Medical Laboratory Technology, B.Sc. Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology, B.Sc. Operation Theatre & Anesthesia Technology, B.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology, B.Sc. Perfusion Technology, **B. Optometry**, B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology, B.Sc. Physician Assistant in Emergency & Trauma Care programs (Semester III to VIII) to be effective from batch admitted in Academic Year 2024-25 onwards.

**Annexure-3F of AC-50/2024****MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES**

(A constituent unit of MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES)

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Grade “A<sup>++</sup>” Accredited by NAAC

Sector 1, Kamothe Navi Mumbai-410209, Tel.No.:022-27437631, 27437632, 27432890

Email. [sbsnm@mgmuhs.com](mailto:sbsnm@mgmuhs.com)/Website: [www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in](http://www.mgmsbsnm.edu.in)

**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

**(Academic Year 2024 – 25)**

**Curriculum for**

**B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences**

**B. Optometry**

**Semester III to VIII**



## B. Optometry

### Program Outcomes (PO)

Program Code	Program Objective
PO1	<b>Knowledge Enhancement:</b> Students should know the anatomical and physiological basis of the eye and ocular anomalies, along with the optics of ocular structures, and working principles of various diagnostic and therapeutic instruments, and should demonstrate proficiency in optometric management.
PO2	<b>Skill Enhancement:</b> Acquire the practical skill set required for optometric screening, diagnosis, management, and rehabilitation of various ocular conditions.
PO3	<b>Communication Skills:</b> Develop Interpersonal competence in eye care services with patients and other professionals.
PO4	<b>Critical Thinking &amp; Trouble Shooting:</b> Identify and analyze the complexity of a problem and use knowledge and skill to solve it.
PO5	<b>Patient Care:</b> Demonstrate proficiency in understanding and catering dedicated optometric eye care services to patients.
PO6	<b>Community Eye Care:</b> Organize and Participate in various outreach activities (Camps & Awareness Program) for providing optometric eye care services to the community.
PO7	<b>Optometry Specialty &amp; Entrepreneurship:</b> Update clinical knowledge and develop specialized skill sets across various disciples of optometry with an entrepreneurial approach to start and manage a successful optometry practice.
PO8	<b>Enthusiasm for Research:</b> Demonstrate a better understanding of research techniques analysis of scientific literature, and application of evidence-based practices in optometry.
PO9	<b>Professional Ethics:</b> Adhere to the ethical guidelines of integrity, objectivity, confidentiality, competency, behavior, and accountability in optometric practice.
PO10	<b>Leadership &amp; Team Work:</b> Effectively manage clinical situations and exhibit visionary goal setting, conflict resolution, decision-making, problem-solving, and fostering Interdisciplinary collaborative practice.
PO11	<b>Collaboration with Different Healthcare Professionals:</b> Crucial for delivering high-quality patient care which includes enhanced communication, better resource utilization, innovation, problem-solving & communicating with different healthcare professionals for improved patient outcomes.
PO12	<b>Holistic Development:</b> Comprehensive development in the areas of self-awareness, Emotional intelligence, stress management, and Time management.

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester III														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 112 L	Physical Optics	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 113 L	Geometrical Optics	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 114 L	Visual Optics I/II	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 115 L	Ocular Diseases I	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 116 L	Clinical Examinations and Visual Systems	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 117 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education- I	-	-	-	18	6	-	-	-	270	270	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 112 P	Physical Optics	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 113 P	Geometrical Optics	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 114 P	Visual Optics I/II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 116 P	Clinical Examinations and Visual Systems	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
Generic Elective Course														
GEC 001 L	Pursuit of Inner Self Excellence (POIS)	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
GEC 002 L	Organisational Behaviour													
Total		13	0	10	18	24	195	0	150	270	615	150	650	800

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester IV														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 118 L	Optometric Optics I & II	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 119 L	Ocular Diseases II & Glaucoma	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 120 L	Dispensing Optics	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 121 L	Optometric Instrumentation	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 122 L	Basic & Ocular Pharmacology	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 123 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education-II	-	-	-	18	6	-	-	-	270	270	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 118 P	Optometric Optics I & II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 120 P	Dispensing Optics	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 121 P	Optometric Instrumentation	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
Ability Enhancement Elective Course														
AEC 003 L	Computer and Applications	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
AEC 004 L	Good Clinical Laboratory Practice and Research Skills													
Total		17	0	6	18	26	255	0	90	270	615	140	610	750

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optomtry														
Semester V														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 124 L	Contact Lenses I	4	-	-	-	4	60	-	-	-	60	20	80	100
BOPTOM 125 L	Binocular Vision I & II	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 126 L	Low Vision Aids	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 127 L	Systemic Disease	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOPTOM 128 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education-III	-	-	-	21	7	-	-	-	315	315	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 124 P	Contact Lenses I	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 125 P	Binocular Vision I & II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
Discipline Specific Elective														
DSE 001 L	Basics of Clinical Skill Learning	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	10	40	50
DSE 002 L	Hospital Operation Management													
Total		15	0	4	21	24	225	0	60	315	600	110	490	600

OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM														
B.Optometry														
Semester VI														
Code No.	Core Course	Credits/Week					Hrs/Semester					Marks		
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total (hrs.)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total
Theory														
BOPTOM 129 L	Contact Lenses II	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 130 L	Sports Vision	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 131 L	Pediatric & Geriatric Optometry	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 132 L	Occupational Optometry	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOPTOM 133 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education-IV	-	-	-	27	9	-	-	-	405	405	-	50	50
Practical														
BOPTOM 129 P	Contact Lenses II	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	30	-	30	10	40	50
BOPTOM 131 P	Pediatric & Geriatric Optometry	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
Total		8	0	4	27	20	120	0	90	405	615	100	450	550



### OUTLINE OF COURSE CURRICULUM

#### B.Optomtry

#### Semester VII & VIII

Code No.	Core Course	Credits		Marks							
		Clinical Posing/ Rotation (CP)	Total Credits (C)	Internal Assement (IA)	Semester End Exam (SEE)	Total					
BOPTOM 134	B.Optomtry Internship (Semester VII)	20	20	20	80	100					
BOPTOM 135	B.Optomtry Internship (Semester VIII)	20	20	20	80	100					

Internship is for 12 months (July-December; January-June) after deducting for national holidays/Sick Holidays/ sundays + Examination), (6 days/ week ;8 Hours/day). Minimum of 21 weeks/semester. Students are encouraged to involve in community outreach activities as part of their clinical postings without absenting himself/herself for the other regular classes. During Internship a candidate must have 100% attendance before the award of the degree. NOC from the Dean/Director, MGMSBS to be made mandatory while applying for Convocation Degree.

Internal Assessment Exam Pattern (IA) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program)		Scheme of University Semester End Examination (SEE) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program)		Attendance (10 marks ) of the student. It was decided that weightage be given to attendance as per following scheme	
Internal exam pattern: Total 20 marks with following breakup		Practical exam pattern: Total 80 marks with following breakup		Attendance Percentage	Marks
Description	Marks	Exercise	Description	Marks	
Internal exam (at department)	10 marks	Q No 1	Case Study	2 x15=30 M	
Viva	5 marks	Q No 2	Station exercise	3 x 5=15 M	
Log Book	5 marks	Q No 3	VIVA	15 M	
Total = 20 Marks		QNo 4	Log Book	10 M	
		QNo 5	Attendance	10 M	
		Total = 80 Marks			

# SECOND YEAR

## B. Optometry

### SEMESTER-III

Code No.	Core Subjects
<b>Theory</b>	
BOPTOM 112 L	Physical Optics
BOPTOM 113 L	Geometrical Optics
BOPTOM 114 L	Visual Optics I/II
BOPTOM 115 L	Ocular diseases I
BOPTOM 116 L	Clinical Examinations and Visual Systems
BOPTOM 117 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education -I
<b>Practical</b>	
BOPTOM 112 P	Physical Optics
BOPTOM 113 P	Geometrical Optics
BOPTOM 114 P	Visual Optics I/II
BOPTOM 116 P	Clinical Examinations and Visual Systems
<b>Generic Elective Course</b>	
GEC 001 L	Pursuit of Inner Self Excellence (POIS)
GEC 002 L	Organizational Behaviour

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Physical Optics</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 112 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Have a better understanding about Light, its Properties, Units and Nature</li> <li>• Know the basis and application of wave optics, and lasers.</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Nature of light</b> –light as electromagnetic oscillation –wave equation;	2
2	<b>Ideas of sinusoidal oscillations</b> –simple harmonic oscillation; transverse nature of oscillation; concepts of frequency, wavelength, amplitude and phase,	4
3	Sources of light; Electromagnetic Spectrum, Polarized light; linearly polarized light; and circularly polarized light, Intensity of polarized light; Malus' Law; polarizers and analyzers; Methods of producing polarized light; Brewster's angle, Birefringence; ordinary and extraordinary rays, Relationship between amplitude and intensity, Coherence; interference; constructive interference, destructive interference; fringes; fringe width, Double slits, multiple slits, gratings, Diffraction; diffraction by a circular aperture; Airy's disc, Resolution of an instrument (telescope, for example); Raleigh's criterion, Scattering; Raleigh's scattering; Tyndall effect, Fluorescence and Phosphorescence,	12
4	<b>Basics of Lasers</b> –coherence; population inversion; spontaneous emission; Einstein's theory of lasers, Radiometry; solid angle; radiometric units; photopic and scotopic luminous efficiency and efficacy curves; photometric units, Inverse square law of photometry; Lambert's law,	10
5	<b>Other</b> units of light measurement; retinal illumination; Trolands	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 112 P - Physical Optics**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Gratings – determination of grating constant using Sodium vapour lamp; determination of wavelengths of light from Mercury vapour lamp	<b>30</b>
2	Circular Apertures – measurements of Airy's disc for apertures of various sizes	
3	Verification of Malus' Law using a polarizer – analyzer combination	
4	Demonstration of birefringence using Calcite crystals	
5	Measurement of the resolving power of telescopes.	
6	Newton's rings	
7	Demonstration of fluorescence and phosphorescence using crystals and paints	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Text book:**

Subrahmanyam N, BrijLal, *A text book of Optics*, S. Chand Co Ltd, New Delhi, India, 2003.

**Reference books:**

- Pedrotti L. S, Pedrotti Sr. F. L, *Optics and Vision*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA, 1998.
- Keating NM. P, *Geometric, Physical and Visual Optics*, Butterworth- Heinemann, Massachusetts, USA, 2002.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Geometrical Optics</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 113 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the basis of ray optics.</li> <li>• Identify various optical elements and understand its properties.</li> <li>• Efficiently apply the knowledge of ray optics to describe the eye's optical behavior</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Geometrical Optics I</b> - Nature of light –light as electromagnetic oscillation; ideas of sinusoidal oscillations; amplitude and phase; speed of light in vacuum and other media; refractive index, Wave fronts–spherical, elliptical and plane; Curvature and vergence; rays; convergence and divergence in terms of rays and vergence; vergence at a distance, Refractive index; its dependence on wavelength,	3
2	<b>Fermat's and Huygen's Principle</b> –Derivation of laws of reflection and refraction (Snell's law) from these principles, Plane mirrors –height of the mirror; rotation of the mirror,	2
3	<b>Reflection by a spherical mirror</b> –paraxial approximation; sign convention; derivation of vergence equation, Imaging by concave mirror, convex mirror, Reflectivity; transmissivity; Snell's Law, Refraction at a plane surface, Glass slab; displacement without deviation; displacement without dispersion, Thick prisms; angle of prism; deviation produced by a prism; refractive index of the prism, Prisms; angular dispersion; dispersive power; Abbe's number, Definition of crown and flint glasses; materials of high refractive index,	3
4	<b>Thin prism</b> –definition; definition of Prism diopter; deviation produced by a thin prism; its dependence on refractive index, Refraction by a spherical surface; sign convention; introduction to spherical aberration using image formed by a spherical surface of a distance object; sag formula, Paraxial approximation; derivation of vergence equation, Imaging by a positive powered surface and negative powered surface, Vergence at a distance formula; effectivity of a refracting surface,	3
5	Definition of a lens as a combination of two surfaces; different types of lens shapes, Image formation by a lens by application of vergence at a distance formula; definitions of front and back vertex powers; equivalent power; first and second principal planes/points; primary and secondary focal planes/points; primary and secondary focal lengths,	3
6	<b>Newton's formula</b> ; linear magnification; angular magnification, Nodal Planes, Thin lens as a special case of thick lens; review of sign convention, Imaging by a thin convex lens; image properties (real/virtual; erect/inverted; magnified/minified) for various object positions, Imaging by a thin concave lens; image properties (real/virtual; erect/inverted; magnified/minified) for various object positions, Prentice's Rule, System of two thin lenses; review of front and back vertex powers and equivalent power, review of six cardinal points, System of more than two thin lenses; calculation of equivalent power using magnification formula	3
7	<b>Geometrical Optics II</b> - Vergence and vergence techniques revised, Gullstrand's schematic eyes, visual acuity, Stiles Crawford, Emmetropia and ametropia, Blur retinal Imaginary, Correction of spherical ametropia, vertex distance and effective power, dioptric power of the spectacle, to calculate the dioptric power, angular magnification of spectacles in aphakic,	3
8	<b>Thin lens model of the eye</b> –angular magnification –spectacle and relative spectacle magnification,	2
9	<b>Aperture stops</b> - entrance and exit pupils,	2

10	<b>Astigmatism.</b> - To calculate the position of the line image in a sphero-cylindrical lens,	2
11	<b>Accommodation</b> –Accommodation formulae and calculations, Presbyopia- Spectacle magnification, angular magnification of spectacle lens, near point, calculation of add, depth of field,	2
12	<b>Spatial Distribution of Optical Information-</b> Modulation transfer functions- Spatial filtering- applications, Visual optics of aphakia and pseudophakia.	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

### BOPTOM 113 P: Geometrical Optics

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Thick Prism – determination of prism angle and dispersive power; calculation of the refractive index	30
2	Thin Prism – measurement of deviation; calculation of the prism diopter, Image formation by spherical mirrors	
3	Convex lens - power determination using lens gauge, power determination using distant object method; power determination using the vergence formula	
4	Concave lens – in combination with a convex lens – power determination.	
5	Construction of a tabletop telescope – all three types of telescopes - Construction of a tabletop microscope	
6	Imaging by a cylindrical lens – relationship between cylinder axis and image orientation,	
7	Imaging by two cylinders in contact – determination of the position of CLC; verification of CLC using a spherical lens with power equal to the spherical equivalent; orientations and position of the line images and their relation to the cylinders' powers and orientations,	
8	Imaging by a spherocylindrical lens – sphere and cylinder in contact	
9	Determination of the position of CLC; verification of CLC using a spherical lens with power equal to the spherical equivalent; orientations and position of the line images and their relation to the cylinder's power and orientation	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

#### Text book:

- Tunnacliffe A. H, Hirst J. G, Optics, The association of British Dispensing Opticians, London, U.K., 1990.
- Pedrotti L. S, Pedrotti Sr. F. L, Optics and Vision, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA, 1998

#### Reference books:

- Loshin D. S. The Geometric Optics Workbook, Butterworth-Heinemann, Boston, USA, 1991.
- Schwartz S. H. Geometrical and Visual Optics: A Clinical Introduction, McGraw-Hill, New York, USA, 2002.

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Visual Optics I/II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 114 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the optics of ocular elements, its effect on retinal image formation and measurement modalities.</li> <li>• Have a keen theoretical understanding of various aspects of vision and develop appropriate skill set for its assessment.</li> <li>• Identify the different types of Refractive anomalies, its causes, and utilize appropriate clinical approaches for evaluation and management.</li> <li>• Describe Aberration, its effect on image formation and management options.</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Review of Geometrical Optics: Vergence and Power:</b> Conjugacy, object space and image space, Sign convention, Spherical refracting surface, Cardinal points, Magnification, Light and visual function, Clinical Relevance of: Fluorescence, Interference, Diffraction, Polarization, Aberration and application Spherical and Chromatic	10
2	<b>Optics of Ocular Structure :</b> Cornea and aqueous, Crystalline lens, Vitreous Schematic and reduced eye	6
3	<b>Measurements of Optical Constants of the Eye:</b> Corneal curvature and thickness, Keratometry, Curvature of the lens, Axial length and axis of the eye, Basic Aspects of Vision., Visual Acuity, Light and Dark Adaptation, Color Vision, Spatial and Temporal Resolution	8
4	<b>Refractive Anomalies and their Causes:</b> Etiology of refractive anomalies, Contributing variability and their ranges, Growth of the eye in relation to refractive errors	6
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 114 P - Visual Optics I/II**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Study of Purkinje image II and I.	30
2	Study of Purkinje image III and IV.	
3	Measurement of corneal curvature	
4	Measurement of corneal thickness	
5	Assessment with schematic eye	
6	Conjugate points – demonstration- worked examples	
7	Visual acuity charts	
8	Vision through pinhole, slit, filters, etc.	
9	Visual acuity, stereo acuity in emmetropia	
10	Myopia and pseudomyopia, myopia and visual acuity	
11	Myopic correction- subjective verification and monocular and binocular	
12	Hypermetropia – determination of manifest error subjectively	
13	Hypermetropic correction- subjective verification	
14	Demonstration of astigmatism: Use of slit and keratometry to find the principal meridians	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Text books (Visual Optics I & II)**

- A H Tunnacliffe: Visual optics, The Association of British Optician, 1987
- AG Bennett & RB Rabbets: Clinical Visual optics, 3rd edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 1998

**Reference books (Visual Optics I & II)**

- M P Keating: Geometric, Physical and Visual optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, USA, 2002
- HL Rubin: Optics for clinicians, 2nd edition, Triad publishing company. Florida, 1974.
- H Obstfeld: Optic in Vision- Foundations of visual optics & associated computations, 2nd edition, Butterworth, UK, 1982.
- WJ Benjamin: Borish's clinical refraction, 2nd edition, Butterworth Heinemann, Missouri, USA, 2006
- T Grosvenor: Primary Care Optometry, 4th edition, Butterworth –heinneman, USA, 2002



<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Ocular Diseases I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 115 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand anatomy &amp; pathophysiology of ocular anterior segment &amp; adjoining structures</li> <li>• Identifying the ocular diseases of anterior segment &amp; adjoining structures.</li> <li>• Understand the diagnostic approach, differential diagnosis and management aspects of the ocular diseases.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Orbit</b> :Applied Anatomy, Proptosis (Classification, Causes, Investigations) , Enophthalmos, Orbital Inflammations (Preseptal cellulites, Orbital cellulitis cavernous sinus Thrombosis) ,Grave's Ophthalmopathy, Orbital blowout fractures, Approach to a patient with proptosis	5
2	<b>Lids</b> : Applied Anatomy, Congenital anomalies (Ptosis, Coloboma, Epicanthus, Distichiasis, Cryptophthalmos), Oedema of the eyelids (Inflammatory, Solid, Passive edema), Inflammatory disorders (Blepharitis, External Hordeolum, Chalazion, Internal hordeolum, Molluscum Contagiosum) , Anomalies in the position of the lashes and Lid Margin (Trichiasis, Ectropion, Entropion, Symblepharon, Blepharophimosis, Lagophthalmos, Blepharospasm, Ptosis), Tumors (Papillomas, Xanthelasma, Haemangioma, Basal carcinoma, Squamous cell carcinoma, sebaceous gland melanoma)	5
3	<b>Lacrimal System</b> :Applied Anatomy, Tear Film , The Dry Eye ( Sjogren's Syndrome), The watering eye ( Etiology, clinical evaluation), Dacryocystitis, Swelling of the Lacrimal gland( Dacryoadenitis)	4
4	<b>Conjunctiva</b> : Applied Anatomy ,Inflammations of conjunctiva ( Infective conjunctivitis – bacterial, chlamydial, viral , Allergic conjunctivitis, Granulomatous conjunctivitis), Degenerative conditions( Pinguecula, Pterygium, Concretions) , Symptomatic conditions( Hyperaemia, Chemosis, Ecchymosis, Xerosis, Discoloration), Cysts and Tumors	5
5	<b>Cornea</b> : Applied Anatomy and Physiology, Congenital Anomalies (Megalocornea, Microcornea, Cornea plana, Congenital cloudy cornea), Inflammations of the cornea (Topographical classifications: Ulcerative keratitis and Non ulcerative, Etiological classifications: Infective, Allergic, Trophic, Traumatic, Idiopathic)), Keratoconus, Keratoglobus, Corneal oedema, Corneal opacity, Corneal vascularisation, Penetrating Keratoplasty	6
6	<b>Uveal Tract and Sclera</b> :Applied Anatomy, Classification of uveitis, Etiology Pathology ,Anterior Uveitis, Posterior Uveitis, Purulent Uveitis, Endophthalmitis, Panophthalmitis, Pars Planitis, Episcleritis and scleritis, Clinical examination of Uveitis and Scleritis	5
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Books:****Text book:**

- A K Khurana: Comprehensive Ophthalmology, 4th edition, New age international (p) Ltd.Publishers, New Delhi, 2007

**Reference books:**

- Stephen J. Miller : Parsons Diseases of the Eye, 18th edition, Churchill Livingstone, 1990
- Jack J. Kanski Clinical Ophthalmology: A Systematic Approach, 6th edition, Butterworth -Heinemann, 2007

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Clinical Examinations and Visual Systems</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 116 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Learning of various optometric work-up, procedures, documentation and interpretation of the findings.</li> <li>• Identify and differentiate various ocular function anomalies.</li> <li>• Understand the working principles &amp; implementation of various optometric tests.</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	History taking, Visual acuity estimation, Extra ocular motility, Cover test, Alternating cover test, Hirschberg test, Modified Krimsky, Pupils Examination, Maddox Rod	8
2	<b>Van Herrick</b> - External examination of the eye, Lid Eversion, Schirmer's, TBUT, tear meniscus level, NITBUT (keratometer), Color Vision, Stereopsis, Confrontation test	10
3	Photostress test, Slit lamp biomicroscopy, Ophthalmoscopy, Tonometry, ROPLAS, Amsler test	5
4	Contrast sensitivity function test, Saccades and pursuit test	7
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

### **BOPTOM 116 P - Clinical Examinations and Visual systems**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Recording visual acuity for distance and near	60
2	Examining color vision using Ishihara chart	
3	Recording Visual acuity using various methods	
4	Confrontation test	
5	Lacrimal function test – Tear BUT, Schirmer' test	
6	All Objective method of refraction – retinoscopy, Auto – refractor, Keratometer etc.	
7	Recording history with respect to optical, medical, family, chief complaint etc.	
8	Cover tests	
9	Amsler test	
10	Schiotz Tonometry	
<b>Total</b>		<b>60 hrs</b>

**Text book:**

- T Grosvenor: Primary Care Optometry, 5th edition, Butterworth –Heinneman, USA, 2007.

**Reference books:**

- A K Khurana: Comprehensive Ophthalmology, 4th edition, New age international(p) Ltd.Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- D B. Elliott :Clinical Procedures in Primary Eye Care,3rd edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007
- Jack J. Kanski Clinical Ophthalmology: A Systematic Approach,6th edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007
- J.B Eskridge, J F. Amos, J D. Bartlett: Clinical Procedures in Optometry, Lippincott Williamsand Wilkins,1991
- N B. Carlson, DI Kurtz: Clinical Procedures for Ocular Examination ,3rd edition, Mc Graw-HillMedical, 2003

**Course Code- BOPTOM 117 CP: OPTOM Directed Clinical Education - I**  
Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (including related practical's to the parent course)  
**(Total -270 hrs.)**

### GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSE

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Pursuit of Inner Self Excellence (POIS)</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>GEC 001 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Students will become self-dependent, more debility for their study and career related matter decisive and develop intuitive</li> <li>• Student's ability to present their ideas will be developed.</li> <li>• Enhanced communication skills, public speaking &amp; improved Presentation ability.</li> <li>• Students will be able to explore their inner potential and inner ability to become a successful researcher or technician &amp; hence become more focused.</li> <li>• Students will observe significant reduction in stress level.</li> <li>• With the development of personal attributes like Empathy, Compassion, Service, Love &amp; brotherhood, students will serve the society and industry in better way with teamwork and thus grow professionally.</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Spiritual Values for human excellence :</b> The value of human integration; Compassion, universal love and brotherhood (Universal Prayer) ; Heart based living ; Silence and its values, Peace and non-violence in thought, word and deed ; Ancient treasure of values - Shatsampatti , Patanjali's Ashtanga Yoga , Vedic education - The role of the Acharya , values drawn from various cultures and religious practices - Ubuntu, Buddhism, etc.; Why spirituality? Concept – significance ; Thought culture	10
2	<b>Ways and Means :</b> Correlation between the values and the subjects ; Different teaching techniques to impart value education; Introduction to Brighter Minds initiative; Principles of Communication; Inspiration from the lives of Masters for spiritual values - Role of the living Master	15
3	<b>Integrating spiritual values and life:</b> Relevance of VBSE (Value Based Spiritual Education) in contemporary life ; Significant spiritual values ; Spiritual destiny ; Principles of Self-management; Designing destiny	10
4	<b>Experiencing through the heart for self-transformation (Heartfulness Meditation):</b> Who am I? ; Introduction to Relaxation; Why, what and how HFN Meditation?; Journal writing for Self-Observation ; Why, what and how HFN Rejuvenation (Cleaning)? ; Why, what and how HFN connect to Self (Prayer)?; Pursuit of inner self excellence ; Collective Consciousness-concept of <i>egregore effect</i> ;	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Books:**

- The Art of Learning: **A Journey in the Pursuit of Excellence**, Josh Waitzkin, Simon and Schuster, 2007
- Reality at Dawn. By Shri Ram Chandra, Published by ISRC

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - III</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Organizational Behavior</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>GEC 002 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe and apply motivation theories to team and organizational scenarios in order achieve a team's or an organization's goals and objectives.</li> <li>• Explain the effect of personality, attitudes, perceptions and attributions on their own and other's behaviors in team and organizational settings.</li> <li>• Explain types of teams and apply team development, team effectiveness, and group decision making models and techniques.</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Organizational Behavior - Definition - Importance - Historical Background - Fundamental concepts of OB - 21st Century corporate - Different models of OB i.e. autocratic, custodial, supportive	6
2	<b>Organization Structure and Design</b> - Authority and Responsibility Relationships - Delegation of Authority and Decentralization - Interdepartmental Coordination - Emerging Trends in Corporate Structure, Strategy and Culture - Impact of Technology on Organizational design - Mechanistic vs Adoptive Structures – Formal and Informal Organization	8
3	Perception Process - Nature & Importance - Perceptual Selectivity - Perceptual Organization - Social Perception - Impression Management	6
4	Learning - Process of Learning - Principles of Learning - Organizational Reward Systems – Behavioral Management	6
5	Motivation - Motives - Characteristics - Classification of motives - Primary Motives - Secondary motives - Morale - Definition and relationship with productivity - Morale Indicators	6
6	Leadership - Definition - Importance - Leadership Styles - Models and Theories of Leadership Styles	7
7	Conflict Management - Traditional vis-a-vis Modern view of conflict - Constructive and Destructive conflict - Conflict Process - Strategies for encouraging constructive conflict - Strategies for resolving destructive conflict	6
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Books:**

1. Organizational Behavior, 9th Ed. - Stephen Robbins
2. Human Behaviour at work - Davis and Newstorm
3. Organizational Behaviour - Uma Sekaran
4. Organizational Behaviour - Fred Luthans
5. Organizational Behaviour - K. Aswathappa
6. Human Behaviour at Work - Keith Davis
7. Organizational Behaviour - Jit S. Chandran
8. Human Relations & Organizational Behaviour - R.S. Dwivedi
9. Organizational Behaviour - McShane

## SECOND YEAR

### B. Optometry

#### SEMESTER-IV

Code No.	Core Subjects
<b>Theory</b>	
BOPTOM 118 L	Optometric Optics I & II
BOPTOM 119 L	Ocular Diseases II & Glaucoma
BOPTOM 120 L	Dispensing Optics
BOPTOM 121 L	Optometric Instrumentation
BOPTOM 122 L	Basic & Ocular Pharmacology
BOPTOM 123 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education-II
<b>Practical</b>	
BOPTOM 118 P	Optometric Optics I & II
BOPTOM 120 P	Dispensing Optics
BOPTOM 121 P	Optometric Instrumentation
<b>Ability Enhancement Elective Course</b>	
AEC 003 L	Computer and Applications
AEC 004 L	Good Clinical Laboratory Practice Research & Skills

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Optometric Optics I &amp; II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 118 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To gain theoretical and practical knowledge regarding prism, different forms of lenses, types of lens designs, lens materials, coating, tints, miscellaneous spectacles, frame material, lens properties, lens manufacturing process &amp; frame construction.</li> <li>• Knowledge of lens power measurement, lens centration - decentration and transposition</li> <li>• Knowledge of trouble shooting, lens inspection, safety standards for ophthalmic lenses and various faults in lens and frames.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Introduction</b> –Light, Mirror, Reflection, Refraction and Absorption,	2
2	<b>Prisms</b> –Definition, properties, Refraction through prisms, Thickness difference, Base- apex notation, uses, nomenclature and units, Sign Conventions, Fresnel's prisms, rotary prisms,	3
3	<b>Lenses</b> –Definition, units, terminology used to describe, form of lenses, Vertex distance and vertex power.	2
4	<b>Lens shape</b> , size and types i.e .spherical, cylindrical and Sphero-cylindrical	2
5	<b>Transpositions</b> –Simple, Toric and Spherical equivalent.	2
6	<b>Prismatic effect</b> , centration, decentration and Prentice rule, Prismatic effect of Plano-cylinder and Sphero cylinder lenses.	2
7	<b>Magnification in high</b> plus lenses, Minification in high minus lenses.	2
8	<b>Tilt induced power in spectacles.</b>	2
9	<b>Aberration in Ophthalmic Lenses</b>	2
10	<b>Spectacle Lenses - II:</b> Manufacture of glass, Lens materials,	2
11	<b>Lens surfacing(only theory), Principle of surface generation and glass cements(only theory), Terminology used in Lens workshop(only theory),</b>	2
12	Lens properties, Lens quality, Faults in lens material, Faults on lens surface,	2
13	<b>Methods of Inspecting the quality of lenses(only theory),</b> Safety standards for ophthalmic lenses (FDA, ANSI, ISI, Others)	2
14	<b>Spectacle Frames:</b> Types and parts, Classification of spectacle frames- material, weight, temple position, Coloration,	2
15	<b>Frame construction(only theory),</b> Frame selection, Size, shape, mounting and field of view of ophthalmic lenses	3
16	<b>Tinted &amp; Protective Lenses:</b> Characteristics of tinted lenses Absorptive Glasses, Polarizing Filters, Photochromic & Reflecting filters, Safety lenses-Toughened lenses, Laminated Lenses, CR 39, Polycarbonate lense	3
17	<b>Multifocal Lenses:</b> Introduction, history and development, types, Bifocal lenses, Trifocal & Progressive addition lenses	3
18	<b>Reflection from spectacle lens surface &amp; lens coatings:</b> Reflection from spectacle lenses - ghost images -Reflections in bifocals at the dividing line, Antireflection coating, Mirror coating, Hard Multi Coating [HMC], Hydrophobic coating	4
19	<b>Miscellaneous Spectacle:</b> Iseikonic lenses, Spectacle magnifiers, Recumbent prisms Fresnel prism and lenses, Lenticular & Aspherical lenses, High Refractive index glasses	3
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs.</b>



**BOPTOM 118 P - Optometric Optics I & II**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of hrs.</b>
1	Hand Neutralization of Ophthalmic lenses	30
2	Transposition – Simple and Toric prescription	
3	Measurement of Inter Pupillary Distance	
4	Solving problems of vergence calculation	
5	Use of lensometer for spherical lenses & cylindrical lenses – Power and center marking	
6	Solving problems on centration & decentration	
7	Using Geneva Lens measure to find out surface power of lenses	
8	Use of lensometer for finding out power of all type of lenses, marking – center, axis, measuring power of prism.	
9	Progressive Lenses – Measurement	
10	Progressive Lenses – Fitting	
11	Progressive Lenses – Verification	
12	Progressive Lenses - Trouble Shooting	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Text book/ Reference books:**

- Jalie MO: Ophthalmic lens and Dispensing, 3rd edition, Butterworth –Heinemann, 2008
- Troy E. Fannin, Theodore Grosvenor: Clinical Optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth –Heinemann, 1996
- Michael P Keating: Geometric, Physical & Visual Optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth –Heinemann, 2002

**Reference books (Optometric Optics I):**

1. David Wilson: Practical Optical Dispensing, OTEN- DE, NSW TAFE Commission, 1999
2. C V Brooks, IM Borish: System for Ophthalmic Dispensing, Second edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, USA, 1996

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Ocular Diseases II &amp; Glaucoma</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 119 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand anatomy &amp; pathophysiology of ocular posterior segment</li> <li>• Identifying the ocular diseases of anterior segment</li> <li>• Understand the diagnostic approach, differential diagnosis and management aspects of the ocular diseases.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Retina and Vitreous: Applied Anatomy, Congenital and Developmental Disorders ( Optic Disc: Coloboma, Drusen, Hypoplasia, Medullated nerve fibers; Persistent Hyaloid Artery) Inflammatory disorders ( Retinitis : Acute purulent , Bacterial, Virus, mycotic) Retinal Vasculitis ( Eales's), Retinal Artery Occlusion ( Central retinal Artery occlusion), Retinal Vein occlusion (Ischaemic, Non Ischaemic , Branch retinal vein occlusion), Retinal degenerations : Retinitis Pigmentosa, Lattice degenerations, Macular disorders: Solar retinopathy, central serous retinopathy, cystoid macular edema, Age related macular degeneration. Retinal Detachment: Rhegmatogenous, Tractional, Exudative), Retinoblastoma, Diabetic retinopathy	10
2	Ocular Injuries: Terminology: Closed globe injury (contusion, lamellar laceration) Open globe injury (rupture, laceration, penetrating injury, perforating injury), Mechanical injuries (Extraocular foreign body, blunt trauma, perforating injury, sympathetic ophthalmitis), Non Mechanical Injuries ( Chemical injuries, Thermal, Electrical, Radiational), Clinical approach towards ocular injury patients	10
3	Lens: Applied Anatomy and Physiology, Clinical examination, Classification of cataract, Congenital and Developmental cataract, Acquired (Senile, Traumatic, Complicated, Metabolic, Electric, Radiational, Toxic), Morphological: Capsular, Subcapsular, Cortical, Supranuclear, Nuclear, Polar., Management of cataract (Non-surgical and surgical measures; preoperative evaluation, Types of surgeries,) Complications of cataract surgery, Displacement of lens: Subluxation, Displacement, Lenscoloboma, Lenticonus, Microspherophakia.;	10
4	Clinical Neuro-ophthalmology: Anatomy of visual pathway, Lesions of the visual pathway, Pupillary reflexes and abnormalities (Amaurotic light reflex, Efferent pathway defect, Wernicke's hemianopic pupil, Marcus Gunn pupil. Argyll Robertson pupil, Adie's tonic pupil), Optic neuritis, Anterior Ischemic optic neuropathy, Papilloedema, optic atrophy, Cortical blindness, Malingering, Nystagmus, Clinical examination	10
5	Glaucoma: Applied anatomy and physiology of anterior segment, Clinical Examination, Definitions and classification of glaucoma, Pathogenesis of glaucomatous ocular damage, Congenital glaucoma's, Primary open angle glaucoma, Ocular hypertension, Normal Tension Glaucoma, Primary angle closure glaucoma ( Primary angle closure suspect, Intermittent glaucoma, acute congestive, chronic angle closure), Secondary Glaucoma's, Management : common medications, laser intervention and surgical techniques	5
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Text book:**

- A K Khurana: Comprehensive Ophthalmology, 4th edition, New age international (p) Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi, 2007

**Reference books:**

- Stephen J. Miller : Parsons Diseases of the Eye, 18th edition, Churchill Livingstone, 1990
- Jack J. Kanski Clinical Ophthalmology: A Systematic Approach, 6th edition, Butterworth - Heinemann, 2007

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Dispensing Optics</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 120 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Developing the ability to identify &amp; interpret the spectacle components, prescription, interpretation and transposition.</li> <li>• Knowledge of facial measurements, lens inspection, lens power verification, lens marking, safety standards for ophthalmic lenses and various faults in lens and frames.</li> <li>• Understand and developed skills to follow standardization method for quality spectacle dispensing &amp; troubleshooting complaints.</li> <li>• To gain knowledge regarding availability of various types of frames &amp; lenses.</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Components of spectacle prescription & interpretation, transposition, Add and near power relation	5
2	Frame selection –based on spectacle prescription, professional requirements, age group, face shape	5
3	Measuring Inter-pupillary distance (IPD) for distance & near, bifocal height	2
4	Lens & Frame markings, Pupillary centers, bifocal heights, Progressive markings & adjustments –facial wrap, pantoscopic tilt	3
5	Recording and ordering of lenses (power, add, diameter, base, material, type, lens enhancements)	5
6	Neutralization –Hand & lensometer, axis marking, prism marking	5
7	Faults in spectacles (lens fitting, frame fitting, patients complaints, description, detection and correction)	5
8	Special types of spectacle frames :MonoclesPtosis crutches, Industrial safety glasses, Welding glasses	5
9	Frame availability in Indian market	5
10	FAQ's by customers and their ideal answers	5
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 120 P - Dispensing Optics**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Transposition – Simple and Toric prescription	<b>30</b>
2	Measurement of Inter Pupillary Distance	
3	Solving problems of vergence calculation	
4	Use of lensometer for spherical lenses – Power and center marking	
5	Solving problems on centration & decentration	
6	Using Geneva Lens measure to find out surface power of lenses	
7	Use of lensometer for finding out power of all type of lenses, marking– center, axis, measuring power of prism.	
8	Marking – center, axis by other methods	
9	Hand Neutralization of Ophthalmic lenses	
10	Glazing cutting fitting for various type of lenses	
11	Lens and Frame identification	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Text book/Reference books:**

- Jalie MO: Ophthalmic lens and Dispensing, 3rd edition, Butterworth –Heinemann, 2008
- Troy E. Fannin, Theodore Grosvenor: Clinical Optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth –Heinemann, 1996
- C W Brooks, IM Borish: System for Ophthalmic Dispensing, 3rd edition, Butterworth - Heinemann, 2007
- Michael P Keating: Geometric, Physical & Visual Optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth – Heinemann, 2002

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Optometric Instrumentation</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 121 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Developed theoretical knowledge of Basic and Advance optometric instruments, its Working principle, Construction, Use in clinical practice and Limitation</li> <li>• Demonstrate skillful operation and handling of optometric instruments, along with interpretation of the test result obtained.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Refractive instruments: Optotypes and MTF, Spatial Frequency,	4
2	Test charts standards, Choice of test charts, Trial case lenses, Refractor (phoropter) head units, Optical considerations of refractor units, Trial frame design, Near vision difficulties with units and trial frames,	8
3	Retinoscope – types available, Adjustment of Retinoscopes- special features, Objective optometers.,	5
4	Infrared optometer devices., Projection charts , Illumination of the consulting room., Brightness acuity test, Vision analyzer, Pupilometer, Potential Acuity Meter, Abberometer	8
5	Ophthalmoscopes and related devices :Design of ophthalmoscopes – illumination ,Design of ophthalmoscopes- viewing, Ophthalmoscope disc, Filters for ophthalmoscopy, Indirect ophthalmoscope	8
6	Lensometer, Lens gauges or clock	2
7	Slit lamp	1
8	Tonometers, Keratometer and corneal topography	3
	Refractometer	1
9	Orthoptic Instruments (Synaptophore Only), Color Vision Testing Devices	3
10	Fields of Vision And Screening Devices, Scans	1
11	ERG	1
	New Instruments	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>45hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 121 P - Optometric Instrumentation**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Refractive instruments: Optotypes and MTF, Spatial Frequency(onlytheory),	<b>30</b>
2	Test charts standards	
3	Retinoscope	
4	Vision analyzer, Pupilometer, Potential Acuity Meter, Abberometer	
5	Ophthalmoscopes and related devices	
6	Lensometer, Lens gauges or clock	
7	Slit lamp	
8	Tonometers, Keratometer and corneal topography	
9	Refractometer	
10	Orthoptic Instruments, Color Vision Testing Devices , Fields ofVision And Screening Devices , Scans	
11	ERG	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Text book:**

David Henson: Optometric Instrumentations, Butterworth- Heinnemann, UK, 1991

**Reference books:**

- P R Yoder: Mounting Optics in Optical Instruments, SPIE Society of Photo- Optical Instrumentation, 2002
- G Smith, D A. Atchison: The Eye and Visual Optical Instruments, Cambridge University Press, 199

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Basic &amp; Ocular Pharmacology</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 122 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding of basic principle of pharmacokinetics &amp; pharmacodynamics.</li> <li>• Knowledge regarding general, systemic &amp; ocular pharmacology</li> <li>• Understanding the actions, uses, adverse effects and mode of administration of drugs, especially related to eyes.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	General Pharmacology: Introduction & sources of drugs, Routes of drug administration, Pharmacokinetics (emphasis on ocular pharmacokinetics), Pharmacodynamics & factors modifying drug actions	4
2	Systemic Pharmacology: Autonomic nervous system: Drugs affecting pupillary size and light reflex, Intraocular tension, Accommodation; Cardiovascular system: Anti-hypertensives and drugs useful in Angina; Diuretics: Drugs used in ocular disorders; Central Nervous System: Alcohol, sedative hypnotics, General & local anesthetics, Opioids & non-opioids; Chemotherapy : Introduction on general chemotherapy, Specific chemotherapy –Antiviral, antifungal, antibiotics; Hormones : Corticosteroids, Antidiabetics; Blood Coagulants	4
3	Ocular Pharmacology: Ocular preparations, formulations and requirements of an ideal agent; Ocular Pharmacokinetics, methods of drug administration & Special drug delivery system; Ocular Toxicology	4
4	Diagnostic & Therapeutic applications of drugs used in Ophthalmology: Diagnostic Drugs & biological agents used in ocular surgery,	4
5	Anesthetics used in ophthalmic procedures,	2
6	Anti-glaucoma drugs;	2
7	Pharmacotherapy of ocular infections –Bacterial, viral, fungal & chlamydial;	3
8	Drugs used in allergic ,inflammatory& degenerative conditions of the eye;	3
9	Immune modulators in Ophthalmic practice, Wetting agents & tear substitutes ,	2
10	Antioxidants	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Text book/reference books:**

- K D Tripathi: Essentials of Medical Pharmacology. 5th edition, Jaypee, New Delhi, 2004
- Ashok Garg: Manual of Ocular Therapeutics, Jaypee, New Delhi, 1996
- T J Zimmerman, K S Kooner : Text Book of Ocular Pharmacology, Lippincott-Raven, 1997



**Course Code - BOPTOM 123 CP – OPTOM Directed Clinical Education - II**

Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (including related practical's to the parent course) **(Total -270 hrs.)**

**ABILITY ENHANCEMENT ELECTIVE COURSE**

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Computer and applications</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>AEC 003 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to Hardware and processing of computers and storage devices.</li> <li>• Adept knowledge of computer software and applications such as Microsoft office (Word, Excel and Power Point)</li> <li>• Application of operating systems, computer networks &amp; internet in Health Care Settings.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Introduction to computer: Introduction, characteristics of computer, block diagram of computer, generations of computer, computer languages.	1
2	Input output devices: Input devices(keyboard, point and draw devices, data scanning devices, digitizer, electronic card reader, voice recognition devices, vision-input devices), output devices(monitors, pointers, plotters, screen image projector, voice response systems).	3
3	Processor and memory: The Central Processing Unit (CPU), main memory.	4
4	Storage Devices: Sequential and direct access devices, magnetic tape, magnetic disk, optical disk, mass storage devices.	3
5	Introduction of windows: History, features, desktop, taskbar, icons on the desktop, operation with folder, creating shortcuts, operation with windows (opening, closing, moving, resizing, minimizing and maximizing, etc.).	5
6	Introduction to MS-Word: introduction, components of a word window, creating, opening and inserting files, editing a document file, page setting and formatting the text, saving the document, spell checking, printing the document file, creating and editing of table, mail merge.	5
7	Introduction to Excel: introduction, about worksheet, entering information, saving workbooks and formatting, printing the worksheet, creating graphs.	5
8	Introduction to power-point: introduction, creating and manipulating presentation, views, formatting and enhancing text, slide with graphs.	5
9	Introduction of Operating System: introduction, operating system concepts, types of operating system.	4
10	Computer networks: introduction, types of network (LAN, MAN, WAN, Internet, Intranet), network topologies (star, ring, bus, mesh, tree, hybrid), components of network.	5
11	Internet and its Applications: definition, brief history, basic services (E-Mail, File Transfer Protocol, telnet, the World Wide Web (WWW)), www browsers, use of the internet.	4
12	Application of Computers in clinical settings.	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs.</b>

**Text books:**

- (1) Mausner & Bahn : Epidemiology-An Introductory text, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., W.B. Saunders Co.
- (2) Richard f. Morton & j. Richard Hebd: A study guide to Epidemiology and Biostatistics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., University Park Press, Baltimore.
- (3) Sylvia W Smoller, J Smoller, Biostatistics & Epidemiology A Primer for health and Biomedical professionals, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Springs, 2015

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - IV</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Good Clinical Laboratory Practice Research &amp; Skills</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>AEC 004 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proficiency and adept knowledge of Good Clinical Laboratory Practice (GCLP), ethical principles and guidelines to ensure patient rights and welfare in clinical research.</li> <li>• Understand the importance of Ethical Guidelines and Good Documentation Practices (GDP) in conducting Clinical Research.</li> <li>• Effectively understand the Basics of Biostatistics, Research Study Designing, Methodology, Implementation and Grant Application.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Introduction to Good Clinical Laboratory Practice;</b> Definition and principles of GCLP, Historical background and evolution, Regulatory guidelines and standards (e.g., FDA, ICH, WHO), Ethical considerations in clinical research.	5
2	<b>Laboratory Safety and Quality Assurance;</b> Laboratory safety protocols and precautions, Risk assessment and mitigation strategies, Quality control and quality assurance measures, Documentation and record-keeping practices.	5
3	<b>Basic of Biostatistics;</b> Sampling Techniques, Experimental Designs, Basic Data analysis methods, Preparation of Frequency Table, Mean, Mode and Median Analysis.	5
4	<b>Research Ethics and Good Documentation Practices;</b> Ethical principles in clinical research, Informed consent process, Good Documentation Practice (GDP) guidelines, Adverse event reporting and ethical considerations.	5
5	<b>Research Protocol Design and Implementation;</b> Components of a research protocol, Study design and methodology, Protocol review and approval process, Practical considerations in protocol implementation.	5
6	<b>Proposal writing and grant application process;</b> Components of the research proposal, General Considerations in the Proposal formulations, Stages of Proposal Evaluations, Introduction of various funding agencies.	5
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

# THIRD YEAR

## B. Optometry

### SEMESTER-V

Code No.	Core Subjects
<b>Theory</b>	
BOPTOM 124 L	Contact Lenses I
BOPTOM 125 L	Binocular Vision I & II
BOPTOM 126 L	Low Vision Aids
BOPTOM 127 L	Systemic Disease
BOPTOM 128 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education-III
<b>Practical</b>	
BOPTOM 124 P	Contact Lenses I
BOPTOM 125 P	Binocular Vision I & II
<b>Discipline Specific Elective</b>	
DSE 001 L	Basics of Clinical Skills Learning
DSE 002 L	Hospital Operation Management

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - V</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Contact Lenses I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 124 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To gain detail knowledge regarding Rigid Gas permeable contact lens which includes, history of lens, manufacturing process, types material, material properties, lens design and lens verification process.</li> <li>To develop skill for fitting and assessing a range of contact lens design used as a mode of correction for refractive errors, irregular cornea &amp; presbyopia</li> <li>Skilled enough to detect contact lens related complication and management, regarding contact lens</li> <li>Developing of effective communication skills to communicate with contact lens patients and providing training and guidance for contact lens wear and care, communication fellow professionals and contact lens manufacturers and suppliers.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Introduction to Contact lenses-</b> Definition, Classification / Types	3
2	History of Contact Lenses	3
3	<b>Optics of Contact Lenses-</b> Magnification & Visual field, Accommodation & Convergence, Back & Front Vertex Power / Vertex distance calculation	3
4	<b>Review of Anatomy &amp; Physiology of-</b> Tear film, Cornea, Lids & Conjunctiva	3
5	<b>Introduction to CL materials-</b> Monomers, Polymers	3
6	<b>Properties of CL materials-</b> Physiological (Dk, Ionicity, Water content), Physical (Elasticity, Tensile strength, Rigidity), Optical (Transmission, Refractive index)	3
7	Indications and contraindications	3
8	Parameters / Designs of Contact Lenses & Terminology	3
9	RGP Contact Lens materials	3
10	Manufacturing Rigid and Soft Contact Lenses –various methods	3
11	Pre-Fitting examination –steps, significance, recording of results	3
12	Correction of Astigmatism with RGP lens	3
13	Types of fit –Steep, Flat, Optimum –on spherical cornea with spherical lenses	3
14	Types of fit –Steep, Flat, Optimum –on Toric cornea with spherical lenses	2
15	Calculation and finalizing Contact lens parameters	2
16	Ordering Rigid Contact Lenses –writing a prescription to the Laboratory	3
17	Checking and verifying Contact lenses from Laboratory	2

18	Modifications possible with Rigid lenses	2
19	<b>Common Handling Instructions-</b> Insertion & Removal Techniques, Do's and Dont's	2
20	<b>Care and Maintenance of Rigid lenses</b> - Cleaning agents & Importance, Rinsing agents & Importance, Disinfecting agents & importance, Lubricating & Enzymatic cleaners	3
21	Follow up visit examination	3
22	Complications of RGP lenses	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>60 hrs</b>

### BOPTOM 124 P - Contact Lenses I

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Preliminary measurements and slit Lamp	30
2	Keratometry	
3	Fitting Philosophies	
4	Handling instructions	
5	Care and maintenance	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs.</b>

#### Recommended Learning Resources

##### Text Books:

- IACLE modules 1 - 10
- CLAO Volumes 1, 2, 3
- Anthony J. Phillips : Contact Lenses, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2006
- Elisabeth A. W. Millis: Medical Contact Lens Practice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2004
- E S. Bennett ,V A Henry :Clinical manual of Contact Lenses, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, 2008

Reference books or related websites: [www.iacle.org](http://www.iacle.org)

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - V</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Binocular Vision I &amp; II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 125 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evolve theoretical knowledge about Anatomical and Physiological consideration of Binocular vision.</li> <li>• Understanding the Strabismus and Non-strabismus Binocular Vision anomalies.</li> <li>• Identify and investigate Sensory and Motor adaptations</li> <li>• Able to select and perform appropriate test batteries for diagnosis and interpret the findings.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Binocular Vision and Space perception-</b> Relative subjective visual direction., Retino motorvalue, Grades of BSV, SMP and Cyclopean Eye, Correspondence, Fusion, Diplopia, Retinal rivalry, Horopter, Physiological Diplopia and Suppression, Stereopsis, Panum's area, BSV, Stereopsis and monocular clues – significance, Egocentric location, clinical applications, Theories of Binocular vision.	4
2	<b>Anatomy of Extra Ocular Muscles-</b> Rectii and Obliques, LPS, Innervation & Blood Supply, Physiology of Ocularmovements, Center of rotation, Axes of Fick, Action of individual muscle, Laws of ocular motility, Donder's and Listing's law, Sherrington's law, Hering's law, Uniocular& Binocular movements - fixation, saccadic & pursuits, Version & Vergence., Fixation & field of fixation	3
3	<b>Near Vision Complex Accommodation-</b> Definition and mechanism ,(process), Methods of measurement, Stimulusand innervation, Types of accommodation, Anomalies of accommodation –aetiology and management.	2
4	<b>Convergence-</b> Definition and mechanism, Methods of measurement, Types and components of, convergence -Tonic, accommodative, fusional, proximal, Anomalies of Convergence –aetiology and management.	3
5	Sensory adaptations Confusion	2
6	Suppression Investigations, Management Blind spot syndrome	2
7	Abnormal Retinal Correspondence, Investigation and management, Blind spot syndrome	2
8	Eccentric Fixation, Investigation and management	2
9	<b>Amblyopia Classification:</b> Aetiology, Investigation, Management	2
10	Neuro-muscular anomalies: Classification and etiological factors	2
11	History –recording and significance.	1
11	<b>Convergent strabismus-</b> Accommodative convergent squint : Classification , Investigation and Management, Non accommodative Convergent squint : Classification , Investigation and management	3
12	<b>Divergent Strabismus :</b> Classification, A& V phenomenon , Investigation and ,Management	2

13	<b>Vertical strabismus</b> : Classification , Investigation and, Management	2
14	<b>Paralytic Strabismus : Acquired and Congenital</b> -Clinical Characteristics, Distinction from comitant and restrictive Squint	2
15	<b>Investigations</b> - History and symptoms, Head Posture, Diplopia Charting , Hess chart, PBCT, Nine directions,Binocular field of vision	4
16	Nystagmus	1
17	Surgical and Non-surgical Management of Squint	2
18	<b>Restrictive Strabismus</b> – Features- Musculo facial anomalies, Duane’s Rétraction syndrome, Clinical features and management, Brown’s Superior oblique sheath syndrome, Strabismus fixus, Congenital muscle fibrosis	4
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs.</b>

### BOPTOM 125 P - Binocular Vision I & II

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Examination of status of binocular vision – W.F.D.T, Maddox rod, wing, Accommodation, vergences	30
2	Type of Cover Test, ocular movement, diplopia charting	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

#### Recommended Learning Resources:

##### Text Books:

- Pradeep Sharma: Strabismus simplified, New Delhi, First edition, 1999, Modern publishers.
- Fiona J. Rowe: Clinical Orthoptics, second edition, 2004, Blackwell Science Ltd
- Gunter K. Von Noorden: BURIAN- VON NOORDEN’S Binocular vision and ocular motility theory and management of strabismus, Missouri, Second edition, 1980, C. V. Mosby Company
- Mitchell Scheiman; Bruce Wick: Clinical Management of Binocular Vision Heterophoric, Accommodative, and Eye Movement Disorders, 2008, Lippincot Williams & Wilkins publishers



<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - V</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Low Vision Aids</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 126 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding of the terminology used to describe low vision and visual impairment, epidemiology and demography of low vision in India.</li> <li>• Developing skill and knowledge to understand optics, determine magnification requirements and to prescribe, dispense and train in the use of optical, non-optical, electronic low vision task appropriate devices.</li> <li>• Understanding of visual rehabilitation process &amp; legal aspects of low vision</li> <li>• Establish effective communication with individuals, their family, careers and with other organizations and professionals.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Definitions & classification of Low vision	2
2	Epidemiology of low vision, Model of low vision service	2
3	Pre-clinical evaluation of low vision patients –prognostic & psychological factors;psycho-social impact of low vision	2
4	Clinical evaluation –assessment of visual acuity, visual field, selection of low visionaids, instruction & training	2
5	Optics of Low vision devices	2
6	Types of low vision devices –optical aids, non-optical aids & electronic devices	3
7	Pediatric Low Vision care and Special children	3
8	Low vision aids –dispensing & prescribing aspects	3
9	<b>Management of Field loss in Low vision</b> - Eccentric viewing Training, Prescription of Prisms	3
10	Visual rehabilitation & counseling	2
11	Legal aspects of Low vision in India	2
12	Case Analysis	4
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Recommended Learning Resources:**

**Text Books:**

1. Christine Dickinson: Low Vision: Principles and Practice Low vision care, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1998
2. E Vaithilingam: practice of Low vision –A guide book, Medical Research Foundation, 2000.
3. Richard L. Brilliant: Essentials of Low Vision Practice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1999
4. Helen Farral: optometric Management of Visual Handicap, Blackwell Scientific publications, 1991
5. A J Jackson, J S Wolffsohn: Low Vision Manual, Butterworth Heinemann, 2007

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - V</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Systemic Diseases</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 127 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding of various systemic diseases that all affect the eyes</li> <li>• Understanding of the ocular side effects of various drugs that are used to manage or treat systemic diseases</li> <li>• Understand the role of an optometrists for co management of an systemic diseases with other health care professionals</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>Hypertension</b> -Definition, classification, Epidemiology, clinical examination, complications, and management, Hypertensive retinopathy	3
2	<b>Diabetes Mellitus</b> -Classification, pathophysiology, clinical presentations, diagnosis, and management, Complications: Diabetic Retinopathy	3
3	<b>Thyroid Disease</b> - Physiology, testing for thyroid disease, Hyperthyroidism, Hypothyroidism, Thyroiditis, Thyroid tumors; Grave's Ophthalmopathy	3
4	<b>Acquired Heart Disease</b> - Ischemic Heart Disease, Congestive heart failure, Disorders of cardiac rhythm, Ophthalmic considerations	2
5	<b>Cancer</b> :Incidence, Etiology, Therapy, Ophthalmologic considerations	2
6	<b>Connective Tissue Disease</b> - Rheumatic arthritis, Systemic lupus erythematosus, Scleroderma, Polymyositis and dermatomyositis, Sjogren syndrome, Behcet's syndrome, Eye and connective tissue disease	4
7	<b>Tuberculosis</b> - Aetiology, pathology, clinical features, pulmonary tuberculosis, diagnosis, complications, treatment tuberculosis and the eye.	2
8	Herpes virus ( Herpes simplex, Varicella Zoster, Cytomegalovirus, Epstein Barr Virus) Herpes and the eye	2
9	Hepatitis ( Hepatitis A, B, C)	2
10	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome	2
11	Anemia ( Diagnosis, clinical evaluation, consequences, Sickle cell disease, treatment, Ophthalmologic considerations)	3
12	<b>Common Tropical Medical Ailment</b> - Malaria, Typhoid, Dengue, Filariases, Onchocerciasis, Cysticercosis, Leprosy	3
13	<b>Nutritional and Metabolic disorders</b> : Obesity, Hyperlipidaemias, Kwashiorkor, Vitamin A Deficiency, Vitamin D Deficiency, Vitamin E Deficiency, Vitamin K Deficiency, Vitamin B1, B2, Deficiency, Vitamin C Deficiency,	4
14	Myasthenia Gravis	2
15	First Aid, General Medical Emergencies, Preoperative precautions in ocular surgeries	2
16	<b>Psychiatry</b> - Basic knowledge of psychiatric condition and Patient Management	2
17	<b>Genetics</b> - Introduction to genetics, Organisation of the cell, Chromosome structure and cell division, Gene structure and basic principles of Genetics, Genetic disorders and their diagnosis, Genes and the eye, Genetic counseling and genetic engineering.	4
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

**Reference books or related websites:**

**Recommended Learning Resources:**

**Text Books:**

- a. C Haslett, E R Chilvers, N A boon, N R Coledge, J A A Hunter: Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine, Ed. John Macleod, 19th Ed., ELBS/Churchill Livingstone. (PPM), 2002
- b. Basic and clinical Science course: Update on General Medicine, American Academy of Ophthalmology, Section 1, 1999

**Course Code - BOPTOM 128 CP: OPTOM Directed Clinical Education -III**

Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (including related practical's to the parent course) **(Total -315 hrs.)**

**DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE**

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - V</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Basics of Clinical Skill Learning</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>DSE 001 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ability to Measure Vital Signs, do basic physical Examination of the patients, NG tube basics, Administration of Medicines</li> <li>• Understand about Asepsis, and the Cleanliness related to asepsis and on mobility of the patients</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>MEASURING VITAL SIGNS:</b> Temperature: Axillaries Temperature, Pulse: Sites of pulse, Measurement, Respiratory, Blood Pressure, Pain: Pain Scale	5
2	<b>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:</b> Observation, Auscultation(Chest), Palpation, Percussion, History Taking	10
3	<b>FEEDING: ENTRAL FEEDING, NG TUBE:</b> Measurement, Procedure, Care, Removal of Nasal-Gastric Tube, Nasal-Gastric Tube Feeding, and Parenteral Nutrition.	10
4	<b>ADMINISTRATIONS:</b> Oral, Intravenous, Intramuscular, Subcutaneous, Recapping of Syringe, Loading of Drugs, Calculation of Drugs, Venipuncture, IV Infusion, Cannula, Attachment of IV infusion Set, Fluid Collection, Heparin Lock, Maintenance of IV set, Performing Nebulizer Therapy, Inhaler, Oxygen Therapy (Nasal, prongs, nasal Catheter, Venturi Mask, face mask)	10
5	<b>ASEPSIS:</b> Hand wash Techniques, (Medical, Surgical) Universal Precaution, Protecting Equipments: Using Sterile Gloves, Opening a Sterile package and Establishing a Sterile Field, Sterile Dressing Changes, Surgical Attire, Wound Dressing, Suture Removal, Cleaning and Application of Sterile Dressing, Wearing and Removal of personal protective Equipment	5
6	<b>MOBILITY AND SUPPORT:</b> Moving and Positioning, range of Motion exercises (Active & Passive) Assisting for Transfer, Application of Restraints	5
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - V</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Hospital Operation Management</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>DSE 002 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand and apply the knowledge of Medico-Legal regulations and Medical Ethics in Healthcare System.</li> <li>• Ability to utilize Hospital Information system in Hospital services.</li> <li>• Understand the operation management of Equipment's and medical records in Health Care services.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	<b>MEDICO-LEGAL CASES:</b> Introduction, Laws associated with Medico-Legal Cases, Three Core Contents in Medico-legal cases w.r.t Doctors, Patient & Profession,	5
2	<b>CONSIDERATIONS OF ETHICS:</b> Consent, Confidentiality, Mental Health, End of life and Organ Transportation, Research & Clinical Trials	10
3	<b>HOSPITAL INFORMATION SYSTEM(HIS):</b> Hospital Information System Management, software applications in registration, billing, investigations, reporting, medical records management, Security and ethical challenges	10
4	<b>EQUIPMENT OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT:</b> Hospital equipment repair and maintenance, types of maintenance, job orders, equipment maintenance log books, AMCS	10
5	<b>ROLE OF MEDICAL RECORDS IN HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT:</b> Computers for Medical records, Developments of computerized medical record information processing system(EMR's), Computer stored (Vs) Manual hand written record, Advantages of EMR (Vs) Manual	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>45 hrs</b>

# THIRD YEAR

## B. Optometry

### SEMESTER-VI

Code No.	Core Subjects
<b>Theory</b>	
BOPTOM 129 L	Contact Lenses II
BOPTOM 130 L	Sports Vision
BOPTOM 131 L	Pediatric and Geriatric Optometry
BOPTOM 132 L	Occupational Optometry
BOPTOM 133 CP	OPTOM Directed Clinical Education-IV
<b>Practical</b>	
BOPTOM 129 P	Contact Lenses II
BOPTOM 131 P	Pediatric and Geriatric Optometry



<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - VI</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Contact Lenses II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 129 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To gain detail knowledge regarding Soft Contact lens which includes, history of lens, manufacturing process, types material, material properties, lens design and lens verification process.</li> <li>• To develop skill for fitting and assessing a range of contact lens design used as a mode of correction for refractive errors, irregular cornea &amp; presbyopia</li> <li>• Skilled enough to detect contact lens related complication and management, regarding contact lens</li> <li>• Developing of effective communication skills to communicate with contact lens patients and providing training and guidance for contact lens wear and care, communication fellow professionals and contact lens manufacturers and suppliers</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	SCL Materials & Review of manufacturing techniques	2
2	Comparison of RGP vs. SCL	1
3	Pre-fitting considerations for SCL	2
4	Fitting philosophies for SCL	3
5	Fit Assessment in Soft Contact lenses :Types of fit –Steep, Flat, Optimum	3
6	Calculation and finalizing SCL parameters	2
7	Modalities of Soft contact lenses available and their advantages	2
8	<b>Soft Toric CL-</b> Stabilization techniques, Parameter selection, Fitting assessment,	2
9	Common Handling Instructions, Insertion & Removal Techniques, Do's and Dont's	1
10	<b>Care and Maintenance of Soft lenses</b> - Cleaning agents & Importance, Rinsing agents & Importance, Disinfecting agents & importance, Lubricating & Enzymatic cleaners	2
11	Follow up visit examination	2
12	Complications of Soft lenses	3
13	<b>Therapeutic contact lenses-</b> Indications, Fitting consideration	1
14	<b>Specialty fitting:</b> Aphakia, Pediatric, Post refractive surgery	2
15	Management of Presbyopia with Contact lenses	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**BOPTOM 129 P -Contact Lenses II**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Preliminary measurements and slit Lamp	<b>30</b>
2	Keratometry	
3	Fitting Philosophies	
4	Handling instructions	
5	Care and maintenance	
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

**Recommended Learning Resources:****Text Books:**

- IACLE modules 1 - 10
- CLAO Volumes 1, 2, 3
- Anthony J. Phillips : Contact Lenses, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2006
- Elisabeth A. W. Millis: Medical Contact Lens Practice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2004
- E S. Bennett ,V A Henry :Clinical manual of Contact Lenses, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Lippincott Williams andWilkins, 2008

**Reference books or related websites: [www.iacle.org](http://www.iacle.org)**

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - VI</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Sports Vision</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 130 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the role of vision in sports and in information processing.</li> <li>Conduct Sports specific task analyst, identify and evaluate the visual skills use in different types of dynamic and static sports.</li> <li>Have a keen understanding about sports related injuries and protective equipment</li> <li>Able to design a sports vision training program</li> </ul>
------------------------	---

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Principles of Vision Training	2
2	<b>Introduction to Sports Vision-</b> History of Sports Vision, Definitions of Terms	2
3	<b>Vision and Sports-</b> Vision Performance and Athletics	2
4	Equipment List	2
5	Sports Terminologies	2
6	<b>Sports Vision Examinations-</b> Visual Acuity, High Contrast, Refraction, Color Vision, Stereopsis, Dominant Eye / Hand, Eye Health, Cover Test, Ocular Motility, Visual Field, Night Vision, Glare Sensitivity, Glare Recovery	3
7	<b>Visual Skills Description and Training Procedures-</b> Accommodation – Vergence Facility, Distance Fixation Disparity, Dynamic Visual Acuity, Eye-Hand Co-ordination, Response Speed, Eye-Foot Co-ordination, ResponseSpeed, Eye-Foot-Body Balance, Peripheral Awareness, Anticipation Timing, Visual Concentration, Speed of Recognition, Visual Concentration, Speed of Recognition, Visual Adjustability, Peripheral Reaction Time, Visualization, Speed of Focusing, Increased Fusional Reserve, Fixation Ability, Visual Memory, Spatial Localization	4
8	Visual Skills in Sports and Prescription in the form of vision correction	2
9	Designing Sports Vision Programs	2
10	Sports-related Injuries and First Aid	3
11	Post trauma vision syndrome and Visual Midline Shift Syndrome	2
12	Special Concerns Dyslexia, Down's Syndrome	2
13	<b>Orthoptic Evaluation-</b> Identification of sports eye wear for various sports Identification of sports protective devices, Dispensing of various kinds of sports eyewear.	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

#### **Recommended Learning Resources:**

##### **Text Books:**

Sports Vision by DFC Loran and C J MacEwen Publishers: Butterworth and Heinmann

Reference books or related websites:

Sports Vision by Graham Erickson Publishers: Butterworth and Heinmann

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - VI</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Pediatric and Geriatric Optometry</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 131 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Knowledge of the principal theories of childhood development, and visual development</li> <li>• Ability to take a thorough geriatric history, and pediatric history which encompasses the relevant developmental, visual, medical and educational issues</li> <li>• Ability to perform appropriate assessment and management of accommodative-vergence system, types of ametropia, accommodation and vergence disorders.</li> <li>• Knowledge of aetiology, clinical presentation and treatment of amblyopia, comitant strabismus and commonly presenting incomitant strabismus</li> <li>• Manage visual / ocular disability with appropriate optical treatments, low vision aids and referral</li> <li>• Developing effective communication skills to deal with the pediatric and geriatric patients and their attendees and also recognizing the professional responsibility and need of life-long learning in geriatric and pediatric eye care.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	The Development of Eye and Vision	1
2	Optometric Examination of Pediatric subject: History taking, Visual acuity assessment, orthoptic examination, Binocular status, Ant. & Post. segment evaluation	2
3	Subjective and objective refraction methods and prescription prescribing techniques in pediatrics	2
4	Investigation & Management: Strabismus, Amblyopia, Nystagmus, Albinism.	4
5	Ocular Prosthesis: Orbital implants, Conformers, Prosthetic shell, manufacturing (Fabrication & impression), complication	3
6	Examination Under Anesthesia: Anterior and Posterior Segment Evaluation	1
7	Overview of Syndromes: Downs, Apert, Goldenhar, Hallermann-Strief, Lowes, Marfan, Sturge-Weber, Treacher Collins, Von Recklinghausen's	3
8	Physiological & morphological changes in eye in the course of aging	2
9	Optometric Examination of Geriatric subject: History taking, Visual acuity assessment, Ocular disease specific workup (Cataract, Glaucoma, ARMD, Macular Degenerations, Retinopathies: Diabetic & Hypertensive)	2
10	Subjective and objective refraction methods and prescription prescribing techniques in geriatric	1
11	Compensatory treatment and remedial therapy for: Myopia, Pseudomyopia, Hyperopia, Astigmatism, Anisometropia, Amblyopia	3
12	Diagnostic Procedures: Perimetry, OCT, A-scan, B-Scan.	2

13	Contact lenses in elderly	2
14	Pediatric contact lenses	1
15	Spectacle dispensing in Pediatrics and elderly–Considerations of spectacle lenses and frames	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

### **BOPTOM 131 P -Pediatric and Geriatric Optometry**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Comprehensive Pediatric Case Work up	<b>60</b>
2	Comprehensive geriatric Case work up	
3	Diagnostic techniques for pediatric cases	
4	Dispensing of eyewear for various age groups of 0-16 years	
5	Dispensing of eyewear for geriatric population	
<b>Total</b>		<b>60 hrs</b>

#### **Text Books:**

- Pediatric Optometry - JEROME ROSNER, Butterworth, London 1982
- William Harvey/ Bernard Gilmartin, Butterworth –Heinemann, 2004
- Binocular Vision and Ocular Motility - VON NOORDEN G K Burian Von Noorden's, 2nd Ed., C.V.Mosby Co. St. Louis, 1980.
- Assessing Children's Vision. By Susan J Leat, Rosalyn H Shute, Carol A Westall.45 Oxford: Butterworth-Heinemann, 1999.
- Clinical pediatric optometry. LJ Press, BD Moore, Butterworth- Heinemann, 1993
- A.J.ROSSENBLOOM Jr. & M.W.MORGAN: Vision and Aging, Butterworth-Heinemann, Missouri, 2007.
- OP Sharma: Geriatric Care –A textbook of geriatrics and Gerontology, viva books, New Delhi, 2005
- VS Natarajan: An update on Geriatrics, Sakthi Pathipagam, Chennai, 1998
- DE Rosenblatt, VS Natarajan: Primer on geriatric Care A clinical approach to the older patient, Printers Castle, Cochin, 2002

<b>Name of the Programme</b>	<b>B. Optometry</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>Semester - VI</b>
<b>Name of the Course</b>	<b>Occupational Optometry</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BOPTOM 132 L</b>

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe Occupational health, hygiene and safety and be aware of laws and policy forming bodies.</li> <li>• Identify task specific visual demands in various occupation and use suitable evaluation procedures.</li> <li>• Identify occupational hazards and means of minimizing and managing them.</li> <li>• Have a better understanding about visual standards and execution of screening programs.</li> </ul>
------------------------	--

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topics</b>	<b>No. of Hrs.</b>
1	Introduction to Occupational health, hygiene and safety, international bodies like ILO, WHO, National bodies etc Acts and Rules - Factories Act, WCA, ESI Act	4
2	Electromagnetic Radiation and its effects on Eye	3
3	Light –Definitions and units, Sources, advantages and disadvantages, standards	3
4	Color –Definition, Color theory, Color coding, Color defects, Color Vision tests	2
5	Occupational hazards and preventive/protective methods	3
6	Task Analysis	3
7	Industrial Vision Screening –Modified clinical method and Industrial Vision test	3
8	Vision Standards –Railways, Roadways, Airlines	3
9	Visual Display Units	3
10	Contact lens and work	3
<b>Total</b>		<b>30 hrs</b>

### **Recommended Learning Resources:**

#### **Text Books:**

- G W Good: Occupational Vision Manual available in the following website: [www.aoa.org](http://www.aoa.org)
- N.A. Smith: Lighting for Occupational Optometry, HHSC Handbook Series, Safchem Services, 1999
- J Anshel: Visual Ergonomics Handbook, CRC Press, 2005
- G Carson, S Doshi, W Harvey: Eye Essentials: Environmental & Occupational Optometry, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2008

**Course Code- BOPTOM 133CP – OPOTM Directed Clinical Education- IV**  
Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (including related practical's to the parent course) **(Total -405 hrs.)**

## **INTERNSHIP**

### **Guidelines:**

1. The internship consists of Semester VII & VIII.
2. Duration of the internship shall be 365 days.
3. Internship is compulsory for partial fulfilment of the degree.
4. A Student is allowed to commence internship after appearing for Semester VI examination.
5. Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester VII, if He/She passes each semester V & VI OR fails in not more than 2 courses each in semester V & VI.
6. Candidate shall not be allowed to appear in final semester examination (Semester VIII) unless the candidate has cleared all the previous semester examinations (I to VII).

### **Evaluation**

#### **Formative Evaluation**

- Day to day assessment of the interns during their internship postings should be done by the Head of the Department/Faculty assigned / Coordinator.
- The objective is that all the interns must acquire necessary minimum skills required for carrying out day to day professional work competently. This can be achieved by maintaining Records/Log Book by all interns.
- This will not only provide a demonstrable evidence of the processes of training but more importantly of the interns own acquisition of competence as related to performance.

#### **Summative Evaluation:**

- It shall be based on the observation of the Sr. Technical staff/ Faculty of the department concerned and Record / Log book maintained by the interns. Based on these evaluations and attendance, the Head of the Department shall issue certificate of satisfactory completion of training.
- In order to complete internship, the students has to pass both semester VII & VIII exam (Internal & University) with sufficient attendance.
- The student will be awarded the degree by university only when the student has passed in all the semester (I to VIII) including 365 days of internship.

#### **Internship Programme:**

- 05 days for orientation programme
- 300 days in Ophthalmic Dept.
- 15 days in Pharmacology Dept.
- 30 days in Eye Bank
- 15 days in Community Medicine Dept.



**RULES AND REGULATION FOR EXAMINATION  
OF UNDER GRADUATE AND POST GRADUATE DEGREE COURSES  
UNDER MGM SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES AS PER CBCS PATTERN**

**{BOM 52/2018 dated 13.01.2018, BOM 55/ 2018 dated 27.11.2018, AC 40/2021 dated 15.06.2021,  
AC 41/2021 dated 17.02.2021, AC 42/2022 dated 26.04.2022, AC 44/2022 dated 09.12.2022,  
AC 46/2023 dated 28.04.2023, AC 48/2023 dated 12.12.2023, AC-50/2024 dated  
27.11.2024, AC-51/2025 dated 29.04.2025}**

**RULES AND REGULATION FOR EXAMINATION OF UNDER GRADUATE AND POST GRADUATE DEGREE COURSES UNDER SCHOOL OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES OFFERING CBCS PATTERN**

**1. Title of the courses offered :**

**Under Graduate Courses (Allied Health Sciences) :**

- 1.1 B.Sc. Medical Laboratory Technology
- 1.2 B.Sc. Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology
- 1.3 B.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology
- 1.4 B.Sc. Perfusion Technology
- 1.5 B.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
- 1.6 B.Sc. Operation Theatre & Anaesthesia Technology
- 1.7 B. Optometry
- 1.8 B.Sc. Physician Assistant in Emergency & Trauma Care

**Post Graduate Courses:**

- 1.9 M.Sc. Medical Biotechnology
- 1.10 M.Sc. Medical Genetics
- 1.11 M.Sc. Clinical Embryology
- 1.12 M.Sc. Molecular Biology
- 1.13 Master in Hospital Administration
- 1.14 M.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology
- 1.15 M.Sc. Medical Radiology & Imaging Technology
- 1.16 M. Optometry
- 1.17 M.Sc. Medical Dialysis Technology
- 1.18 Master of Public Health
- 1.19 M.Sc. Clinical Nutrition
- 1.20 M.Sc. Operation Theatre & Anaesthesia Technology
- 1.21 M.Sc. Emergency & Trauma Care Technology

**2. Duration of the course:**

- 2.1. Duration shall be for a period of four years, Embedded Internship.
- 2.2 Duration shall be for a period of two years for PG programme.

**3. Medium of instruction:** The medium of instruction and examination shall be in English

**4. Letter Grades And Grade Points:**

MGMSBS has adopted the UGC recommended system of awarding grades and CGPA under Choice Based Credit Semester System for all the UG/PG programmes.

4.1 MGMSBS follows absolute grading system, where the marks are compounded to grades based on pre-determined class intervals.

4.2 The UGC recommended 10-point grading system is being followed, with letter grades:

**Table 1: Grades and Grade Points:**

Letter Grade	Grade Point
O (Outstanding)	10
A+ ( Excellent)	9
A (Very Good)	8
B (Good)	7
C (Above Average)	6
F (Fail)/ RA (Reappear)	0
Ab ( Absent)	0
Not Completed (NC)	0
RC (<50% in attendance or in Internal Assessment)	

4.3 A student obtaining Grade RA shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear in the examination.

4.4 Candidates with NC grading are those detained in a course (s); while RC indicate student not fulfilling the minimum criteria for academic progress or less than 75% in attendance or less than 50% in internal assessments (IA). Registrations of such students for the respective courses shall be treated as cancelled. If the course is a core course, the candidate has to re-register and repeat the course when it is offered next time.

## 5. CBCS Grading System - Marks Equivalence Table

5.1 Table 2: Grades and Grade Points

Letter Grade	Grade Point	% of Marks
O (Outstanding)	10	86-100
A+ (Excellent)	9	70-85
A (Very Good)	8	60 -69
B (Good)	7	55 -59
C (Above Average) – <b>Pass both for UG and PGs</b>	6	50- 54
F (Fail) )/ RA (Reappear)	0	Less than 50
Ab (Absent)	0	-
NC- not completed	0	-
RC- Repeat the Course	0	0

5.2 Table 3: Cumulative Grades and Grade Points

Letter Grade	Grade Point	CGPA
--------------	-------------	------

O (Outstanding)	10	9.01 - 10.00
A+ ( Excellent)	9	8.01 – 9.00
A (Very Good)	8	7.01 – 8.00
B (Good)	7	6.00 - 7.00
C (Above Average)	6	5.01 - 6.00

5.3 The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student,

$$SGPA (S_i) = \sum(C_i \times G_i) / \sum C_i$$

where  $C_i$  is the number of credits of the  $i$ th course and  $G_i$  is the grade point scored by the student in the  $i$ th course.

The CGPA is also calculated taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a programme,

$$\text{i.e. } CGPA = \sum(C_i \times S_i) / \sum C_i$$

where  $S_i$  is the SGPA of the  $i$ th semester and  $C_i$  is the total number of credits in that semester. Cumulative grade and grade point table as attached.

5.4 Final Percentage of marks (%) = C.G.P.A based on all Six Semesters/Four Semester/Nine Semester X 10

## 6. Assessment of a Course:

Evaluation for a course shall be done on a continuous basis. Uniform procedure will be adopted under the CBCS to conduct continuous internal assessments (IA), followed by one end-semester university examination (ES) for each course.

6.1 For all category of courses offered (Theory, Practical, Discipline Specific Elective [DE]/ Lab [DL]; Generic Elective [GE] and Ability Enhancement Courses [AE]; Skills Enhancement Courses [SE] Theory or P (Practical) & RP( Research Project), assessment will comprise of Internal Assessment (IA) and the end–semester (ES) examination.

6.2 Courses in programs wherein Theory and Lab are assessed jointly (UG or PG), the minimum passing head has to be 50% Grade in total including internal assessment. RA grade in any one of the components will amount to reappearing in both components. i.e. theory and practical.

6.3 Evaluation for a course with clinical rotation or clinical training or internship will be done on a continuous basis.

## 7. Eligibility to appear for the end-semester examinations for a course includes:

7.1 "Resolved to accept" 50% eligibility in internal assessment" pattern for all the CBCS programs (UG & PG) running under the constituent units of MGMIHS. (MGM School of Biomedical Sciences, MGM School of Physiotherapy, MGM Medical College (M.Sc. Medical 3 year courses).

"This will be applicable to all existing batches (for remaining regular examinations) and forthcoming batches from June 2022 onwards" .

7.2 The students desirous of appearing for university examination shall submit the application form duly filled along with the prescribed examination fee.

7.3 Incomplete application forms or application forms submitted without prescribed fee or application form submitted after due date will be rejected and student shall not be allowed to appear for examination.

## 8. Passing Heads

8.1 Courses where theory and practical are involved, the minimum passing head shall be 50% in total including the internal assessment.

8.2 Elective subjects – the minimum prescribed marks for a pass in elective subject will be 50%. The list of student who have opted to for elective should be submitted to the university.

9 **Detention:** A student not meeting any of the above criteria may be detained (NC) in that particular course for the semester. In the subsequent semester, such a candidate improve in all, including attendance and/or IA minimum to become eligible for the next end-semester examination.

10 The maximum duration for completing the course will be 6 years (minimum duration of course x 2) i.e. (4x2) =6 years for UG courses & (2x2) =4 years for PG Courses, failing which his/her registration will be cancelled. Full fees of entire course of three or two years as the case may be liable to be paid by the students.

11 A maximum 3 attempts (including the first appearance) for appearing the examination will be given to students securing “F” grade in a given course (Core course, elective course, project work/report/dissertation/field work/training work/ etc.), along with the subsequent end semester examination.

## 12 Carryover Pattern (ATKT rules):

- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester II irrespective of number of heads of failure in the Semester I.
- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester III if he/she passes each Semester I & II **OR** fails in not more than two courses each in Semester I & II.
- Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester IV irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester III. However, the student shall pass each course of Semester I and Semester II in order to appear for Semester IV.
- Student shall be allowed to keep term for Semester V if he/she passes Semester I, Semester II, Semester, III and Semester IV. **OR** shall pass Semester I and Semester II and fails in not more than two courses each in Semester III and Semester IV.
- Student shall be allowed to keep term for Semester VI irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester V. However, he/she has passes Semester I, Semester II, Semester, III and Semester IV.
- A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester VII if he/she passes each Semester V & VI **OR** fails in not more than two courses each in Semester V & VI.
- A Candidate shall not be allowed to appear in the final semester examination (Semester VIII) unless the candidate has cleared all the previous semester examinations (I to VII).

## 13 Grace Marks for UG Courses:

**Resolution No. 3.10 of Academic Council (AC-50/2024):** Resolved to approve the amended Grace marks rule for CBCS Allied programme (Biomedical) for UG Allied Health Sciences programmes under MGM SBS:

1. A Candidate shall be eligible for grace marks only in UG courses.
2. Maximum Grace Marks up to 5 marks may be allowed in case of failure in one or more heads of passing a subject/s or examination in to (Theory/Practical)

## **Resolution No. 3.24 of Academic Council (AC-51/2025):**

Resolved to follow uniform grace mark guidelines as prescribed by MGMIHS (maximum upto 5 marks ), applicable to Under Graduate students of **Biomedical Sciences** , Physiotherapy , Prosthetic & Orthotics and Pharmacy . The guidelines as prescribed by the Indian Nursing Council to be followed for B.Sc. and M.Sc. Nursing examinations

**14 University End-Semester Examination (UG/PG Programs)**

- There will be one final university examination at the end of every semester.
- A candidate must have minimum 75% attendance (Irrespective of the type of absence) in theory and practical in each subject to be eligible for appearing the University examination.
- The principal /dean/ director shall send to the university a certificate of completion of required attendance and other requirements of the applicant as prescribed by the university, two weeks before the date of commencement of the written examination.
- A candidate shall be eligible to sit for the examination only, if she / he has secured minimum 50% in internal assessment of that subject. The internal examinations will be conducted at college/ department level.
- Notwithstanding – anything in any examination, a deficiency of attendance at lectures or practical maximum to the extent of 10% - may be condoned by the principal / dean /director.
- If a candidate fails either in theory or in practical, he/ she have to re-appear for both.
- There shall be no provision of re- evaluation of answer sheets for PG programe. Candidates may apply to the university following due procedure for recounting of theory marks in the presence of the subject experts.
- Internal assessments shall be submitted by the Head of the Department to the institute which will be then be forwarded to the university through the Director of MGMSBS at least two weeks before commencement of University theory examination.
- The university examination for first year (UG) shall consist of only theory examination and there shall be no university practical examination.

**15. Supplementary examination:** There shall be no supplementary examination

**16. Re-Verification / Retotaling (UG & PG programs)**

- There shall be provision of retotaling of the answer sheets, candidate shall be permitted to apply for recounting/retotaling of theory papers within 8 days from the date of declaration of results.
- Provision of revolution only for UG programs.

**Revised Re-Evaluation Rules:**

This is with reference to the Circular No. 02-June/2025 - (Reference No. MGMIHS/57.2/X-1/01-2025 dated 13.01.2025 and Resolution no 5 of Academic Council-50, 27-11-2024). This is to inform you that for all UG & PG students there is no provision for re-evaluation of theory papers University Examination as the system of double evaluation has been implemented for all programs. However, the provision for retotaling and photocopy of answer scripts will continue to remain in practice with effect from 01.06.2025.

**17. B.Sc. Allied Courses Scheme of Examination Pattern****17.1 B.Sc. First Year (Semester I & II) w.e.f. (Academic Year 2023-24 onwards)****Internal Examination Pattern (Theory)**

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
Short answers	5	4	4 x 3 marks each	12 marks
CIA	1. Seminar / poster (4 marks) 2. Assignments/open book test (4 marks)			8 marks
Total				20 marks

**Note –20 marks to be converted to 10 marks weightage for submission to the university.**

**17.2 University Examination Pattern (Theory)**

Question Type	No. of Questions	Questions to be Answered	Question X marks	Total marks
<b>Section A</b>				
Structured LAQ	3	2	2X8	16 Marks
Short notes	8	6	6X4	24Marks
<b>Total</b>				<b>40 Marks</b>

**Note: The exam pattern for Course “Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including Related Practicals to the Parent Course)” is as per Annexure No-1.**

**17.3 Evaluation Form for Community Engagement & Clinical Visit (Including Related Practicals to the Parent Course)**

Name of the Student:

Program/Course:

Semester:

Name of the Internal Faculty/Observer:

Name of the External Faculty/Observer:

Sr. No.	Core Competencies	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1.	Community Engagement/Educational Tour/Field work/Hospital visits/NSS (Report)	15	
2.	Demonstrated understanding of responsibilities	10	
3.	Managed time effectively to meet deadlines		
4.	Communicated well with others (Staff members, Teacher, Patients, Community Members, etc)		
5.	Demonstrated knowledge required to meet objectives		
6.	Completed required tasks as assigned by Teacher/Co-ordinator		
7.	Model making / Quiz/ Poster/Conference/ Seminar/ Presentation/Innovative Ideas Competition	15	
8.	Attendance	10	
<b>Total Marks</b>		<b>50</b>	

Internal Faculty/Observer Signature:

Date:

External Faculty/Observer Signature:

**18. Internal Examination Pattern UG Second & Third Year (Semester III to VI)****18.1 Internal examination pattern UG (Second & Third Year)****Theory: 20 marks**

Marks should be submitted by respective departments at least 15 days prior to onset of university examination to the university.

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
Long essays	2	1	1x10	10 marks
Short answers	3	2	2x5	10 marks
<b>Total</b>				<b>Total= 20 marks</b>

**18.2 Internal examination pattern UG (Second & Third Year)****Practical: 10 marks**

Internal exam (At department level)	10 marks
Viva	5 marks
Log book	5 marks
Theory and practical	Total = 20 M

**Note –20 marks to be converted to 10 marks weightage for submission to the university.**

**18.3 University Examination Pattern UG Second & Third Year (Semester III to VI)****18.4 Theory Question Paper Pattern for Core Subjects in University Examinations (Second & Third year) Under CBCS - 80 Marks**

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
<b>Section 1</b>				
MCQ	10	10	10x1	10 marks
<b>Section 2</b>				
Structured LAQ	3	2	2x15	30 marks
Short notes	6	5	5 x 8	40 marks
<b>Total</b>				<b>80 Marks</b>



**General Instructions (Theory):**

- A. Time duration of each Theory Paper will be of Three (3) Hrs. or 1 1/2 Hrs. as the case may be.
- B. Total Marks of each Theory Paper will be 80 Marks / 40 Marks.
- C. There will be TWO Sections in Question Paper. Section ONE will be MCQ while Section TWO will be long & short essay questions. There will be internal option.
- D. Both the Sections are compulsory.
- E. Both the sections are to be written in the separate answer sheet

**18.5 Practical Question Paper Pattern For University Examinations Under CBCS – 40 Marks**

Exercise	Description	Marks
Q No 1	Practical exercise - 1	1 x10=10 M
Q No 2	Station exercise	3x5M=15 M
Q No 3	VIVA	10 M
Q No 4	Journal	5 M
		<b>Total = 40 M</b>

**General Instructions (Practical):**

- A. All the students have to remain present at the examination center 15 minutes before the scheduled time for examination.
  - B. Students have to carry with them certified journal, I-card or examination receipt, and other necessary requirements for examination.
  - C. Candidate should not leave the practical hall without the permission of examiner.
  - D. Use of calculator is allowed (case to case basis) and the use of mobile phones, smart watches, any electronic devices is strictly prohibited in the university examination hall.
  - E. The candidate has to leave the laboratory only after the submission of all the answer sheets of the exercises performed.
-

**18.5 Elective Subject Internal Examination Pattern UG (Second & Third Year)**  
**Theory: 20 marks**

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
Long essays	2	1	1x10	10 marks
Short answers	3	2	2x5	10 marks
<b>Total</b>				<b>Total= 20 marks</b>

Note –20 marks to be converted to 10 marks weightage for submission to the university.

**18.6 Theory Question Paper Pattern For Elective Subject in University exam**  
**for UG Second and Third year (semester III to V) (AY 2020-21 onwards)**

Question type	No. of questions	Questions to be answered	Question X marks	Total marks
Structured LAQ	3	2	2x10	20 marks
Short notes	5	4	4 x5	20 marks
<b>Total</b>				<b>40 Marks</b>

---

**18.7- Model Checklist for Evaluation of the Clinical Directed Posting (UG)**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the Internal faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the External Faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies		
	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will begin to develop critical thinking abilities utilizing the allied health personnel roles of communicator and caregiver. Students will learn principles of professional allied health personnel practice and provide direct care to individuals within a medical surgical setting while recognizing the diverse uniqueness of individuals with health alterations.		
<b>Clinical Teaching</b>		
a. Demonstrate beginning competency in technical skills.	10	
<b>Independent Work by Student guided by faculty</b>		
a. Develop effective communication skills (verbally and through charting) with patients, team members, and family	2.5	
b. Identify intra and inter-professional team member roles and scopes of practice. Establish appropriate relationships with team members.	2.5	
<b>Hands on practical work by students</b>		
a. Protect confidentiality of electronic/manual health records data, information, and knowledge of technology in an ethical manner	05	
<b>Independent work by student</b>		
a. Demonstrate expected behaviors and complete tasks in a timely manner. Arrive to clinical experiences at assigned times. Maintain professional behavior and appearance.	05	
<b>Log book</b>	10	
<b>Viva</b>	10	
<b>Attendance</b>	05	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>	

Sign of Internal Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_

Sign of External Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_

**18.8 Model Checklist for Evaluation of the Seminar Presentations B.Sc. MDT (Semester IV)**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Topic: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Faculty/ Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Items for observation during presentation	Marks allotted	Marks Obtained
Extent of understanding of scope & objectives of the topic by the candidate	10 Marks	
Whether cross- references have been consulted	5 Marks	
Quality of slides	10 Marks	
Clarity of presentation	5 Marks	
Public speaking abilities	10 Marks	
Ability to answer questions asked on the topic	10 Marks	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>	

Note: Assessment of seminar: the seminar shall be assessed on the basis of the content of the topic chosen and its presentation.

**19. Internship Exam Pattern (Semester VII & VIII)****19.1 Internal Assessment Exam Pattern (IA) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program)**

<b>Internal Assessment Exam Pattern (IA) for Semester VII &amp; VIII (Internship Program)</b>	
<b>Internal exam pattern: Total 20 marks with following breakup</b>	
<b>Description</b>	<b>Marks</b>
Internal exam (at department)	10 marks
Viva	5 marks
Log Book	5 marks
<b>Total = 20 Marks</b>	

**19.2 Scheme of University Semester End Examination (SEE) for Semester VII & VIII (Internship Program) & Eligibility Criteria for Attendance.**

<b>Scheme of University Semester End Examination (SEE) for Semester VII &amp; VIII (Internship Program)</b>		
<b>Practical exam pattern: Total 80 marks with following breakup</b>		
<b>Exercise</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Marks</b>
Q No 1	Case Study	2 x 15 = 30 M
Q No 2	Station exercise	3 x 5 = 15 M
Q No 3	VIVA	15 M
Q No 4	Log Book	10 M
Q No 5	Attendance	10 M
<b>Total = 80 Marks</b>		

<b>Attendance (10 marks) of the student. It was decided that weightage be given to attendance as per following scheme</b>	
<b>Attendance Percentage</b>	<b>Marks</b>
< 75	Zero
75	5
76-80	6
81-85	7
86-90	8
91-95	9
96-100	10

**Note:** Internship is for 12 months (July-December; January-June) after deducting for national holidays/Sick Holidays/ Sundays + Examination), (6 days/week; 8 Hours/day). Minimum of 21 weeks/semester. Students are encouraged to involve in community outreach activities as part of their clinical postings without absentsing himself/herself for the other regular classes.

**20. Scheme of University Examination Theory for PG Program:**

General structure / patterns for setting up question papers for Theory / Practical courses, their evaluation weightages for PG programs of MGMSBS are given in the following tables

**20.1 Marks scheme for the University exam:**

Final theory marks will be 100 marks (80 marks University Theory exam + 20 Marks Internal assessment).

Question		Marks distribution	Marks allotted per section	Marks
Sec: A	MCQ	10 x 1 M = 10	10	10
Sec: B	SAQ	3/4x 5 M = 15	15	35
Sec: B	LAQ	2/3 x 10 M = 10	20	
Sec: C	SAQ	3/4x 5 M = 15	15	35
Sec: C	LAQ	2/3x 10 M = 10	20	
<b>Total</b>				<b>80 Marks</b>

**20.2 Practical exam pattern: Total 40 marks with following breakup:**

Exercise	Description	Marks
Q No 1	Practical exercise - 1	1 x20=20 M
Q No 2	Station exercise	2x5M=10 M
Q No 3	VIVA	10 M
Q No 4	Journal	NIL
<b>Total</b>		<b>40 Marks</b>

**20.3 Practical to be conducted at respective departments and marks submitted jointly by the parent department to the university.**

**20.4 Breakup of theory IA calculation for 20 marks**

Description	Marks
Internal exam (at department)	15 marks
Seminar	5 marks
<b>Total</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>

**20.5 Breakup of practical IA calculation:**

Description	Marks
Internal exam (at department)	10 marks
Viva	5 marks
Journal	5 marks
<b>Total</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>

**Note** –20 marks to be converted to 10 marks weightage for submission to the university.

**20.6: Model Checklist for Evaluation of the Seminar Presentations (PG)**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Faculty/ Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Items for observation during presentation	Marks allotted	Marks Obtained
Extent of understanding of scope & objectives of the paper by the candidate	<b>10 marks</b>	
Whether cross- references have been consulted		
Ability to defend the paper		
Clarity of presentation		
Any other observation		

Note: Assessment of seminar: the seminar shall be assessed on the basis of the content of the paper chosen and its presentation.

**20.7: Model Checklist for Evaluation of the Educational Tour/Field Work/Hospital Visit/Industrial Visit (PG)**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Faculty/ Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Items for observation during presentation	Marks allotted	Marks Obtained
Educational Tour/Field Work/Hospital Visit/ Industrial Visit report / Conference/oral presentation	15	
Online MOOC/Swayam / NPTEL courses	05	
<b>Total</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	

\*marks to be given based on the proof submitted by the student. Formal examination not required

**20.8: Model Checklist for Evaluation of the Clinical Directed Posting (PG)**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the Internal faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the External Faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies		
	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will begin to develop critical thinking abilities utilizing the allied health personnel roles of communicator and caregiver. Students will learn principles of professional allied health personnel practice and provide direct care to individuals within a medical surgical setting while recognizing the diverse uniqueness of individuals with health alterations.		
<b>Clinical Teaching</b>		
b. Demonstrate beginning competency in technical skills.	10	
<b>Independent Work by Student guided by faculty</b>		
b. Develop effective communication skills (verbally and through charting) with patients, team members, and family	2.5	
c. Identify intra and inter-professional team member roles and scopes of practice. Establish appropriate relationships with team members.	2.5	
<b>Hands on practical work by students</b>		
b. Protect confidentiality of electronic/manual health records data, information, and knowledge of technology in an ethical manner	05	
<b>Independent work by student</b>		
b. Demonstrate expected behaviors and complete tasks in a timely manner. Arrive to clinical experiences at assigned times. Maintain professional behavior and appearance.	05	
<b>Log book</b>	10	
<b>Viva</b>	10	
<b>Attendance</b>	05	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>	

Sign of Internal Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_

Sign of External Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_



**20.9: Semester III – Dissertation (PG) (Internal Assessment)**

<b>Dissertation/Project Proposal : overall performance of the student</b>	<b>Marks allotted</b>	<b>Marks Obtained</b>
Open mindedness/ Receptivity to feedback Integrates feedback	5 Marks	
Meets deadlines / Regularity in meeting / Consistency in communication	10 Marks	
<b>Continuous Internal evaluation (CIE)</b>		
Interest shown in selecting topic	5 marks	
Appropriate review	10 marks	
Discussion with guide and other faculty	10 marks	
Quality of protocol	5marks	
Preparation of proforma / log book / daily reports	5marks	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>Out of 50</b>	

### 20.10: Scheme of Evaluation for MGMSBS for Subjects like Dissertation/ Project Work/ Report (Semester IV)

Evaluation parameter ( Semester IV)	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)	Semester End Evaluation (SEE)	
	Guide	Internal examiner	External examiner
Thesis preparation, Novelty, Overall Lab Work Culture	25	-	-
Dissertation/Project work book	25	25	25
Evaluation of thesis including Viva Voce	-	50	50
Total	50	75	75
<b>Overall Total = 200 Marks</b>			

## 21. Scheme of University Examination Theory for MHA & MPH Program:

### Revised Scheme of University Examination for PG Program (w.e.f. AY 2022-23)

#### MASTER of PUBLIC HEALTH (MPH) & MASTER of HOSPITAL ADMINISTRATION (MHA)

#### SEMESTER I & IV

General structure / patterns for setting up question papers for Theory / Practical courses, their evaluation weightage for PG Programs (MPH & MHA) are given in following tables

#### Marks Scheme for the University Examination

Final Theory Mark will be 100 Marks (80 Marks University Theory Exam + 20 Marks Internal Assessment)

#### 21.1 Theory Paper Pattern: Marks: 80 Time: 3 Hrs.

Question Paper	Question No.	Question Type	Marks Distribution	Marks Per Section
Section A	1	LAQ ( 1 out of 2)	1 X 10 Marks = 10	40
	2	SAQ ( 5 out of 6)	5 X 06 Marks = 30	
Section B	3	LAQ ( 1 out of 2)	1 X 10 Marks = 10	40
	4	SAQ ( 5 out of 6)	5 X 06 Marks = 30	
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>80 Marks</b>

Note: If the paper is combination of two sub-subjects, the each section is to be dedicated for separate sub-subject for 50% weightage each.

#### 21.2 Practical Examination, if applicable, will be as per last approved pattern

#### 21.3 Internal Assessment Pattern - Theory Marks – 20

Internal Theory Examination	30 Marks / 2 = 15 Marks
Seminar / Assignment	10 Marks / 2 = 05 Marks
<b>Total</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>

**21.4: Checklist for Evaluation of Practice of Hospital Administration- Basic (MHA 105 CP)****University Exam**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the Internal Faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will be prepared for leadership roles in the hospital sector through imparting training in planning, operation by various departmental postings including orientation in the managerial aspects of clinical and support services.		
Students will develop critical thinking and skills of professional hospital administrator by taking initiative to analyze the program/activity		
<b>Hospital Teaching</b>		
a. Demonstrate competency in technical skills.	10	
<b>Independent Work by Student guided by faculty</b>		
a. Develop effective communication skills (verbally and through charting) with patients, team members, and family	2.5	
b. Identify intra and inter-professional team member roles and scopes of practice. Establish appropriate relationships with team members.	2.5	
<b>Hands on practical work in hospital by students</b>		
a. Protect confidentiality of electronic/manual hospital records data, information, and knowledge of technology in an ethical manner	2.5	
b. Managerial aspects through various departmental postings	05	
<b>Independent work by student</b>		
a. Demonstrate expected behaviors and complete tasks in a timely manner. Arrive at hospital at assigned times. Maintain Professional behavior and appearance	2.5	
b. Logbook	05	
<b>Project Report</b>		
a. Presentation	10	
b. Viva	05	
<b>Attendance</b>	05	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 marks</b>	
Sign of Internal Examiner: _____		
Sign of External Examiner: _____		

## 21.5: Checklist for Evaluation of Practice of Hospital Administration – Advanced (MHA 204 CP) University Exam

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the Internal faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will be prepared for leadership roles in the hospital sector through imparting multidimensional knowledge of the hospital. Students will develop critical thinking and skills of professional hospital administrator, its operation, facilities so that they can work in the areas of formulating policies, planning operational action plans, managing / supervising various departmental activities and audit process.		
<b>Hospital Teaching</b>		
a. Demonstrate competency in technical skills.	5	
<b>Independent Work by Student guided by faculty</b>		
a. Develop effective communication skills (verbally and through charting) with patients, team members, and family	2.5	
b. Identify intra and inter-professional team member roles and scopes of practice. Establish appropriate relationships with team members.	2.5	
<b>Hands on practical work in hospital by students</b>		
a. Protect confidentiality of electronic/manual hospital records data, information, and knowledge of technology in an ethical manner	2.5	
b. Self-directed learning through various departmental postings	05	
c. Various audit process undertaken in departmental postings	05	
<b>Independent work by student</b>		
a. Demonstrate expected behaviors and complete tasks in a timely manner. Arrive at hospital at assigned times. Maintain Professional behavior and appearance	2.5	
b. Projects / seminars / conferences / courses completed	05	
c. Logbook	05	
<b>Project Report</b>		
a. Presentation	05	
b. Viva	05	
<b>Attendance</b>	05	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 marks</b>	
Sign of Internal Examiner: _____		
Sign of External Examiner: _____		

**21.6: Checklist for Evaluation of Practice of Hospital Administration –Project (MHA 305 P)****UNIVERSITY EXAM**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the Internal faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will be prepared for leadership roles in the hospital sector through imparting multidimensional knowledge of the hospital. Students will develop critical thinking and skills of professional hospital administrator, its operation, facilities so that they can work in the areas of formulating policies, planning operational action plans, managing / supervising various departmental activities and audit process.		
<b>Hospital Teaching</b>		
a. Demonstrate competency in technical skills.	5	
<b>Independent Work by Student guided by faculty</b>		
a. Develop effective communication skills (verbally and through charting) with patients, team members, and family	2.5	
b. Identify intra and inter-professional team member roles and scopes of practice. Establish appropriate relationships with team members.	2.5	
<b>Hands on practical work in hospital by students</b>		
a. Protect confidentiality of electronic/manual hospital records data, information, and knowledge of technology in an ethical manner	05	
b. Self-directed learning and managerial aspects through various departmental postings	05	
a. Various audit process undertaken in departmental postings	05	
<b>Independent work by student</b>		
Demonstrate expected behaviors and complete tasks in a timely manner. Arrive at hospital at assigned times. Maintain professional behavior and appearance	05	
a. Projects / seminars / conferences / courses completed	10	
b. Logbook	10	
<b>Hospital Project</b>		
a. Presentation	30	
b. Viva	10	
<b>Attendance</b>	10	
<b>Total</b>	<b>100 marks</b>	
Sign of Internal Examiner: _____		
Sign of External Examiner: _____		

**21.7: Checklist for Evaluation of Practice of Public Health (Basic) MPH 105 CP University Exam****Name of the student:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_**Program:** \_\_\_\_\_**Semester:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Name of the Internal faculty/Observer:** \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will develop critical thinking and research skills , data analysis , documentation.		
<b>Topic</b>		
<b>The topic and the importance of topic are precise / Independent scientific thinking/originality</b>	2.5	
<b>Introduction &amp; Literature Review</b>		
1. Does the student present enough and relevant background on what is known on the topic, existing information gap, and importance of bridging that gap?	2.5	
2. Does the student cite enough, relevant literature properly to support the information presented?	2.5	
<b>Methods</b>		
1. Is there enough detail of what, when, where, and how the research was performed so that other researcher can repeat the method for similar studies?	2.5	
<b>Results</b>		
1. Are the results presented clearly, concisely, and in logical order for each objective, hypothesis, or research question (in case of multiple objectives, hypotheses, and/or research questions)?	5	
2. Are the Pictures, Figures, Tables, and any other artwork presented of high quality (legible, labelled properly, standing alone) and described and referred in the text properly?	5	
<b>Discussion</b>		
1. Is the discussion presented in a logical order for each objective, hypothesis, or research question (in case of multiple objectives, hypotheses, and/or research questions)?	2.5	
2. Does the student answer the research question(s), or accept or fail to accept null hypothesis(es) proposed for the study?	2.5	
3. Does the student relate the findings to relevant literature with proper citation?	2.5	
4. Does the student present satisfactory reasons for findings that are in disagreement with previously reported results in other literature?	2.5	
<b>Conclusions and other parts</b>		
Does the student draw reasonable conclusion(s) based on the research findings, and present implications of the findings? Are the conclusions of any utility to the scientific community, or any other stakeholders? Are the acknowledgements and cited references properly presented?	5	
<b>Overall Quality of Writing</b>		
Given the entire application, what is the overall assessment of the individual thesis?	5	
<b>Communication</b>		
In a cogent manner	5	
Using appropriate style	2.5	
By adequately defending the results orally	2.5	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 marks</b>	

Sign of Internal Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_

Sign of External Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_

**21.8: Checklist for Evaluation of Practice of Public Health (Advance) MPH 204 CP University Exam**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the internal faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will develop critical thinking and research skills, data analysis, documentation.		
<b>Topic</b>		
The topic and the importance of topic are precise / Independent scientific thinking/originality	2.5	
<b>Introduction &amp; Literature Review</b>		
1. Does the student present enough and relevant background on what is known on the topic, existing information gap, and importance of bridging that gap?	2.5	
2. Does the student cite enough, relevant literature properly to support the information presented?	2.5	
<b>Methods</b>		
1. Is there enough detail of what, when, where, and how the research was performed so that other researcher can repeat the method for similar studies?	2.5	
<b>Results</b>		
1. Are the results presented clearly, concisely, and in logical order for each objective, hypothesis, or research question (in case of multiple objectives, hypotheses, and/or research questions)?	5	
2. Are the Pictures, Figures, Tables, and any other artwork presented of high quality (legible, labelled properly, standing alone) and described and referred in the text properly?	5	
<b>Discussion</b>		
1. Is the discussion presented in a logical order for each objective, hypothesis, or research question (in case of multiple objectives, hypotheses, and/or research questions)?	2.5	
2. Does the student answer the research question(s), or accept or fail to accept null hypothesis(es) proposed for the study?	2.5	
3. Does the student relate the findings to relevant literature with proper citation?	2.5	
4. Does the student present satisfactory reasons for findings that are in disagreement with previously reported results in other literature?	2.5	
<b>Conclusions and other parts</b>		
Does the student draw reasonable conclusion(s) based on the research findings, and present implications of the findings? Are the conclusions of any utility to the scientific community, or any other stakeholders? Are the acknowledgements and cited references properly presented?	5	
<b>Overall Quality of Writing</b>		
Given the entire application, what is the overall assessment of the individual thesis?	5	
<b>Communication</b>		
In a cogent manner	5	
Using appropriate style	2.5	
By adequately defending the results orally	2.5	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50 marks</b>	

Sign of Internal Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_

Sign of External Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_



**21.9: Checklist for Evaluation of Practice of Public Health-Project (MPH 305P)**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Program: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_ Name of the internal faculty/Observer: \_\_\_\_\_

Core Competencies	Marks allotted	Marks obtained
Students will develop critical thinking abilities utilizing the healthpersonnel roles of problem solver and public health manager. Students will take initiative to analyse the program / activity and completes a project demonstrating the expertise in public health practice.		
<b>Field Teaching</b>		
a. Demonstrate competency in technical skills.	15	
<b>Independent Work by Student guided by faculty</b>		
a. Develop effective communication skills (verbally and through charting) with patients, team members, and family	05	
b. Identify intra and inter-professional team member roles and scopes of practice. Establish appropriate relationships with team members.	05	
<b>Hands on practical work by students</b>		
a. Protect confidentiality of electronic/manual health records data, information, and knowledge of technology in an ethical manner	05	
<b>Independent work by student</b>		
b. Demonstrate expected behaviors and complete tasks in a timely manner. Arrive to field experiences at assigned times. Maintain professional behavior and appearance and Logbook	20	
PROJECT REPORT	25	
<b>Viva</b>	20	
<b>Attendance</b>	05	
<b>Total</b>	<b>100 Marks</b>	
Sign of Internal Examiner: _____		
Sign of External Examiner: _____		

### 21.10: Scheme of Evaluation for MGMSBS for Subjects like Dissertation/ Project Work/ Report (Semester IV)

Evaluation parameter ( Semester IV)	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)	Semester End Evaluation (SEE)	
	Guide	Internal examiner	External examiner
Thesis preparation, Novelty, Overall Lab Work Culture	25	-	-
Dissertation/Project work book	25	25	25
Evaluation of thesis including Viva Voce	-	50	50
Total	50	75	75
<b>Overall Total = 200 Marks</b>			

### 22. Dissertation/ Project Work/ Report Evaluation Guidelines for PG courses:

The Dissertation allows the student to develop and display in-depth understanding of a theme in International Studies, as well as an in-depth understanding of the appropriate research tools, approaches and theories applicable to that theme. The dissertation should be based on a well-defined and clear research question of scholarly significance, and that the dissertation develops a theoretically and methodologically informed and evidence-based answer to that question.

#### Scheme of Evaluation for MGMSBS for Subjects like Dissertation/ Project Work/ Report:

The assignment of marks for Project/Dissertation is as follows:

##### Part I- III semester

As per proforma Point No. 20.9.

##### Part-II- IV semester

As per proforma Point No. 20.10 & 21.10.

### 23. Eligibility for award of degree

23.1 A candidate shall have passed in all the subjects of all semesters (I - VIII) including compulsory embedded internship (One Year) to be eligible for award of Under Graduate degree.

23.2 A candidate shall have passed in all the subjects of all semesters (I – IV) to be eligible for award of Post Graduate degree.

Resolution No. 3.24 of Academic Council (AC-51/2025):

Resolved to follow uniform grace mark guidelines as prescribed by MGMIHS (maximum upto 5 marks ), applicable to Under Graduate students of Biomedical Sciences , Physiotherapy , Prosthetic & Orthotics and Pharmacy . The guidelines as prescribed by the Indian Nursing Council to be followed for B.Sc. and M.Sc. Nursing examinations



# MGM INSTITUTE OF HEALTH SCIENCES

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

**Grade 'A<sup>++</sup>' Accredited by NAAC**

Sector-01, Kamothe, Navi Mumbai - 410209

Tel 022-27432471, 022-27432994, Fax 022-27431094

E-mail- [registrar@mgmuhs.com](mailto:registrar@mgmuhs.com) Website: [www.mgmuhs.com](http://www.mgmuhs.com)

